

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

Section 1. Identification

F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001
21069000B

: **Product identifier**
: **SDS code**

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

All other uses

Two component coating for interior use.

: **Product use**

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS
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France

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: **Importer**
: **e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS**
: **Emergency telephone number**

Section 2. Hazard identification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

: **Classification of the substance or mixture**

GHS label elements



: **Hazard pictograms**

Warning

: **Signal word**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022
Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022

Version : 2
1/13

Section 2. Hazard identification

Flammable liquid and vapor. : **Hazard statements**
 Causes skin irritation.
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 Causes serious eye irritation.
 May cause respiratory irritation.
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. : **Prevention**

Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. : **Response**
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. : **Storage**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. : **Disposal**

None known. : **Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : **Substance/mixture**
 Not available. : **Other means of identification**

CAS number	%	Ingredient name
78-92-2	≥10 - ≤25	butan-2-ol
61788-32-7	≤5	Terphenyl, hydrogenated
1314-13-2	≤3	zinc oxide
90640-67-8	<3	Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction
77-99-6	≤0.3	propylidynetrimethanol

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. : **Eye contact**

Section 4. First aid measures

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. : **Inhalation**
 If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. : **Skin contact**
 Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been : **Ingestion**
 swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation. : **Eye contact**
 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. : **Inhalation**
 Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : **Skin contact**
 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. : **Ingestion**

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Eye contact**
 pain or irritation
 watering
 redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Inhalation**
 respiratory tract irritation
 coughing
 nausea or vomiting
 headache
 drowsiness/fatigue
 dizziness/vertigo
 unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Skin contact**
 irritation
 redness

No specific data. : **Ingestion**

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. : **Notes to physician**
 The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

No specific treatment. : **Specific treatments**

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

: **Protection of first-aiders**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: **Suitable extinguishing media**

Do not use water jet.

: **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

: **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
phosphorus oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

: **Hazardous thermal decomposition products**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: **For non-emergency personnel**

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: **For emergency responders**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

: **Environmental precautions**

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. : **Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. : **Large spill**

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. : **Protective measures**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. : **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. : **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
<p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</p> <p>STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 48 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 19 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>	Terphenyl, hydrogenated

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: **Appropriate engineering controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: **Environmental exposure controls**

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

: **Hygiene measures**

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: **Eye/face protection**

Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: **Hand protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: **Body protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: **Other skin protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

: **Respiratory protection**

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Liquid.

: **Physical state**

Gray.

: **Color**

Characteristic.

: **Odor**

Not available.

: **Odor threshold**

Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

: **pH**

Not available.

: **Melting point/freezing point**

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Not available.

: Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

☑ Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Pensky-Martens]

: Flash point

Not available.

: Flammability

Not available.

: Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Vapor pressure

Vapor pressure at 50°C			Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Ingredient name
Method	kPa	mm Hg	Method	kPa	mm Hg	
				1.7	12.75	butan-2-ol
				0.13	0.99	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
				0.033	0.25	decamethylcyclopentasiloxane
			EU A.4	0.02	0.15	propane-1,2-diol
				<0.01	<0.075	aluminium hydroxide
			EU A.4	0.0075	0.056	2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol
			OECD 104	0.00035	0.0026	Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction
			EU A.4	0.000069	0.00052	triphenyl phosphite
			EPA OPPTS 830.7950	0	0	Terphenyl, hydrogenated
				0	0	Volatile, harmless liquid, n.o.s.
				0	0	propylidynetrimethanol
			EU A.4	0	0	29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper

☑ Not available.

: Relative vapor density

☑ 1.511 g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

: Density

Media	Result
☑ Cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

: Solubility(ies)

Not available.

: Solubility in water

☑ Not applicable.

: Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Method	°F	°C	Ingredient name
	536 to 878	280 to 470	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
	536 to 878	280 to 470	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.
EU A.16	672.8	356	29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper
	699.8	371	propane-1,2-diol
ASTM E 659-78	701.6	372	decamethylcyclopentasiloxane
	705.2	374	Terphenyl, hydrogenated

: Auto-ignition temperature

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

EU A.15	710.6	377	butan-2-ol
ASTM E 659	719.6	382	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol
EU A.15	723.2 to 728.6	384 to 387	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
EU A.15	>752	>400	triphenyl phosphite

Not available.

: **Decomposition temperature**

Kinematic (room temperature): 364 mm²/s (364 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

: **Viscosity**

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 101 mm²/s (101 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Particle characteristics

Not applicable.

: **Median particle size**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: **Reactivity**

The product is stable.

: **Chemical stability**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: **Conditions to avoid**

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials

: **Incompatible materials**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: **Hazardous decomposition products**

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
4 hours	8000 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	butan-2-ol
4 hours	48500 mg/m ³	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	
-	1067 mg/kg	Guinea pig	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
-	771 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
-	277 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
-	1193 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
-	764 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intravenous	
-	138 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Intravenous	
-	4893 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Oral	
-	4890 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Oral	
-	2193 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	Terphenyl, hydrogenated
-	2054 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	12500 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
-	17500 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	>24000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	>10000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	240 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
-	7950 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
-	13700 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
-	14000 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
-	14100 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	zinc oxide
-				propylidynetrimethanol

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022

Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022

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Section 11. Toxicological information

-	14000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral
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Irritation/Corrosion

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	0.1 Ml	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	butan-2-ol
-	24 hours 500 mg	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	zinc oxide
-	24 hours 500 mg	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Respiratory tract irritation	-	Category 3	butan-2-ol
Narcotic effects	-	Category 3	

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Not available.

: Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation.

: Eye contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

: Inhalation

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Skin contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

: Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation
watering
redness

: Eye contact

Section 11. Toxicological information

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

: Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

: Skin contact

No specific data.

: Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available.

: Potential immediate effects

Not available.

: Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Not available.

: Potential immediate effects

Not available.

: Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

: General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Reproductive toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	butan-2-ol
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	zinc oxide
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	propylidynetrimethanol

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022

Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022

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Section 12. Ecological information

96 hours	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water
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Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Potential	BCF	LogP _{ow}	Product/ingredient name
low	-	0.61	butan-2-ol
high	5200	-	Terphenyl, hydrogenated
high	28960	-	zinc oxide
low	-	-2.65	Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction
low	<1	-0.47	propylidynetrimethanol

Mobility in soil

Not available.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

No known significant effects or critical hazards.





: Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: Disposal methods

Section 14. Transport information

IATA	IMDG	UN	
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN number
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	UN proper shipping name
3 	3  	3 	Transport hazard class(es)
III	III	III	Packing group
Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Marine Pollutant(s): Terphenyl, hydrogenated, zinc oxide	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Environmental hazards

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 9-12-2022

Version : 2

Date of previous issue

: 6-10-2022

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Section 14. Transport information

Additional information

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2. : **UN**

Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ : **IMDG**

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.

IMDG Code Segregation group Not applicable

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. : **IATA**

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. : **Special precautions for user**

Not available. : **Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list

Not determined. : **Australia**

At least one component is not listed. : **Canada**

Not determined. : **China**

Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. : **Eurasian Economic Union**

Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. : **Japan**

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Not determined. : **New Zealand**

Not determined. : **Philippines**

Not determined. : **Republic of Korea**

Not determined. : **Taiwan**

Not determined. : **Thailand**

Not determined. : **Turkey**

All components are active or exempted. : **United States**

Not determined. : **Viet Nam**

Section 16. Other information

History

9 December 2022 : **Date of printing**

9 December 2022 : **Date of issue/Date of revision**

6 October 2022 : **Date of previous issue**

2 : **Version**

: **Unique ID**

Section 16. Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 N/A = Not available
 SGG = Segregation Group
 UN = United Nations

: Key to abbreviations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification	Classification
On basis of test data	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Calculation method	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Calculation method	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Calculation method	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Calculation method	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Calculation method	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Calculation method	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
Calculation method	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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