

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

FR2-55 MATT 4-8GU BASE BLACK OWENS 9249

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : FR2-55 MATT 4-8GU BASE BLACK OWENS 9249  
**SDS code** : 55729249B

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Waterborne paint. Professional use Industrial use

#### Uses advised against

All other uses

**Product use** : Waterborne coating for interior use.

### Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS  
 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098  
 09103 PAMIERS Cedex  
 France

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : PSRA\_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01  
 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

## 2. Hazards identification

**GHS Classification** : Not classified.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	Official Gazette notice reference number	
			CSCCL	ISHL
Carbon black, respirable powder	≤5.0	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222	Not available. (1)-548 2-(3)-509 (1)-357; (5)-5188 (2)-2424
silicon dioxide	≤3.0	7631-86-9	1-548	
titanium dioxide	≤3.0	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225	
diiron trioxide	≤3.0	1309-37-1	1-357; 5-5188	
2-butoxyethanol	<1.0	111-76-2	2-2424; 2-407; 7-97	

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 31-10-2022

**Version** : 1.03

**Date of previous issue** : 21-10-2022

1/9

## 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol	<b>ISHL (Japan, 10/2019).</b> TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. <b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2019). Absorbed through skin.</b> OEL-C: 97 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OEL-C: 20 ppm

### Individual protection measures

- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  
 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	: Black.
<b>Odor</b>	: Characteristic.
<b>pH</b>	: 8
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 105°C
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Highest known value: (Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether).
<b>Density</b>	: 1.269 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Kinematic (room temperature): 9.46 cm <sup>2</sup> /s Kinematic (40°C): 2.01 cm <sup>2</sup> /s

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	700 ppm	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	3380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	230 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	536 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-10-2022

Version : 1.03

Date of previous issue : 21-10-2022

4/9

## 11. Toxicological information

LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	220 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	1130 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	252 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Rat	307 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	1167 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit	300 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit	320 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mouse	1050 mg/kg	-
LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Rat	917 mg/kg	-

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2-butoxyethanol	500	1100	N/A	11	N/A

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
silicon dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25 mg	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

### Respiratory sensitization/Skin sensitization

Not available.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
		Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
		Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
		Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	2-butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water		Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours	
Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water		Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water		Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours	
Acute LC50 1490000 µg/l Fresh water		Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours	

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low

### Mobility in soil

: Not available.

### Hazardous to the ozone layer

: Not applicable.

### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may

## 13. Disposal considerations

retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## 15. Regulatory information

### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Specified flammables	Combustible liquid	Not applicable	Not applicable	2 m <sup>3</sup>

### ISHL

#### Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
carbon black, respirable powder	≤5.0	Listed	130
silicon dioxide	≤3.0	Listed	165-2
titanium dioxide	≤3.0	Listed	191
diiron trioxide	≤3.0	Listed	192

#### Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
2-butoxyethanol	<1.0	Listed	79
carbon black, respirable powder	≤5.0	Listed	130
silicon dioxide	≤3.0	Listed	165-2
titanium dioxide	≤3.0	Listed	191
diiron trioxide	≤3.0	Listed	192

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

## 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	<0.010	Monitoring	40
dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	≤0.10	Monitoring	41
2-butoxyethanol	<1.0	Priority assessment	109

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 2B

## 16. Other information

### History

**Date of printing** : 31 October 2022  
**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 31 October 2022  
**Date of previous issue** : 21 October 2022  
**Version** : 1.03  
**Unique ID** :

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 N/A = Not available  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 31-10-2022 **Version** : 1.03  
**Date of previous issue** : 21-10-2022 8/9



## 16. Other information

current prior to using the product.

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