

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1500-FR GLOSS BASE

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : 1500-FR GLOSS BASE SDS code : 12150700B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Paint. Professional use Ind	ustrial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.
Supplier's details	
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la l 09103 PAMIERS (France	•
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

number (with hours of	+33 (0)3 01 00 23 30
operation)	

Section 2. Hazards identification			
Classification of the substance or mixture		ION - Category 2 YE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSU) - Category 3	RE) (Narcotic effects) -
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Warning		
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye ir H336 - May cause drowsines H412 - Harmful to aquatic life 	ritation. s or dizziness.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1	
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazarda which do not	· None known

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	108-65-6
xylene	≥10 - <20	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	≤10	123-86-4
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤5	54839-24-6
ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1	41556-26-7
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	≤0.7	82919-37-7
toluene	≤0.3	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	<u>ary first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	_
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without s Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotect entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut o No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing v Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator whe inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	ted personnel from ff all ignition sources. apor or mist. n ventilation is
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. S information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with s drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the produc environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantitie	t has caused polluting material.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if wa Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry mate appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed contractor.	ter-soluble. erial and place in an
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Presewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash speffluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and coll combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or and place in container for disposal according to local regulation Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminer material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Not emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal	revent entry into pillages into an lect spillage with non- diatomaceous earth s (see Section 13). ated absorbent te: see Section 1 for
Date of issue/Date of revision		:1-10-2022 Version :1	

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1-10-2022Version: 1Date of previous issue: No previous validation4/14



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
xylene	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).		
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).		
-	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).		
,	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
toluene	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).		
	CEIL: 300 ppm		
	STEL: 500 ppm 10 minutes.		
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.		

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Colorless.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 30°C	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Low	er: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	: Not available.	
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 4.6 (A Weighted average: 3.83 (A	Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). ir = 1)
Relative density	: Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following ma	aterials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version :1

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: No previous validation



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 1.79 cm ² /s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm ² /s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	400 ppm	24 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	30000 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	19900 mg/m ³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
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0			
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14100 uL/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	500 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	59 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1332 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1960 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mouse	2 g/kg	-
LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Rat	6900 mg/kg	-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	2250 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ace	tate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene		Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate		Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl aceta	te	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene		Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	/si	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
<u>Delayed and immediate effec</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate		and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
•			-
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris	48 hours
		subglobosa	10
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Aguta LCE0 8500 ug/LMaring water	pugio - Adult Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	pugio	40 110015
	Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -	96 hours
	Acute 2000 10700 µg/11 tesh water	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	10.1
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
	Acute ECEO 12.2 mm// Marine water	Nauplii	10 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister -	48 hours
		Zoea	
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	10
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales prometas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
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	subcapitata	
Acute EC50 16500 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
	pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
	pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
Acute EC50 6.88 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Neonate	
Acute EC50 6.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Neonate	
Acute EC50 19600 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Larvae	
Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
	Weanling)	
Acute EC50 6780 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
	Weanling)	40.1
Acute LC50 15.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	pugio - Adult	40.1
Acute LC50 15500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Acute LOEO EG 2 mmm Marine water	pugio	10 h a una
Acute LC50 56.3 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis	48 hours
Acuta LOEO 96.2 mg/L Freeh water	bahia Danknia Danknia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 86.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 nours
Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water	Neonate Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch -	96 hours
Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fry	90 110015
Acute LC50 6410 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha	96 hours
Acute LCOU 04 10 µg/I Maille Water	- Fry	30 110015
Acute LC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute LC50 6780 μ g/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
	Weanling)	
Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	- spinis Dapinia nagia	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene n-butyl acetate	3.12 2.3	8.1 to 25.9 -	low low
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.76	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
toluene	2.73	90	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш		Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E,	S-E
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Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product
 : Notification of Ministry of Industry: Hazard classification and Communication system for Hazardous Substances (B.E. 2555) (2012)

 Ministerial Regulation on the Prescribing of Standard for Administrator, Management and Performance of Occupational Safety, Health and Environmental in relation to Harmful Chemicals B.E. 2556 (2013)

 Harmful Chemicals List
 : Listed

 International regulations

 Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

 Not listed.

 Montreal Protocol



Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6 October 2022
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1 October 2022
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version :1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	13/14	AkzoNobel

Section 16. Other information

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