

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1500-FR HARDENER

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier: 1500-FR HARDENERSDS code: 12150700D

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Paint. Professional use Industr	Paint. Professional use Industrial use			
	Uses advised against			
All other uses				
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.			
Supplier's details				
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijo 09103 PAMIERS Cec France				
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30			

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	•
	•

Signal word

: Danger



# Section 2. Hazards identification

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

## result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	≥25 - ≤50	28182-81-2	
ethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	141-78-6	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	108-65-6	
n-butyl acetate	≤10	123-86-4	
xylene	<10	1330-20-7	
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

: Not applicable.

Chemical formula

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## Section 4. First aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion :	No specific data.

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.</li> </ul>
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
⊭thyl acetate n-butyl acetate		Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 1440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 400 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 200 ppm 15 minutes.
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	PEL (long term): 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEL (long term): 150 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act
	(Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene]
	PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act
	(Singapore, 2/2006).
	PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

controls controls comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	ea Aj Co co	ating, smoking and using th ppropriate techniques shou ontaminated work clothing	ne lavatory and at the end uld be used to remove po should not be allowed ou e reusing. Ensure that ey	dling chemical products, before d of the working period. tentially contaminated clothing. ut of the workplace. Wash yewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection	as ga ur	ssessment indicates this is ases or dusts. If contact is	necessary to avoid expo possible, the following p	I should be used when a risk sure to liquid splashes, mists, rotection should be worn, protection: chemical splash
Skin protection				
Hand protection	be th ch sh di se	e worn at all times when ha is is necessary. Consideri neck during use that the glo nould be noted that the tim	andling chemical products ng the parameters specif oves are still retaining the e to breakthrough for any nanufacturers. In the cas	glove material may be se of mixtures, consisting of
Body protection	be be we	eing performed and the risl	<ul> <li>involved and should be</li> <li>When there is a risk of othing. For the greatest p</li> </ul>	ignition from static electricity, protection from static
Other skin protection	se	ppropriate footwear and ar elected based on the task I oproved by a specialist bef	being performed and the	risks involved and should be
Respiratory protection	ap re	opropriate standard or cert	fication. Respirators mu	ct a respirator that meets the st be used according to a g, training, and other important
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Colorless.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Ølosed cup: 17°C (62.6°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.

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#### Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		Vapor pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethyl acetate	81.59	10.9				
toluene	23.17	3.1				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36				
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.01	0.0013				
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.01	0.0013				
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	0.000018	0.0000024	EU A.4			
dibutyltin dilaurate	0.000000058	0.000000077	OECD 104			

Density

: Not applicable.

:

Solubility(ies)

: 7.021 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [DIN EN ISO 2811-1] :

Media Result cold water Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

## Partition coefficient: n-

#### octanol/water

## Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4		
dibutyltin dilaurate	400	752	EU A.15	
n-butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15	
ethyl acetate	426.67	800		
xylene	432	809.6		
ethylbenzene	432.22	810		
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Section 9. Physica	al and c	hemical	properties	
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate		454	849.2	
toluene		480	896	
Decomposition temperature	: Not avail	able.		
Viscosity				1 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219] t) [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics				
Median particle size	: Not appli	cable.		
Section 10. Stabil	ity and I	reactivity	/	
Reactivity	: No spec	ific test data r	elated to reactivity av	ailable for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The proc	luct is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under no	ormal conditio	ns of storage and us	e, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid		•	<b>e</b>	c or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, ers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials		or incompati materials	ble with the following	materials:
Hazardous decomposition products SADT		ot be produce	5	e, hazardous decomposition products

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute	toxicitv

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
diisocyanate, oligomers			-	
ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1600 ppm	8 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	45 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	709 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4.1 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4935 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
, ,	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

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	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

## Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 87 mg	_
Xyiene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	mg 8 hours 60 Ul	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-

## Sensitization

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## <u>Teratogenicity</u>

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

## Aspiration hazard

Name		Result
xylene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylber	Izene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects	È				
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central ne cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cau			May
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS	S) depre	ession.	
Symptoms related to the phy	vsio	al, chemical and toxicological charact	teristics	2	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the follo pain or irritation watering redness	owing:		
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the follor respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	owing:		
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the follo irritation redness	owing:		
Ingestion	:	No specific data.			
Delaved and immediate effect	:ts	and also chronic effects from short an	nd lona i	term exposure	
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>			
Not available.					
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reacti to very low levels.	ion may	occur when subsequently	exposed
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical ha	nazards.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical ha	nazards.		
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
		•	•
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 175000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 560000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 295000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Acute LC50 484000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 425300 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	oo nouro
	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
			96 hours
u de me	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
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# Section 12. Ecological information

gical information		
Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

## Persistence/degradability

Not available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 -	low low

## Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

## **Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	Disposal of this product with the requirements of any regional local author products via a licensed untreated to the sewer with jurisdiction. Waste should only be conside container must be disp emptied containers that liners may retain some highly flammable or ex- grind used containers to	te should be avoided or minimized when t, solutions and any by-products should of environmental protection and waste of ority requirements. Dispose of surplus waste disposal contractor. Waste sho unless fully compliant with the requirem e packaging should be recycled. Incine red when recycling is not feasible. This osed of in a safe way. Care should be t have not been cleaned or rinsed out. product residues. Vapor from product plosive atmosphere inside the containe unless they have been cleaned thoroug terial and runoff and contact with soil, w	at all times comply disposal legislation and and non-recyclable uld not be disposed of nents of all authorities tration or landfill s material and its taken when handling Empty containers or residues may create a r. Do not cut, weld or hly internally. Avoid
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## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

- Additional information
- : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, \_S-E\_ <u>MDG Code Segregation group</u> Not applicable

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and<br/>environmental regulations: SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and<br/>dangerous goods.specific for the product: SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and<br/>dangerous goods.

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

Ingredient name	Status
Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Listed

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 9 December 2022		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 9 December 2022		
Date of previous issue	: 1 October 2022		
Version	: 1.01		
Unique ID	:		
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available</li> </ul>		
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# Section 16. Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Category 3	

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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