

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

A1000 HARDENER

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: A1000 HARDENER
SDS code	: 1210000D

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Paint. Professional use Industrial use	
Industrial applications, Professional applications.	
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for exterior use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS	
10, Avenue de la Rij	ole CS30098
09103 PAMIERS Ce	
France	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Original preparation date	: 10/1/2022

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number	: Zehir Danışma Merkezi-UZEM-Ankara- : 114
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
Hours of operation	:

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-11/12/2013-28848

Fam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-11/12/2013-28848.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Date of revision

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<b>SECTION 2: Hazards</b>	ic	lentification
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	:	IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	ethyl acetate
		n-butyl acetate
		Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
		4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene
		hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Supplemental label elements	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG11/12/2013-28848	Туре
ethyl acetate n-butyl acetate	EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50 ≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Date of revision	:9-12-2022 <b>C</b>	Driginal preparatio	n date : 1-10-2022 Version	: 2.01 2/16

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<b>SECTION 3: Compos</b>	ition/informa	tion on ir	ngredients	
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	EC: 223-810-8 CAS: 4083-64-1 Index: 615-012-00-7	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH014	[1]
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index: 615-011-00-1	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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SECTION 4: First aid	d measures
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
4.2 Most important symptor	ns and effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
13 Indication of any immed	liate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
-	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	แบบ เม่ยสอนไขอ
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

media

Date of revision         : 9-12-2022         Original preparation date	:1-10-2022	<b>Version</b> : 2.01 4/16
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<b>SECTION 5: Firefight</b>	ing measures
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materials for	r c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### <u>Danger criteria</u>

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<mark>∉t</mark> hyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<b>TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Date of revision : 9-12-202	2 Original preparation date : 1-10-2022 Version : 2.01 6/16

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SECTION 8: Exposure	e controls	/personal protect	ion			
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hou STEL: 550 mg/m³ 1	irs. 5 minutes.			
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate		TR ISGGM OEL (Tur TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 TWA: 50 ppm 8 hou STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. <b>TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.			
		ACGIH TLV (United	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere of the ventil protective e the following the assess limit values atmosphere of exposure (Workplace for the mea	ict contains ingredients wit or biological monitoring n ation or other control meas quipment. Reference sho g: European Standard EN nent of exposure by inhala and measurement strateg es - Guide for the application to chemical and biological atmospheres - General re- surement of chemical age for methods for the determ	nay be required to sures and/or the ne uld be made to mo 689 (Workplace a stion to chemical ag y) European Stan on and use of proc al agents) Europea equirements for the nts) Reference to	determine the effectivene ecessity to use respirator onitoring standards, such tmospheres - Guidance gents for comparison with dard EN 14042 (Workpla edures for the assessme an Standard EN 482 e performance of procedu national guidance		
.2 Exposure controls						
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation contaminar controls als	ith adequate ventilation. L or other engineering contro nts below any recommend to need to keep gas, vapo mits. Use explosion-proof	ols to keep worker ed or statutory limi r or dust concentra	exposure to airborne ts. The engineering ations below any lower		
Individual protection measur	res					
Hygiene measures	before eati Appropriate Contamina contaminat	ds, forearms and face thor ng, smoking and using the e techniques should be us ted work clothing should n ted clothing before reusing e close to the workstation	e lavatory and at the ed to remove poter ot be allowed out o . Ensure that eyew	e end of the working peri ntially contaminated cloth of the workplace. Wash		
Eye/face protection	assessmer gases or di	wear complying with an ap nt indicates this is necessa usts. If contact is possible assessment indicates a hi	iry to avoid exposu , the following prot	re to liquid splashes, mis ection should be worn,		
Skin protection						
Hand protection	be worn at this is nece check durir should be r different fo	esistant, impervious glove all times when handling ch essary. Considering the pa ng use that the gloves are noted that the time to brea r different glove manufactu ostances, the protection time	nemical products if arameters specified still retaining their kthrough for any gl urers. In the case	a risk assessment indica d by the glove manufactu protective properties. It love material may be of mixtures, consisting of		
Body protection	being perfo before han wear anti-s discharges European \$	rotective equipment for the ormed and the risks involve dling this product. When t tatic protective clothing. F , clothing should include a Standard EN 1149 for furth nts and test methods.	ed and should be a here is a risk of igr or the greatest pro nti-static overalls, I	pproved by a specialist nition from static electrici otection from static boots and gloves. Refer		
Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Original preparation date	: 1-10-2022	<b>Version</b> : 2.01		

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection				
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.

#### : Ølosed cup: 18°C (64.4°F) [Pensky-Martens]

#### Auto-ignition temperature

Flash point

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Primethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	
n-butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15
ethyl acetate	426.67	800	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	432	809.6	
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	454	849.2	
chlorobenzene	590	1094	

#### **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

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: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

#### : Kinematic (room temperature): 11 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C): 6 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

#### Solubility(ies)

Viscosity

pН

	Media	Result	
	cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]	
	artition coefficient: n-octanol/ : vater	Not applicable.	
V	apor pressure :		

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

		D				
	V	apor Pressu	re at 20 C	Vapor pressure at		sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethyl acetate	81.59	10.9				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
chlorobenzene	8.8	1.2				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36				
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.01	0.0013				
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.01	0.0013				
tosyl chloride	0.00098	0.00013				
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	0.00019	0.000025				
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	0.000018	0.0000024	EU A.4			

- Density Vapor density <u>Particle characteristics</u> Median particle size
- : 0.951 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]
- : Not available.

#### : Not applicable.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	;
ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1600 ppm	8 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	45 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	709 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5.5 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4.1 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4100 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4935 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-	
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te of revision	: 9-12-2022 Original prepar	ation date : 1-10-2	2022	Version : 2.01	9/10

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	3 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m³	2 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
mists			
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	775 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours
mists		C C	
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	462 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
mists		Ũ	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	570 uL/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Rat	710 uĽ/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	LC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLC50 Inhalation VaporMouseLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 OralGuinea pigLD50 OralMouseLD50 OralRabbitLD50 OralRabbitLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRatmistsRatLC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRatLD50 IntraperitonealRatLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRatLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRatmistsLC50 Inhalation Dusts andLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRatmistsLC50 Inhalation Dusts andLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 IntravenousMouseLD50 OralMouse	LC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat390 ppmLC50 Inhalation VaporMouse6 g/m³LD50 DermalRabbit>17600 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1230 mg/kgLD50 OralGuinea pig4700 mg/kgLD50 OralMouse6 g/kgLD50 OralMouse6 g/kgLD50 OralRabbit3200 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10768 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10768 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRat18500 mg/m³mistsRat5000 ppmLD50 IntraperitonealRat2234 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealRat124 mg/m³LD50 Inhalation Dusts andRat124 mg/m³mistsLC50 Inhalation Dusts andRat570 uL/kgLD50 DermalRabbit570 uL/kgLD50 DermalRabbit5600 µg/kgLD50 IntravenousMouse350 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

- - - -	100 mg 24 hours 500 mg 100 mg 500 mg 87 mg 24 hours 5	- - - -
	mg 100 mg 500 mg 87 mg	-
	500 mg 87 mg	-
	87 mg	-
-		-
-	24 hours 5	-
	mg	
-	8 hours 60 UI	-
-	100 %	-
-	24 hours 500 mg	-
-	100 UI	-
-	24 hours 500 UI	-
_	- - -	- 24 hours 500 mg - 100 UI - 24 hours 500

Sensitization	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxic	ity (single exposure)

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	No specific data.

#### <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	:	Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours
	Acute LC50 175000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 560000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 295000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Acute LC50 484000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 425300 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Hexamethylene	5.54	367.7	low
diisocyanate, oligomers			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.02	57.63	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of Disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.<br/>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br/>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation<br/>and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-<br/>recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be<br/>disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of<br/>all authorities with jurisdiction.

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Driginal preparation date : 1-10-2	022 Version : 2.01 13

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Mixtures A1000 HARDENER			
SECTION 14:	Transport inform	nation	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	Ш	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informa	ation		· · · ·
ADR/RID		provisions 640 (C) ode (D/E)	
IMDG	: Emergen	<u>cy schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>de Segregation group</u> Not ap	oplicable
14.7 Transport in bulk       : Not available.         according to IMO       instruments			
SECTION 15:	Regulatory infor	mation	
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 30105 sayılı, Kimyasalların Kaydı, Değerlendirilmesi, İzni ve Kısıtlanması Hakkında Yönetmelik. 28733 sayılı, Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik. 28730 sayılı, Kanserojen ve Mutajen Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik. 6331 sayılı, İş Sağlığı ve Güvenliği Kanunu. 29314 sayılı, Atık Yönetimi Yönetmeliği.			
Seveso Directive			
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.			
Danger criteria			
Category			
P5c			
Regulation 30105	KKDIK		
-	t of substances subject	t to authorization	
Annex XIV			
None of the components are listed.			
Substances of very high concern			
None of the components are listed.			

None of the components are listed.

KKDIK, Annex XVII -Restrictions on the Manufacture, Place on the Market and Use of Certain Hazardous Substances, Mixtures and Articles

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### National inventory

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-11/12/2013-28848

Classification	Justification
Mam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
-	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if
	inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH014	Reacts violently with water.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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<b>SECTION 16: Other</b>	information	
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Resp. Sens. 1		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
		Category 3
Date of printing	: 9 December 202	22
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 9 December 202	22
Date of previous issue	: 6 October 2022	
Version	: 2.01	

Unique ID

Contact information of certified author

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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