

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

A1000 SEMI-GLOSS BASE MELON YELLOW RAL 1028

### **Section 1. Identification**

# GHS product identifier SDS code

: A1000 SEMI-GLOSS BASE MELON YELLOW RAL 1028 : 12801028B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for exterior use.	
Supplier's details		
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la 09103 PAMIERS France	a Rijole CS30098	
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 substance or mixture : SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Warning		
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and H336 - May cause drowsiness		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: P210 - Keep away from heat, P241 - Use explosion-proof el P242 - Use non-sparking tools P243 - Take action to prevent P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.	ectrical, ventilating or lighting s. static discharges.	
Response	: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: 0	Call a POISON CENTER or do	octor if you feel unwell.
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage

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Disposal
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: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Continue 2 Composition/information on

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	54839-24-6
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
xylene	≤3	1330-20-7
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives	<1	104810-48-2
Polymeric Benzotriazole	<1	104810-47-1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1	41556-26-7
4-methylpentan-2-one	≤0.3	108-10-1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	≤0.3	85203-81-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**Chemical formula** 

: Not applicable.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	<u>rst aid measures</u>		
Eye contact		n plenty of water, occasionally lif nove any contact lenses. Contin ntion if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	If it is suspected that fumes mask or self-contained bre or if respiratory arrest occu personnel. It may be dang resuscitation. Get medical If unconscious, place in rec	and keep at rest in a position co s are still present, the rescuer sh athing apparatus. If not breathir rs, provide artificial respiration o erous to the person providing aid attention. If necessary, call a p covery position and get medical cosen tight clothing such as a c	ould wear an appropriate ng, if breathing is irregular r oxygen by trained d to give mouth-to-mouth bison center or physician. attention immediately.
Skin contact		th plenty of water. Remove con on if symptoms occur. Wash clo fore reuse.	
Ingestion	and keep at rest in a position swallowed and the exposed drink. Stop if the exposed induce vomiting unless direct the head should be kept low attention. If necessary, cal mouth to an unconscious p	r. Remove dentures if any. Rer on comfortable for breathing. If d person is conscious, give sma person feels sick as vomiting ma octed to do so by medical person w so that vomit does not enter th a poison center or physician. N erson. If unconscious, place in ely. Maintain an open airway. L band.	material has been Il quantities of water to ay be dangerous. Do not anel. If vomiting occurs, ne lungs. Get medical Never give anything by recovery position and get
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# Section 4. First aid measures

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	mptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>

Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
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**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)	

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.



# Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency proceduresFor non-emergency<br/>personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br/>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br/>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br/>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br/>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br/>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any<br/>information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the<br/>information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
	drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
	environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective Avoid contact with eyes, skin and cloth with adequate ventilation. Wear appro- inadequate. Do not enter storage area ventilated. Keep in the original contain compatible material, kept tightly closed heat, sparks, open flame or any other i (ventilating, lighting and material handli Take precautionary measures against retain product residue and can be haze	ing. Avoid breathing vapor of priate respirator when ventile is and confined spaces unles er or an approved alternative when not in use. Store and gnition source. Use explosion ing) equipment. Use only no electrostatic discharges. En	or mist. Use only ation is ss adequately e made from a d use away from on-proof electrical on-sparking tools. npty containers
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be handled, stored and processed. Worke eating, drinking and smoking. Remove equipment before entering eating areas information on hygiene measures.	ers should wash hands and e contaminated clothing and	face before protective
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.		
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
n-butyl acetate	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 200 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 150 ppm 8 hours.	
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 75 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection meas	<u>′es</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with	

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

side-shields.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Yellow.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:	Not available.
boiling range		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 35°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 2.74 (Air = 1)
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 8.83 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data rela	ted to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions	of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	•	s of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, wel or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products SADT	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	,			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
, . , .	,			UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

### Sensitization

Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

### <u>Mutagenicity</u>

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>			
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.	
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (Cl dizziness.	NS) depression.	May cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.	
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (Cl	NS) depression.	
Symptoms related to the phy	/si	cal, chemical and toxicological chara	cteristics	
Eye contact	:	No specific data.		
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the for nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	llowing:	
Skin contact	:	No specific data.		
Ingestion	:	No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short a	and long term e	xposure
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ecte	2
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 537000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**



# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.76	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	-	60960	high

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No k

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	tion		+
UN	: <u>Viscous liqui</u>	i <b>d exception</b> This class 3 viscou	is liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E, \_S-E\_



# Section 14. Transport information

<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and : environmental regulations specific for the product

: SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous goods.

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 1 October 2022
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
0,	On basis of test data Calculation method

### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are

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# Section 16. Other information

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