

SAFETY DATA SHEET

A1500-M GLOSS BASE WHITE FS 17875

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : A1500-M GLOSS BASE WHITE FS 17875

SDS code

: 13947875B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Inc	Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against		
All other uses			
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for exterior use.		
Supplier's details			
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la 09103 PAMIERS France			
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 substance or mixture : SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Warning		
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and H336 - May cause drowsiness		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. 		
Response	: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: C	Call a POISON CENTER or do	octor if you feel unwell.
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage

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Disposal
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: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	54839-24-6
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤5	108-65-6
xylene	≤3	1330-20-7
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives	<1	104810-48-2
4-methylpentan-2-one	<1	108-10-1
Polymeric Benzotriazole	<1	104810-47-1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1	41556-26-7
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	≤0.3	85203-81-2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.3	77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Chemical formula

: Not applicable.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of pacesary first aid massures

Eye contact :	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of w eyelids. Check for and remove any cor minutes. Get medical attention if irritati	ntact lenses. Continue to rin	
Inhalation :	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact :	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion :	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
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Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

<u>r otentiai acute nealth ene</u>		
Eye contact	No known significant	effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	Can cause central ne lizziness.	ervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	No known significant	effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	Can cause central ne	ervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>		
Eye contact	lo specific data.	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms r nausea or vomiting neadache Irowsiness/fatigue Iizziness/vertigo Inconsciousness	nay include the following:
Skin contact	No specific data.	
Ingestion	lo specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	attention and spec	al treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	,	ly. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatmen	t.
Protection of first-aiders	s suspected that fun	ken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it nes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate ed breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , wat	er spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		. Runoff to sewer may create fi sure increase will occur and the plosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products ma carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	y include the following materials	S:
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action sha	by removing all persons from the all be taken involving any perso tainers from fire area if this can e-exposed containers cool.	nal risk or without
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		propriate protective equipment) with a full face-piece operated	
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See toxicological information (Section 11)



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective Avoid contact with eyes, skin and cloth with adequate ventilation. Wear appro inadequate. Do not enter storage area ventilated. Keep in the original contain compatible material, kept tightly closed heat, sparks, open flame or any other i (ventilating, lighting and material handle Take precautionary measures against retain product residue and can be haze	ing. Avoid breathing vapor of priate respirator when ventile is and confined spaces unles er or an approved alternative when not in use. Store and gnition source. Use explosi- ing) equipment. Use only no electrostatic discharges. En	or mist. Use only ation is ss adequately e made from a d use away from on-proof electrical on-sparking tools. npty containers
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be handled, stored and processed. Worke eating, drinking and smoking. Remove equipment before entering eating areas information on hygiene measures.	ers should wash hands and e contaminated clothing and	face before protective
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulation area. Store in original container protect ventilated area, away from incompatible drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ig materials. Keep container tightly close that have been opened must be careful leakage. Do not store in unlabeled cor avoid environmental contamination. So before handling or use.	eted from direct sunlight in a e materials (see Section 10) gnition sources. Separate fro d and sealed until ready for Ily resealed and kept upright ntainers. Use appropriate co	dry, cool and well-) and food and om oxidizing use. Containers t to prevent ontainment to
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
n-butyl acetate	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 200 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 150 ppm 8 hours.	
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 307 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 75 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection meas	Ires	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, misk gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn,	

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with

side-shields.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	White.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:	Not available.
boiling range		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 2.56 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.298 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 1.93 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data relate	ed to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of	of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid		of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, r expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
SADT	: Not available.
products	should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Mouse	13700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	14000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 537000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours
	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.



Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.76	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	-	60960	high
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information UN IMDG ΙΑΤΑ **UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 PAINT **UN proper** PAINT PAINT shipping name Transport hazard 3 3 3 class(es) Packing group Ш ш ш No. **Environmental** No. No. hazards **Additional information**

IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and : SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous goods. specific for the product

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 1 November 2022
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Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
0	On basis of test data Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of

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Section 16. Other information

experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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