

SAFETY DATA SHEET

A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE GREEN OTAN IR 24X5CN/6713

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE GREEN OTAN IR 24X5CN/6713 : 13826713B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| | Identified uses | |
|--|--|--|
| Paint. Professional use Industrial use | | |
| | Uses advised against | |
| All other uses | | |
| Product use | : Solvent borne coating for exterior use. | |
| Supplier's details | | |
| MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la R 09103 PAMIERS C France | | |
| e-mail address | : PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com | |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30 | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

 Classification of the substance or mixture
 : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms



| Warning |
|---|
| H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. |
| |

Precautionary statements



Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention | : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. |
|------------|---|
| | P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. |
| | P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. |
| | P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. |
| | P242 - Use non-sparking tools. |
| | P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. |
| | P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. |
| Response | P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. |
| Storage | P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool. |
| Disposal | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≥10 - ≤25 | 54839-24-6 |
| n-butyl acetate | ≤10 | 123-86-4 |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≤5 | 108-65-6 |
| xylene | ≤3 | 1330-20-7 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | ≤3 | 108-10-1 |
| Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives | <1 | 104810-48-2 |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole | <1 | 104810-47-1 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | <1 | 41556-26-7 |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | ≤0.3 | 82919-37-7 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Chemical formula

: Not applicable.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |



| Section 4. F | First | aid | measures |
|--------------|-------|-----|----------|
|--------------|-------|-----|----------|

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Most important symptoms/e | <u>cts, acute and delayed</u> | |
|---------------------------------|---|-----|
| Potential acute health effe | | |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | |
| Skin contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u> | <u>ms</u> | |
| Eye contact | No specific data. | |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | |
| Skin contact | No specific data. | |
| Ingestion | No specific data. | |
| Indication of immediate me | al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. | |
| Desta attant of flood at dama | . Note that the second s | • • |

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | | | |
|--|---|--|-----------|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. | | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | | Runoff to sewer may create fire ure increase will occur and the co losion. | |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides | y include the following materials: | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1-10-2022 | Version : 1 | |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | 3/12 | AkzoNobel |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
|---|---|--|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | iv | e equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
|--|---|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|----------------------|---|
| n-butyl acetate | Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 200 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 307 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 75 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
safety showers are close to the workstation location.

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1-10-2022 | Version : 1 | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | 5/12 | AkzoNobel |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
|------------------------|---|
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | | | |
|---|-----|--|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. | | |
| Color | : | Green. | | |
| Odor | : | Characteristic. | | |
| Odor threshold | : | Not available. | | |
| рН | : | Not available. | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | Not available. | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | Not available. | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 28°C | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. | | |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : | Greatest known range: Lower: 1% l | Jpper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1- | methylethyl acetate) |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. | | |
| Vapor density | | Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) Weighted average: 2.33 (Air = 1) | (2-methoxy-1-methylethy | acetate). |
| Density | : | 1.335 g/cm³ | | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | Insoluble in the following materials: | cold water. | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : | Not available. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | | |
| Viscosity | | Kinematic (room temperature): 7.49 Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s | cm²/s | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : ' | 1-10-2022 | Version :1 | |
| Date of previous issue | :1 | No previous validation | 6/12 | AkzoNobel |
| | | | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |
| SADT | : Not available. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 390 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | 6 g/m ³ | 2 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1230 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 4700 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 6 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 3200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10768 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6700 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6670 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1548 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1548 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 2459 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 2119 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Subcutaneous | Rat | 1700 mg/kg | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | 800 mg/kg | - |
| 2.1 | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 268 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 1600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 1900 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 2850 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2080 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4600 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion



Section 11. Toxicological information

| | • | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
| n-butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| - | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 UI | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | | | UI | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-butyl acetate | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| | Name | Result |
|---|--------|--------------------------------|
| Ī | xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

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|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Potential acute health effects | | | | |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervou dizziness. | s system (CNS) depression. | May cause drowsiness or | |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effect | cts or critical hazards. | | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervou | s system (CNS) depression. | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1-10-2022 | Version : 1 | | |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | 8/12 | AkzoNobel | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

<u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

| enere term expectate | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health ef | fects |
| Not available. | |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u> | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| n-butyl acetate | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| xylene | Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Carassius auratus | 96 hours |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1-10-2022 | Version :1 | |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | 9/12 | AkzoNobel |

Section 12. Ecological information

| | logical information | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--------------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo | 21 days 33 days |

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|-------------|------------------|------------|
| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 0.76 | - | low |
| n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 2.3 1.2 | - | low low |
| xylene 4-methylpentan-2-one | 3.12 1.9 | 8.1 to 25.9 - | low low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | | UN | IMD | 3 | | ΙΑΤΑ |
|----------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|------------|--------|----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | | UN1263 | | UN1263 | |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | | PAINT | | PAINT | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of rev | ision | : 1-10-2022 | | Version :1 | | Alexa Marka al |
| Date of previous issue | | : No previous validation | | 10/12 | | AkzoNobel |

Section 14. Transport information

| Section 14. Transport information | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | | Ш |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | | | |

| <u>Additional information</u> | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| UN | : | <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1. |
| IMDG | : | Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. |
| Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Transport in bulk according | : | Not available. |

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Safety, health and environmental regulations | : SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous goods. |
|---|--|
| specific for the product | |
| | |

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

Section 16. Other information

| History | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 1 November 2022 |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 1 October 2022 |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation |
| Version | : 1 |
| Unique ID | : |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |
| Dressedure used to derive t | he election |

Procedure used to derive the classification



Section 16. Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|---|---|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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