

SAFETY DATA SHEET

AEROPRIM 530 BASE SAND YELLOW

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

Section 1. Che	Section 1. Chemical product and company identification			
A. Product name	: AEROPRIM 530 BASE SAND YELLOW			
SDS code	: 21530000B			
B. Relevant identified	uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
	Identified uses			
rofessional use Industrial use				
	Uses advised against			
All other uses				
Product use	Product use : Solvent borne primer			
C. Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France				

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
number (with hours of	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
operation)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Symbol	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwel P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for severa minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

not result in classification

: Mixture

Ingredient name		Common name	Identifiers	%
strontium chromate		Strontium chromate, pure	CAS: 7789-06-2	≥25 - ≤30
xylene		xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤15
1-methoxy-2-propanol		1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS: 107-98-2	≤10
Talc , not containing asbestifo	rm fibres	talc (non-asbestos form)	CAS: 14807-96-6	≤10
titanium dioxide		Titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10
butan-1-ol		butan-1-ol	CAS: 71-36-3	≤5
ethylbenzene		ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	≤5
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

barium chromate	Barium chromate, pure	CAS: 10294-40-3	≤5
toluene	toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	≤5
Formaldehyde, solution	formaldehyde%	CAS: 50-00-0	≤5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
В.	Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
D.	Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
E.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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A.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
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Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

B. Environmental precautions
 Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe handling		
	Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
В.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
strontium chromate		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).	
		TWA: 0.0005 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
xylene		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).	[Xylene]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
1-methoxy-2-propanol		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).	
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
butan-1-ol		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).	Absorbed
		through skin.	
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
-		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).	
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.	
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
barium chromate		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).	
		(VI) compounds]	-
		TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
toluene		Ministry of Employment and	Labor
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
ormaldehyde, solution	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours.

- B. Appropriate engineering controls
 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
 - **Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

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	• Wear chemical resis	tant gloves with a minimum protectior	n factor of 90%
		d/or mixing of the product, loading of t, cleaning and/or maintenance of app	
momaton	The following Operation respected:	onal Conditions and Risk Managemen	t Measures are to be
Exposure Scenario information	: Relevant Information	from Exposure Scenario:	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and u Appropriate technique Wash contaminated o	s and face thoroughly after handling our using the lavatory and at the end of the es should be used to remove potential clothing before reusing. Ensure that en one to the workstation location.	working period. y contaminated clothing.
Body protection	being performed and before handling this p wear anti-static protec	quipment for the body should be selec the risks involved and should be appro roduct. When there is a risk of ignition tive clothing. For the greatest protect hould include anti-static overalls, boot	oved by a specialist n from static electricity, ion from static
Hand protection	be worn at all times w this is necessary. Con check during use that should be noted that t different for different of several substances, th estimated.	npervious gloves complying with an ap hen handling chemical products if a ris nsidering the parameters specified by the gloves are still retaining their proto he time to breakthrough for any glove glove manufacturers. In the case of m he protection time of the gloves canno	sk assessment indicates the glove manufacturer, ective properties. It material may be ixtures, consisting of t be accurately
Eye protection	assessment indicates gases or dusts. If cor unless the assessmer	lying with an approved standard shoul this is necessary to avoid exposure to ntact is possible, the following protection in indicates a higher degree of protect hield. If inhalation hazards exist, a ful	b liquid splashes, mists, on should be worn, ion: chemical splash
		ask and the minimum required protec nd are described in the paragraph "Ex	
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard	and potential for exposure, select a re or certification. Respirators must be u program to ensure proper fitting, train	ised according to a

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

During manual spraying of the product:

- Duration of treatment/exposure : maximum 6h/shift
- Use of a walk-in spray booth with negative pressure

• A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 1000 or higher must be used, the Work Related Protection factor (WPF) has to be verified to exceed 1000 for each worker whichever RPD is used.

• Use Chemical Resistant Gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with intensive management supervision controls and training (efficacy 99%)

During manual stripping of coatings with abrasive techniques (e.g. sanding, deburring) and dust removal (cleaning of sanding/deburring area):

- Duration of treatment/exposure maximum 0.25h/shift
- Integrated LEV, humidity used to reduce dust (efficacy assumed to be 70%)
- A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 40 or higher is used

During waste management of stripped paint or sealant:

- Duration of treatment/exposure max 1 hour/shift
- LEV with an efficiency of 78% or higher plus vacuum cleaner (efficiency 80% or higher)
- A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 40 or higher is used

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. <u>Appearance</u>

	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Color	:	Yellow.
В.	Odor	:	Characteristic.
C.	Odor threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
F.	Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.

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- J. Lower and upper : Not available. explosive (flammable) limits
- K. Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Toluene	23.17	3.1				
2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
butan-1-ol	<7.5	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
Xylene	6.7	0.89				
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Formalin	1	0.13			
aluminium hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01			
triphenyl phosphite	0.00052	0.000069	EU A.4		
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0			
• • • • • · · ·			•		

Solubility(ies) L

cold water		Not soluble [OESO	(TC 105)]	
			(10-105)]	
Solubility in water	: Not a	vailable.		
Vapor density	:			
Density	: 1.51	g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 28	811-1]	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not a	pplicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:			
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method
1-methoxy-2-propanol		270	518	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesu	Ilfurized heav	y 280 to 470	536 to 878	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), lig	ht arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
butan-1-ol		355	671	EU A.15
2-methylpropan-1-ol		415	779	
Formalin		430	806	
Xylene		432	809.6	
ethylbenzene		432.22	810	
triphenyl phosphite		>400	>752	EU A.15
		480	896	

- R. Viscosity Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 101 mm²/s (101 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]
- S. Molecular weight

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

S	Section 10. Stability and reactivity							
Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.					
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions	of storage and use, hazardous reac	tions will not occur.			
В.	Conditions to avoid	:		Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.				
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible oxidizing materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials				
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.					
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A. Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Folential acule health	enecis
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Over-exposure signs/	symptoms
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
strontium chromate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.27 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		Ŭ	
	LD50 Intratracheal	Rat	16.6 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3118 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	10000 ppm	5 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	3720 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	5300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7800 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
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ection 11. Toxicol	ogical information			
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	254 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	377 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	310 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3484 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.79 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.36 g/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	3200 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	- 4 hours
etrybenzene				
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	400 ppm	24 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	30000 mg/m³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	19900 mg/m³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14100 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	59 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1332 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1960 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mouse	2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Rat	6900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	2250 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde, solution	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	815 ppm	0.5 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	505 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	454 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	578 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	87 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	260 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	42 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	385 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	500 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	300 mg/kg	-
				-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	0.42 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	420 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion



Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	,			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
5 1 1	5			500 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1.62 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	5			mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
,	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	5			100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Formaldehyde, solution	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	37 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	5			750 ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	750 ug	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	540 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Classification
strontium chromate titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	CAS: 13463-67-7 CAS: 100-41-4	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
barium chromate toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Formaldehyde, solution	CAS: 50-00-0	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.



Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
strontium chromate	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	A2
xylene	-	3	-	A4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	-	-	-	A4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	-	3	-	A4
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-	A4
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-	A3
barium chromate	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	A1
toluene	-	3	-	A4
Formaldehyde, solution	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	A1

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 1	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates



Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2/21530000B-YEL_SBPR_AER530	361.6	8707.7	N/A	70.5	N/A
Strontium chromate	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
butan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Formalin	100	300	N/A	0.5	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposu
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hour
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hour
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hour
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hour
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hour
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hour
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hour
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hour
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hour
	Acute LC50 2300000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hour
	Acute LC50 1910000 µg/l Fresh water	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hour
	Acute LC50 1940000 µg/l Fresh water	Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
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	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 16500 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6.88 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 19600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6780 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 56.3 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 86.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6410 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha - Fry	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch -	96 hours
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	Acute LC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Fry Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6780 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Formaldehyde, solution	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.54 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.05 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.29 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.788 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.14 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3.26 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Embryo	48 hours
	Acute EC50 14.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 14000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1265 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1170 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1299 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.79 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.51 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4960 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Fingerling	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.24 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Marine water	Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.438 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 953.9 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Egg	43 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.56 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Fingerling	12 weeks

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
toluene	2.73	90	low

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D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be **B.** Disposal precautions taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3		3
D. Packing group		111	
E. Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Marine Pollutant(s): strontium chromate	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

Date of previous issue

UN	hazardous is not subject	on This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the neral provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8
IMDG	hazardous is not subject	<u>on</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the neral provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally haz transportation regulation	ardous substance mark may appear if required by other s.
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Section 14. Transport information

F. Special precautions for	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user	upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
	the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. <u>Regulation according to ISHA</u> **ISHA** article 117 : None of the components are listed. (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) **ISHA** article 118 : None of the components are listed. (Harmful substances requiring permission) Article 2 of Youth : Not applicable. Protection Act on **Substances Hazardous** to Youth Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors The following components have an OEL: strontium chromate xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol butan-1-ol ethylbenzene barium chromate toluene Formaldehyde, solution : The following components are listed: chromium VI compounds, water-soluble, **ISHA Enforcement Regs** Annex 19 (Exposure chromium VI compounds insoluble, toluene, Formaldehyde standards established for harmful factors) **ISHA Enforcement Regs** : The following components are listed: chromium and its inorganic compounds, Annex 21 (Harmful xylene, talc / soapstone, titanium dioxide, n-butanol, ethyl benzene factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) **ISHA Enforcement Regs** : The following components are listed: Chromium and its compounds, Xylene, n-Butanol, Ethyl benzene Annex 22 (Harmful **Factors Subject to Special Health Check**up) Standard of Industrial : The following components are listed: chromium and its compounds (hexavalent chromium compounds only), xylene, titanium dioxide, n-butanol, ethyl benzene, Safety and Health chromium and its compounds (hexavalent chromium compounds only) Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Chromium and its compounds, Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene Article 18 Prohibited (K- : None of the components are listed. Reach Article 27)

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Toxic
Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	:	The following components are listed: chromium(6+) compounds, chromium(6+) compounds
Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	The following components are listed: Strontium chromate, chromium(6+) compounds
Existing Chemical Substances Subject to Registration	:	The following components are listed: Strontium chromate, Xylene; Dimethylbenzene, Barium chromate, Quartz, Toluene, Formaldehyde; Formalin, Triphenyl phosphite
C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D. Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
E. Regulation according to c	oth	er foreign laws
International regulations		
•	en	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention of	on	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.		
Rotterdam Convention of	on	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol	0	n POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.		
Section 16. Other i	in	formation
A. References	:	- Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances - United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX
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D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.



Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate	
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor	
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals	
	IATA = International Air Transport Association	
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container	
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,	
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	
	N/A = Not available	
	SGG = Segregation Group	
	UN = United Nations	
Notice to reader		

Notice to reader

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IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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