## AkzoNobel

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

BASE COAT MONO F15 MATT BASE PEARL GENTIAN BLUE 05025

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

| 1.1 Product identifier |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Product name | $:$ BASE COAT MONO F15 MATT BASE PEARL GENTIAN BLUE 05025 |
| SDS code | $: 15705025 B$ |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|  | Identified uses |
| :--- | :--- |
| Paint. Professional use Industrial use |  |
|  |  |
| All other uses | Uses advised against |

Product use : Solvent borne coating for exterior use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS
10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098
09103 PAMIERS Cedex France
e-mail address of person : PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS
1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center
Telephone number : +33 (0)140 054848
Supplier
Telephone number : +33 (0)5 34013401
+33 (0)5 61602330
Hours of operation :

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition
: Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Carc. 2, H351
STOT SE 3, H336
The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word
Hazard statements
Precautionary statements
Prevention
Response
Storage
Disposal
Hazardous ingredients

## Supplemental label elements

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Special packaging requirements
Containers to be fitted : Not applicable.
with child-resistant
fastenings
Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

: Warning
: Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.
: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: n-butyl acetate 4-methylpentan-2-one methyl methacrylate 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde Reaction mass of $\operatorname{Bis}(1,2,2,6,6-$ pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives Polymeric Benzotriazole
: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
: Not applicable.
: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB .

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{3.2 Mixtures : Mixture} \\
\hline Product/ingredient name \& Identifiers \& \% \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Regulation (EC) No. } \\
\text { 1272/2008 [CLP] }
\end{gathered}
\] \& Type \\
\hline W-butyl acetate \& \begin{tabular}{l}
REACH \#: \\
01-2119485493-29 \\
EC: 204-658-1 \\
CAS: 123-86-4 \\
Index: 607-025-00-1
\end{tabular} \& \(\geq 50-\leq 75\) \& Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 \& \({ }^{\text {[1] [2] }}\) \\
\hline Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene \& REACH \#:
01-2119488216-32 \& \(\leq 5.5\) \& Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 \& [1] [2] \\
\hline 4-methylpentan-2-one \& \begin{tabular}{l}
EC: 203-550-1 \\
CAS: 108-10-1 \\
Index: 606-004-00-4
\end{tabular} \& \(\leq 3\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 \\
Acute Tox. 4, H332 \\
Eye Irrit. 2, H319 \\
Carc. 2, H351 \\
STOT SE 3, H336 \\
EUH066
\end{tabular} \& [1] [2] \\
\hline methyl methacrylate \& \begin{tabular}{l}
REACH \#: \\
01-2119452498-28 \\
EC: 201-297-1 \\
CAS: 80-62-6 \\
Index: 607-035-00-6
\end{tabular} \& \(<1\)

$<0.3$ \& Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 \& $\underbrace{\text { [1] [2] }}$ <br>

\hline | 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde |
| :--- |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | \& | CAS: 4394-85-8 |
| :--- |
| REACH \#: |
| 01-2119475791-29 |
| EC: 203-603-9 |
| CAS: 108-65-6 | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \leq 0.3 \\
& \leq 0.3
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | Skin Sens. 1, H317 |
| :--- |
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{|l|}
{[1]} \\
{[1][2]}
\end{array}
$$
\] <br>

\hline Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate \& | REACH \#: |
| :--- |
| 01-2119491304-40 |
| EC: 915-687-0 |
| CAS: 1065336-91-5 | \& $\leq 0.15$ \& | Skin Sens. 1A, H317 |
| :--- |
| Repr. 2, H361f |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 |
| ( $\mathrm{M}=1$ ) |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, |
| H410 (M=1) | \& [1] <br>


\hline Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives \& | REACH \#: |
| :--- |
| 01-0000015075-76 |
| EC: 400-830-7 |
| CAS: 104810-48-2 | \& $\leq 0.3$ \& Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 \& [1] <br>


\hline cyclohexanone \& | REACH \#: |
| :--- |
| 01-2119453616-35 |
| CAS: 108-94-1 |
| Index: 606-010-00-7 | \& $\leq 0.3$

$\leq 0.3$ \& Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 \& $\underbrace{\text { [1] [2] }}$ <br>

\hline Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, nalkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2\% aromatics Polymeric Benzotriazole \& | REACH \#: |
| :--- |
| 01-2119456620-43 |
| EC: 926-141-6 |
| CAS: 104810-47-1 | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \leq 0.3 \\
& \leq 0.3
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 |
| :--- |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | \& [1] <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.
Type
[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

## Eye contact

Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

## Protection of first-aiders

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.
Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.
If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.
Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.
This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains methyl methacrylate, 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde, Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate, Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives, Polymeric Benzotriazole. May produce an allergic reaction.

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Notes to physician | $:$Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large <br>  <br>  <br> quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Specific treatments | $:$ No specific treatment. |

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing
media

| Unsuitable extinguishing |
| :--- |
| media |

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the
substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion
products
: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Large spill
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
6.4 Reference to other sections
6.2 Environmental

precautions $\quad$\begin{tabular}{l}

$:$| Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, |
| :--- |
| drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused |
| environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

\end{tabular}

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. vacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP <br> threshold | Safety report threshold |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P5c | 5000 tonne | 50000 tonne |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.
Industrial sector specific : Not available.
solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
| :---: | :---: |
| n-butyl acetate | Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Indicative limit values (circular) <br> STEL: $940 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: $710 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) <br> STEL: $442 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: $221 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: $208 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: $83 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation |
| methyl methacrylate | Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: $410 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation |

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: $205 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Labour Act , Art 4412-149 (Regulatory binding exposure limits) <br> STEL: $550 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. <br> STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. <br> TWA: $275 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. <br> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| :---: | :---: |
| cyclohexanone | Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) <br> STEL: $81.6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: $40.8 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation |

Recommended monitoring procedures
: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n-butyl acetate | DNEL | Long term Oral | $3.4 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ bw/day | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal | $3.4 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ bw/day | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal | $7 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | $12 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | $48 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | Workers | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term | $102.34 \mathrm{mg} /$ | General | Local |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | $480 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | Workers | Local |
|  | DNEL | Short term | 859.7 mg/ | General | Local |
|  | DNEL | Short term | $859.7 \mathrm{mg} /$ | General | Systemic |
|  |  | Inhalation |  | population |  |
|  | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 960 mg/m ${ }^{3}$ | Workers | Local |
|  | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 960 mg/m ${ }^{3}$ | Workers | Systemic |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | DNEL | Long term Oral | $1.6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ bw/day | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term | 14.8 mg/m ${ }^{3}$ | General | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | $77 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | Workers | Systemic |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection


No PNECs available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls
: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Eye/face protection

## Skin protection

Hand protection
: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time $>480$ minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton $®$ or Nitrile, thickness $\geq 0.38 \mathrm{~mm}$. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq 0.12 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. $1907 / 2006$ (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878
BASE COAT MONO F15 MATT BASE PEARL GENTIAN BLUE 05025

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Blue. |
| Odor | : Characteristic. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | : Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) ( $n$-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.95 (Air = 1) |
| Density | : $0.994 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
| Solubility(ies) | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): $10.06 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$ Kinematic ( $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ): $1.01 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 390 ppm | 4 hours |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | $6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 2 hours |
|  | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg |  |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1230 mg/kg |  |
|  | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | $4700 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Mouse | $6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | $3200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10768 mg/kg | - |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene 4-methylpentan-2-one | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | $800 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | $268 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | $400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | $1600 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral LD50 Oral | Mouse | $1900 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |  |
|  | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2080 mg/kg | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Rat | $4600 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| methyl methacrylate | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | $18500 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 2 hours |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | $78000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 4 hours |
|  | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | $>5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | $1890 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |  |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 1328 mg/kg | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 5954 mg/kg | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Mouse | $3625 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | $8700 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral LD50 Subcutaneous | Rat | $7872 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Subcutaneous | Mouse | $5954 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Subcutaneous | Rat | 7088 mg/kg | - |
| 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde cyclohexanone | LD50 Oral | Rat | $6500 \mathrm{uL} / \mathrm{kg}$ |  |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 8000 ppm | 4 hours |
|  | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | $1 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | $930 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1230 mg/kg | - |

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | $1230 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rabbit | $1540 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rabbit | $1540 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | $1130 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | $1130 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Oral | Mouse | $1400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | $1800 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | $1620 \mathrm{uL} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| LD50 Subcutaneous | Rat | $2170 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |

## Conclusion/Summary <br> : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n-butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 UI | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 \% | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 UI | - |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| cyclohexanone | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 250 ug | - |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant <br> Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit Rabbit | - | 20 mg 500 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Sensitization
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Mutagenicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Carcinogenicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Reproductive toxicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of <br> exposure | Target organs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q-butyl acetate <br> Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene <br> 4-methylpentan-2-one <br> methyl methacrylate | Category 3 <br> Category 3 <br> Category 3 <br> Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects <br> Respiratory tract <br> irritation |
| Narcotic effects <br> Respiratory tract <br> irritation |  |  |  |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of <br> exposure | Target organs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 2 | - | - |

## Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene <br> Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2\% <br> aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |


| Information on the likely <br> routes of exposure | $:$ Not available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Potential acute health effects |  |
| Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. <br> Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or <br> dizziness.  |  |
| Skin contact | $:$Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic <br> skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | $:$ Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure
Potential immediate : Not available.
effects
Potential delayed effects : Not available.
Long term exposure
Potential immediate : Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## Potential delayed effects : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

| Conclusion/Summary | $:$Not available. <br> General <br>  <br> :Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ <br> or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when <br>  <br> subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Carcinogenicity | $:$Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of <br>  <br> exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Other information : Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n-butyl acetate | Acute LC50 $32 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$ Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $100000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 18000 ¢g/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 185000 g //l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $62000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene 4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 $13400 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 505000 g // Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $540000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $537000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - | 96 hours |
|  |  | Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) |  |
|  | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
|  | Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas Embryo | 33 days |
| methyl methacrylate | Acute LC50 191000 gg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 159100 gg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 160200 ¢g/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 150000 ¢g/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas Adult | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 130000 ¢g/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas Adult | 96 hours |
| cyclohexanone | Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $630000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $527000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $732000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |

[^0]
## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |
| Reaction mass of | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| ethylbenzene and xylene | 1.9 | - | low |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 1.38 | - | low |
| methyl methacrylate | low |  |  |
| 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde | - | low |  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl | 1.2 | - | low |
| acetate <br> cyclohexanone | 0.86 | - | low |


| 12.4 Mobility in soil |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Soil/water partition <br> coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
| Mobility | $:$ Not available. |

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## Product <br> Methods of disposal

Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

## European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

| Waste code | Waste designation |
| :---: | :--- |
| EWC 0801 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

## Packaging

## Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.
Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.
Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions
: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|  | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper <br> shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport <br> hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing <br> group | III | No. | III |
| 14.5 <br> Environmental <br> hazards | No. |  | No. |

Additional information

ADR/RID

IMDG
14.6 Special precautions for user
: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
Tunnel code (D/E)
Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_
Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
14.7 Transport in bulk
: Not applicable.
according to IMO
instruments

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

## Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

## Substances of very high concern

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

> Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.
on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Other EU regulations
VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use
: Not applicable.
Mixture
Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution prevention and control) -
Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution
prevention and control) -
Water
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.

## Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.
Danger criteria

| Category |
| :--- | :--- |
| P5c |

## National regulations

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.
Social Security Code,
Articles L 461-1 to L

Reinforced medical
surveillance
: n-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene RG 4bis, RG 84 4-methylpentan-2-one methyl methacrylate cyclohexanone

RG 84
RG 84
RG 82
RG 84

Reinforced medical

International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II \& III Chemicals
Not listed.

## Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

## UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.
Inventory list
Europe : Not determined.
15.2 Chemical Safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

## SECTION 16: Other information

$\nabla$ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and | $:$ ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| :--- | :--- |
| acronyms | CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. |
|  | $1272 / 2008]$ |
|  | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level |
|  | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level |
|  | EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement |
|  | N/A $=$ Not available |
|  | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
|  | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration |
|  | RRN $=$ REACH Registration Number |
|  | SGG = Segregation Group |
|  | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Carc. 2, H351 | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Calculation method |

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. |
| :--- | :--- |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated |
| H400 | exposure. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H411 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

## Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

## SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1
Aquatic Chronic 2
Aquatic Chronic 3
Asp. Tox. 1
Carc. 2
Eye Irrit. 2
Flam. Liq. 2
Flam. Liq. 3
Repr. 2
Skin Irrit. 2
Skin Sens. 1
Skin Sens. 1A
STOT RE 2

## STOT SE 3

ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2<br>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2<br>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED<br>EXPOSURE) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) Category 3

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## Notice to reader

## FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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[^0]:    Conclusion/Summary

