

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - France

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F14 MATT BASE DIAMOND PEARL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: F14 MATT BASE DIAMOND PEARL
SDS code	: 14720001B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for exterior use.	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>ison Center</u>
: +33 01 40 05 48 48
: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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2.1 Classification of the su	ubstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
🗗 am. Liq. 3, H226	
STOT SE 3, H336	
The product is classified as	s hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full t	text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more de	etailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: p-butyl acetate
Supplemental label elements	 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains methyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	<u>nents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-588-0	≥5 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	(gases)] = 5000 ppm	
methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	≤1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains methyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

	-		
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use	dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Don	Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	om the	substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a t	mable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with isk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous combustion products	carbo carbo	omposition products may include the following materials: on dioxide on monoxide Il oxide/oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there suita	nptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without ble training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	brea mod confe	fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained thing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure e. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) prming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for nical incidents.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materials fo	r c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.

contractor.

Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-butyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 12/2021). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
methyl methacrylate	Ministry of Labor (France, 12/2021). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 410 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Labour Act , Art 4412-149 (Regulatory binding exposure limits) STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
cyclohexanone	Ministry of Labor (France, 12/2021). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 81.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 40.8 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equi the following: If the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atmospheres)	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for at of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Product/ingredient name Type Effects Exposure Value Population DNEL p-butyl acetate Short term Oral 2 mg/kg General Systemic population bw/day DNEL Long term Oral 2 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population 3.4 mg/kg DNEL Long term Dermal General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Short term Dermal 6 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal Workers 7 mg/kg Systemic bw/day DNEL Short term Dermal Workers Systemic 11 mg/kg bw/day 12 mg/m³ DNEL Long term General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term 35.7 mg/m General Local Inhalation population DNEL Long term 48 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Short term 300 mg/m³ General Local Inhalation population DNEL Short term 300 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population Workers DNEL Long term 300 mg/m³ Local Inhalation 600 mg/m³ DNEL Short term Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Short term 600 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and DNEL 1.6 mg/kg General Long term Oral Systemic xylene bw/day population DNEL Long term 14.8 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term 77 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 108 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population 180 mg/kg DNEL Long term Dermal Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL Short term 289 mg/m³ Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Short term 289 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation methyl methacrylate DNEL Short term Dermal 1.5 mg/cm² General Local population DNEL General Local Long term Dermal 1.5 mg/cm² population DNEL Short term Dermal 1.5 mg/cm² Workers Local DNEL Long term Dermal 1.5 mg/cm² Workers Local DNEL Long term Oral 8.2 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 8.2 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 13.67 mg/ Workers Systemic kg bw/day DNEL Long term 74.3 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term Local 104 mg/m³ General Inhalation population :9-12-2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Version :2 AkzoNobel Date of previous issue :1-11-2022 8/20

	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	348.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	416 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	20 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	20 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	40 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other en contaminants below a controls also need to l	e ventilation. Use process enclosure gineering controls to keep worker exp ny recommended or statutory limits. keep gas, vapor or dust concentration explosion-proof ventilation equipmen	posure to airborne The engineering ns below any lower
Individual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	before eating, smokin Appropriate technique Wash contaminated c	s and face thoroughly after handling of g and using the lavatory and at the er is should be used to remove potentia lothing before reusing. Ensure that e ose to the workstation location.	nd of the working period. Ily contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection			
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.
Flash point	: 🗭osed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Auto-ignition temperature	:



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	>200	>392		
Ethene, homopolymer	330 to 410	626 to 770		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4		
methyl methacrylate	400	752	DIN 51794	
n-butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15	
cyclohexanone	420	788		
cumene	424	795.2		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	432	809.6		

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рH	: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

\$

: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): 1022 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C): 101 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies)

Solubility(ies)	
Media	Result
ø old water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure

	V	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		V	/apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
methyl methacrylate	27.75	3.7				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	6.7	0.89				
cyclohexanone	3.75	0.5				
cumene	3.72	0.5				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36				
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	0.15	0.02				
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.06	0.008	OECD 104			
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.01	0.0013				
ensity	: 0.97	78 g/cm³ [D	IN EN ISO 2811-1]	L	1	I
apor density	: Not	available.				

Particle characteristics Median particle size

: Not applicable.



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene				
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m ³	2 hours
, ,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	_
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	930 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 uL/kg	-
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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - France

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

: Not available.

0			
LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	2170 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Reaction mass of	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
ethylbenzene and xylene					
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		DULK		mg	
cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Claim Mild invitant	Dabbit		ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

Reproductive toxicityConclusion/Summary: Not available.Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
methyl methacrylate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential acute health effect	9
r otoritiar addito ridultir oridot	-
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

•	
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	rects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting propertiesNot available.11.2.2 Other informationNot available.



SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 732000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soilSoil/water partition
coefficient (Koc): Not available.Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



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SECTION 14:	Transport informa	ation	
	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
IMDG 14.6 Special preca user	Viscous lid packagings IMDG Cod utions for : Transport upright and	e ye to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. <u>e Segregation group</u> Not applica within user's premises: always the second	
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to instruments		ıble.	
SECTION 15:	Regulatory inform	nation	
-	-	ations/legislation specific for th	ne substance or mixture
Annex XIV - List Annex XIV	C) No. 1907/2006 (REACH of substances subject to nponents are listed.		
	very high concern nponents are listed.		
Annex XVII - Res on the manufact	ure,	ble.	

<u>Other EU regulations</u> VOC		tive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this p chnical data sheet for further information	
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placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Ozone depleting substand	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (P	PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.	<u>, (</u> ,
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>ints</u>
<u>Seveso Directive</u>	
This product is controlled ur	ider the Seveso Directive.
Danger criteria	
Category	

Industrial use	: The information contained in this safety data sheet do own assessment of workplace risks, as required by ot legislation. The provisions of the national health and so to the use of this product at work.	her health and safety
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: P-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene methyl methacrylate cyclohexanone	RG 84 RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 82 RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Decree n ° 2012-135 of January 30, 2012 relating to the occupational medicine: not applicable	e organization of
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convention	n List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on Per Not listed.	ersistent Organic Pollutants	
Rotterdam Convention on Pr Not listed.	ior Informed Consent (PIC)	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on F Not listed.	POPs and Heavy Metals	
Inventory list Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.	

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.					
Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (E 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	C) No.				

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
ram. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Catego ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REI EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SIN Category 3	- Category 2 2 PEATED
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SECTION 16: Other information

Version

Unique ID

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Notice to reader

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IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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