

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F14 MATT BASE SILVER E82222/7743

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1	Product	identifier
_	-	

Product name SDS code : F14 MATT BASE SILVER E82222/7743 : 14727743B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional us	e Industrial use	
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Draduatuaa	L Colvert borns spating for syterior use	

Product use

: Solvent borne coating for exterior use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

responsible for this SDS

National advisory body/Poison Center				
Telephone number	: +33 (0)1 40 05 48 48			
<u>Supplier</u>				
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01			
	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30			
Hours of operation	:			

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Warning **Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. **Precautionary statements** Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a Response POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Storage Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. **Hazardous ingredients** : n-butyl acetate 4-methylpentan-2-one methyl methacrylate 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives Polymeric Benzotriazole Supplemental label : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. elements **Annex XVII - Restrictions** : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Special packaging requirements Containers to be fitted : Not applicable. with child-resistant fastenings Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable. 2.3 Other hazards Product meets the criteria : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a for PBT or vPvB according vPvR to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
p-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32	≤6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
4-methylpentan-2-one	EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 4394-85-8 REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤0.3 ≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [1] [2]
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤0.15	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119456620-43 EC: 926-141-6	≤0.3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Polymeric Benzotriazole	CAS: 104810-47-1	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
	EUH066	
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains methyl methacrylate, 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde, Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate, Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives, Polymeric Benzotriazole. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: 21-10-2022

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. media		_{2,} water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mi	kture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. 	
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition produc carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	ts may include the following materials:
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materials fo	r containment and cleaning up
Small snill	· Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria		
	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredie	nt name	Exposure limit values			
r butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenze	ne and xylene	 Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Invalues (circular) STEL: 940 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sers STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sers TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sens TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitis Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Absorbed Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sens 	ensitisation hsitisation itisation sation through skin. e R. 4412-149 of		
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

4-methylpentan-2-one	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
methyl methacrylate	STEL: 208 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 83 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory
	limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 410 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: Labour Act , Art 4412-149 (Regulatory binding exposure limits)
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
cyclohexanone	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
	STEL: 81.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 40.8 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Indicative limit values (circular) TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: vapour
	STEL: 1500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour
procedures atmosphere of the ventila protective ec the following	L ct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory quipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as p: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for exated for a series build be to monitor a series of the series

protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient na	ame Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
p-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Local
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		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	<u>-</u>		
	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DITE	Inhalation	eee mg/m		oyotonno
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
xylene	DINCE	Long term oral	bw/day	population	Cysternio
kylene	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	14.0 mg/m	population	Oysternic
	DNEL		$77 m g/m^3$	Workers	Sustamia
	DINEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	WUIKEIS	Systemic
		Inhalation	100 malle	Conoral	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Question
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	D		bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
1-methylpentan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	14.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	0	population	
	DNEL	Long term	14.7 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	,
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	55g/		
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	So mg/m		
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	m ³		LUCAI
				population	Svetomia
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m^3	population	
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	D	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	 .	Inhalation			
nethyl methacrylate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	13.67 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	74.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	104 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNE	1	000	VA / a who a wa	

8 mg/kg General Systemic population 8 mg/kg General Systemic

Workers

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

DNEL Long term

DNEL

DNEL

Inhalation

Long term Oral

Long term Dermal

208 mg/m³

bw/day



Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 14 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	40 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	40 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	80 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exha ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to air contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineer controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	oorne ering
Individual protection measured	,	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical probefore eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the work Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminate Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and showers are close to the workstation location.	king period. ated clothing. . Wash
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used w assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splas gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety g side-shields.	shes, mists, e worn,
Skin protection		
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness \geq 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness \geq 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Silver.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C		
Evaporation rate	: Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.		
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.95 (Air = 1)
Density	:	0.998 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 10.02 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene				
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
nethyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-
1-morpholinecarbaldehyde	LD50 Oral	Rat	6500 uL/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	930 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	2170 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
p -butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Reaction mass of	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
ethylbenzene and xylene		DULI		0.4.1	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	mg 8 hours 60 UI	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	1	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 500	
		TADDIL	-	mg	-
cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light arom.				UI	

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Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
One office toward owners towing	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Eye contact

Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic
skin reaction.
- Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Other information

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
┏-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Menidia beryllina Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
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ECTION 12: Ecolo	ogical information		
	Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 732000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene and xylene			
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	-	<1.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	:	Not available.
Mobility	:	Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation		
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG		ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
14.4 Packing group				
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SECTION 14: T	ranspo	rt information			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	
Additional informat	<u>tion</u>				
ADR/RID			ception This class 3 viscous liqu 50 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.	id is not subject to regulation in	
IMDG		Viscous liquid exc	Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.		
14.6 Special precau user	tions for	upright and secure.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
14.7 Transport in bu according to IMO instruments	ulk	: Not applicable.	Not applicable.		
SECTION 15: F	Regulato	ory information	1		
15.1 Safety, health a EU Regulation (EC)		-	egislation specific for the sub	stance or mixture	

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV	-		
None of the components ar	re listed.		
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>		
None of the components ar	re listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
Other EU regulations			
VOC		ctive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the echnical data sheet for further information.	
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed		
Ozone depleting substanc	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>		
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	IC) (649/2012/EU)		
Seveso Directive			
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at work regulations apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category			
P5c			
National regulations			
Industrial use	:	The information contained in this safety data she own assessment of workplace risks, as required legislation. The provisions of the national health to the use of this product at work.	by other health and safety
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	:	 P-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene 4-methylpentan-2-one methyl methacrylate cyclohexanone Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. 	RG 84 RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84 RG 82 RG 84 RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	:	Decree n ° 2012-135 of January 30, 2012 relatin occupational medicine: not applicable	g to the organization of
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convention	on	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on P Not listed.	<u>er</u>	sistent Organic Pollutants	

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Europe : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical Safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information					
Classification			Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336			On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
Full text of abbreviated H	statements		•		
H226 F H304 M H312 H H315 C H317 M H319 C H332 H H335 M H336 M H351 S H361f S H400 V H410 V		 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 			
EUH066			may cause skin dryness or cracking.		
Full text of classifications	[CLP/GHS]				
Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3		AQUATIC HAZARD AQUATIC HAZARD AQUATIC HAZARD ASPIRATION HAZA CARCINOGENICIT SERIOUS EYE DAM FLAMMABLE LIQUI FLAMMABLE LIQUI TOXIC TO REPROE SKIN CORROSION/ SKIN SENSITIZATIC SKIN SENSITIZATIC SKIN SENSITIZATIC SPECIFIC TARGET EXPOSURE) - Cate SPECIFIC TARGET Category 3	(ACUTE) - Category 1 (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 RD - Category 1 Y - Category 2 MAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 DS - Category 2 DS - Category 3 DUCTION - Category 2 VIRRITATION - Category 2 DN - Category 1 DN - Category 1A ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED		
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Unique ID	:				
Notice to reader					



SECTION 16: Other information

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IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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