

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

F69 BASE SIGNAL BLACK RAL 9004

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1	Product	identifier

Product name SDS code : F69 BASE SIGNAL BLACK RAL 9004 : 21069900B

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
Uses advised against		
All other uses		
Product use	: Two component coating for interior use.	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

responsible for this SDS

National advisory body/Poison Center			
Telephone number	: +43 1 406 43 43		
<u>Supplier</u>			
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01		
	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30		
Hours of operation	:		

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411



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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements		Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	butan-2-ol Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ner	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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Product meets the criteria<br/>for PBT or vPvB according<br/>to Regulation (EC) No.<br/>1907/2006, Annex XIII: This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to<br/>Section 3.2.Other hazards which do<br/>not result in classification: None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients** 

B.2 Mixtures : Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
butan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5 CAS: 78-92-2	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	REACH #: 01-2119488183-33 EC: 262-967-7 CAS: 61788-32-7	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2] [4]
zinc oxide	EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
lead compounds	EC: 215-267-0 CAS: 1317-36-8 Index: 082-001-00-6	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1A, H360Df STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	EC: 215-146-2 CAS: 1306-19-0 Index: 048-002-00-0	<0.1	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361fd STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2] [5]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Туре

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

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<b>SECTION 5: Firefight</b>	SECTION 5: Firefighting measures					
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.					
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.					

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and materials for	r containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

• Spin and the stop leak in without risk. Move containers from spin area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections		See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
		See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling



## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria						
Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold				
P5c E2	5000 tonne 200 tonne	50000 tonne 500 tonne				

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

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lead monoxide		Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). Notes: measured as Pb		
Terphenyl, hydrogenated		Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). PEAK: 48 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 5 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.		
putan-2-ol		<b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018).</b> PEAK: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 8 hours.		

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	PEAK: 0.4 mg/m³, (measured as Pb), 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Pb), 4 times per shift, 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
cadmium oxide	Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 9/2018). TWA: 0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cd) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cd), 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
butan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	L C	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		l ĩ	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	212 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		-	bw/day		-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	DNEL	Long term	2.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.622 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.358 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.222 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.074 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	8.38 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	27.8 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	46.3 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	83.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
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		Inhalation			
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1600 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5380 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	DNEL	Long term Oral	1 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4 µg/m³	Workers	Local

## **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	Fresh water	2 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.2 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment	10.3 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Plant	-	
	Fresh water sediment	63.2 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	6.32 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	12.6 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	2.22 mg/kg	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other en contaminants below a controls also need to l	e ventilation. Use process enclosures, lo gineering controls to keep worker exposu ny recommended or statutory limits. The keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations be explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	ire to airborne e engineering	
Individual protection measur	es			
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking Appropriate technique Contaminated work clu contaminated clothing	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>		
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#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task **Body protection** being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to **Environmental exposure** controls ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties **Appearance Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Black Odor : Characteristic. Odor threshold : Not available. pН : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. : 6-10-2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 1.01 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 30-9-2022 10/20

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

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Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 7.95 (Air = 1) (Terphenyl, hydrogenated). Weighted average: 3.25 (Air = 1)
Density	: 1.37 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 8.03 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 2.01 cm²/s

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
øutan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	logical information			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Mouse	12500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	-
lead compounds	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	217 mg/kg	-
cadmium oxide (non-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 minutes
pyrophoric)				
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rabbit	2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	12 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	25 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	67 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	72 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	94 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
b∕utan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
lead compounds	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
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### Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
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### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
cadmium oxide (non- pyrophoric)	-	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.		
Reproductive toxicity			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicit	v (single exposure)		

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
øutan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Category 1	inhalation	-
		exposure

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		<u>-</u>
Conclusion/Summary	-	Not available.
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
lead monoxide	Acute LC50 388000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 132 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3486000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 298 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3562000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3841000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3963000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
cadmium oxide	Acute LC50 3280 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0054 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9350 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 177 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7029 μg/l Fresh water	Neonate Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9920 µg/l Fresh water	Neonate Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10470 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours



## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary :

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v : Not available.
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#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	-	5200	high
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	-2.65	-	low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
cadmium oxide	-	1345	high

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
butan-2-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	No	N/A	Yes	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.</li> <li>If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.</li> <li>For further information, contact your local waste authority.</li> </ul>

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)			3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Marine Pollutant(s): Terphenyl, hydrogenated, zinc oxide	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.



## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.6 Special precautions for**<br/>user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are<br/>upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in<br/>the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk** : Not applicable. according to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name		Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
cadmium oxide -		Carcinogen Substance of equivalent concern for human health	Candidate Candidate	ED/69/2013 ED/69/2013	6/20/2013 6/20/2013
lead monoxide Terphenyl, hydrogenated		Toxic to reproduction vPvB	Recommended Candidate	ED/49/2014 ED/61/2018	11/10/2016 6/27/2018
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable				
Other EU regulations					
VOC		of Directive 2004/42/E0 and/or technical data she			efer to the
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	Not applicable.				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/EU</u>	1			
Prior Informed Consent (PI Not listed.	<u>C) (649/2012/EU)</u>				
Seveso Directive This product is controlled und Danger criteria	der the Seveso Dir	rective.			

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## Category

P5c E2

### National regulations

#### Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
cadmium oxide		Cadmium und seine Verbindungen als Cd berechnet	Carc. A2	-
	- A 11			

VbF class	: A II
	Very dangerous flammable liquid.
Limitation of the use of	: Permitted.

Limitation of the use of	
organic solvents	

### International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Europe** : Not determined.

**15.2 Chemical Safety** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### Assessment

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.		
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>	

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.
Harmful if swallowed.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Fatal if inhaled.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the
unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
exposure.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
exposure.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
EXPOSURE) - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
EXPOSURE) - Category 2
-

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<b>SECTION 16:</b>	Other information
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#### Notice to reader

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IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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