

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F69 BASE RED RAL 3000

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : F69 BASE RED RAL 3000

SDS code : 21069400B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

Product use : Two component coating for interior use.

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS

10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098

09103 PAMIERS Cedex

France

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

. 1 010 t_1 7 twile1 to @att20110201.0t

: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Warning

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27-10-2022 Version : 1.03

Date of previous issue :6-10-2022 1/11 AkzoNobel

2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks

and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly

after handling.

Response : Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice or attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number | | azette notice ce number |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| | | | CSCL | ISHL |
| Barite (Ba(SO4)) butan-2-ol Terphenyl, hydrogenated zinc oxide Amines, polyethylenepoly-, | ≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤25 4.0 ≤3.0 <3.0 | 13462-86-7 78-92-2 61788-32-7 1314-13-2 90640-67-8 | 1-89 2-3049 4-41 1-561 Not available. | Not available. 2-(8)-300 Not available. (1)-561 Not available. |
| triethylenetetramine fraction silicon dioxide | ≤1.0 | 7631-86-9 | 1-548 | (1)-548 |

4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27-10-2022 Version : 1.03

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 2/11 AkzoNobel

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 27-10-2022Version: 1.03

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 3/11 AkzoNobel

5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open

: 27-10-2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Version: 1.03

AkzoNobel Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 4/11

7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| outan-2-ol | Japan Society for Occupational Health |
| | (Japan, 5/2019). |
| | OEL-M: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | ISHL (Japan, 10/2019). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: 27-10-2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 1.03 5/11

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 **AkzoNobel**

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

: Liquid. Physical state Color : Red.

Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. pН : Not available. Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.7% Upper: 9% (butan-2-ol)

: Not available. Vapor pressure

: Highest known value: 7.95 (Air = 1) (Terphenyl, hydrogenated). Weighted Vapor density

average: 3.32 (Air = 1)

: 1.492 g/cm³ Density

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 5.36 cm²/s

Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27-10-2022 Version: 1.03

AkzoNobel Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 6/11

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| <mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 8000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 48500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | 1067 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 771 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rabbit | 277 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 1193 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intravenous | Mouse | 764 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intravenous | Rat | 138 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 4893 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 4890 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2193 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2054 mg/kg | - |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 12500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 17500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >24000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >10000 mg/kg | - |
| zinc oxide | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 240 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 7950 mg/kg | - |

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| S2/21069400B-RED_SBTC_F69-RAL3000 Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction | 22909.5 500 | 50400.9 1100 | N/A N/A | N/A N/A | N/A N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| <mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.1 MI | - |
| zinc oxide | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| silicon dioxide | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 25 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Respiratory sensitization/Skin sensitization

Not available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| butan-2-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 27-10-2022
 Version
 : 1.03

 Date of previous issue
 : 6-10-2022
 7/11

AkzoNobel

F69 BASE RED RAL 3000

11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| Barite (Ba(SO4)) | Acute LC50 76000000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| butan-2-ol | Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| zinc oxide | Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Danio rerio - Adult | 96 hours 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio - Adult | 96 hours |

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-------|-----------|
| <mark>b∕</mark> utan-2-ol | 0.61 | - | low |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated | - | 5200 | high |
| zinc oxide | - | 28960 | high |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction | -2.65 | - | low |

Mobility in soil : Not available.

Hazardous to the ozone

<u>layer</u>

: Not applicable.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

Date of issue/Date of revision: 27-10-2022Version: 1.03Date of previous issue: 6-10-20228/11AkzoNobel

13. Disposal considerations

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

4. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Marine Pollutant(s): Terphenyl, hydrogenated, zinc oxide | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

Additional information

UN

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.

IMDG

IATA

: Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8

according to 2.3.2.5.

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

| Category | 71 | Danger category | • | Designated quantity |
|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Category IV | Class II petroleums | III | Flammable - Keep Fire Away | 1000 L |

ISHL

Substances requiring labelling

: 27-10-2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 1.03 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 9/11

15. Regulatory information

| Ingredient name | % | | Reference number |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|------------------|
| silicon dioxide | ≤1.0 | Listed | 165-2 |
| butan-2-ol | ≥10 - ≤25 | Listed | 477 |
| zinc oxide | ≤3.0 | Listed | 188 |

Chemicals requiring notification

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|------------------|
| sílicon dioxide | ≤1.0 | Listed | 165-2 |
| butan-2-ol | ≥10 - ≤25 | Listed | 477 |
| zinc oxide | ≤3.0 | Listed | 188 |

ISHL Appendix 1 : Flammable liquid Class 3

Organic solvents : Class 2

poisoning prevention

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | ≤5.0 <0.010 | Monitoring | 21 40 |
| propane-1,2-diol | ≤0.010 ≤0.30 | Monitoring Priority | 106 |
| | | assessment | |

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|
| Barite (Ba(SO4)) | ≥25 - ≤50 | Deleterious | 79 |

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

| Ingredient name | % | | Reference number |
|-------------------------|-----|---------|------------------|
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated | 4.0 | Class 1 | 238 |

16. Other information

History

Date of printing : 27 October 2022

Date of issue/ Date of : 27 October 2022

revision

Date of previous issue : 6 October 2022

Version : 1.03 Unique ID :

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27-10-2022 Version : 1.03

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 10/11 AkzoNobel

F69 BASE RED RAL 3000

16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 | Calculation method |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27-10-2022 Version: 1.03 11/11

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022

