

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

SDS code : 21069000B

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

**Product use** : Two component coating for interior use.

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS

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Emergency telephone

number (with hours of

operation)

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word : Warning

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2

**AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 1/13

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** 

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: P391 - Collect spillage. Response

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Storage

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, **Disposal** 

national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name  | %         | CAS number |
|--|-----------|------------|
| butan-2-ol   | ≥10 - ≤25 | 78-92-2    |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated                                  | ≤5        | 61788-32-7 |
| zinc oxide   | ≤3        | 1314-13-2  |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction | <3        | 90640-67-8 |
| propylidynetrimethanol                                   | ≤0.3      | 77-99-6    |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Chemical formula : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 2 : 9-12-2022 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 2/13

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may

be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance

for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before

reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9-12-2022Version: 2Date of previous issue: 6-10-20223/13AkzoNobel

### Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2

**AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 4/13

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9-12-2022Version: 2Date of previous issue: 6-10-20225/13AkzoNobel

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name         | Exposure limits  |
|-------------------------|--|
| outan-2-ol              | Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006).  PEL (long term): 303 mg/m³ 8 hours.  PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.                           |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated | Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Hydrogenated terphenyls]  PEL (long term): 0.5 ppm 8 hours.  PEL (long term): 4.9 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**AkzoNobel** 

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9-12-2022Version: 2Date of previous issue: 6-10-20226/13

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Gray.

Odor Characteristic. : Not available. **Odor threshold** 

pН : Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Boiling point, initial boiling

: Not available.

point, and boiling range Flash point

: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Pensky-Martens]

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

|   | V       | apor Pressi | ure at 20°C           | \     | apor pres | sure at 50°C |
|---|---------|-------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------|--------------|
| Ingredient name   | mm Hg   | kPa         | Method                | mm Hg | kPa       | Method       |
| <mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol                                    | 12.75   | 1.7         |                       |       |           |              |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane                                | 0.99    | 0.13        |                       |       |           |              |
| decamethylcyclopentasiloxane                                | 0.25    | 0.033       |                       |       |           |              |
| propane-1,2-diol  | 0.15    | 0.02        | EU A.4                |       |           |              |
| aluminium hydroxide   | <0.075  | <0.01       |                       |       |           |              |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol                   | 0.056   | 0.0075      | EU A.4                |       |           |              |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-,<br>triethylenetetramine fraction | 0.0026  | 0.00035     | OECD 104              |       |           |              |
| triphenyl phosphite   | 0.00052 | 0.000069    | EU A.4                |       |           |              |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated                                     | 0       | 0           | EPA OPPTS<br>830.7950 |       |           |              |
| Volatile, harmless liquid, n.o.s.                           | 0       | 0           |                       |       |           |              |
| propylidynetrimethanol                                      | 0       | 0           |                       |       |           |              |
| 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-<br>N29,N30,N31,N32 copper     | 0       | 0           | EU A.4                |       |           |              |

Relative vapor density Not available.

7.511 g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1] **Density** 

Solubility(ies)

| Media      | Result                      |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| cold water | Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] |

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 7/13

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Ingredient name                                     | °C         | °F             | Method        |
|---|------------|----------------|---------------|
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy        | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878     |               |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.            | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878     |               |
| 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper | 356        | 672.8          | EU A.16       |
| propane-1,2-diol                                    | 371        | 699.8          |               |
| decamethylcyclopentasiloxane                        | 372        | 701.6          | ASTM E 659-78 |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated                             | 374        | 705.2          |               |
| butan-2-ol  | 377        | 710.6          |               |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol               | 382        | 719.6          | EU A.15       |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane                        | 384 to 387 | 723.2 to 728.6 | ASTM E 659    |
| triphenyl phosphite                                 | >400       | >752           | EU A.15       |

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

: Kinematic (room temperature): 364 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (364 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 101 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (101 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

SADT

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

: Not available.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species    | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| butan-2-ol              | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 8000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat        | 48500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Guinea pig | 1067 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 771 mg/kg               | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Rabbit     | 277 mg/kg               | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Rat        | 1193 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intravenous      | Mouse      | 764 mg/kg               | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intravenous      | Rat        | 138 mg/kg               | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rabbit     | 4893 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         |                       |            |                         |          |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 8/13

**AkzoNobel** 

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rabbit | 4890 mg/kg   | - |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------------|---|
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | 2193 mg/kg   | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | 2054 mg/kg   | - |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated | LD50 Oral            | Mouse  | 12500 mg/kg  | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | 17500 mg/kg  | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | >24000 mg/kg | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | >10000 mg/kg | - |
| zinc oxide              | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat    | 240 mg/kg    | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Mouse  | 7950 mg/kg   | - |
| propylidynetrimethanol  | LD50 Oral            | Mouse  | 13700 mg/kg  | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Mouse  | 14000 mg/kg  | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | 14100 mg/kg  | - |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat    | 14000 mg/kg  | - |

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Score | Exposure           | Observation |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| butan-2-ol              | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 0.1 MI             | -           |
| zinc oxide              | Eyes - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500       | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | mg<br>24 hours 500 | -           |
|                         |                        |         |       | mg                 |             |

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name       |            | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| butan-2-ol | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|            | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contactIngestionCauses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022 9/13 AkzoNobel

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                              | Species                              | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| <mark>≽</mark> utan-2-ol | Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna              | 48 hours |
|                          | Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas           | 96 hours |
| zinc oxide               | Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |
|                          | Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |
|                          | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |
|                          | Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |
|                          | Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -            | 48 hours |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2

Date of previous issue :6-10-2022 10/13 AkzoNobel

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

| 96 hours       |
|----------------|
|                |
|                |
| 96 hours       |
| 96 hours       |
| 96 hours       |
|                |
| 48 hours       |
| 96 hours       |
|                |
| 96<br>96<br>48 |

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name       | LogPow | BCF   | Potential |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------|
| <b>b</b> utan-2-ol            | 0.61   | -     | low       |
| Terphenyl, hydrogenated       | -      | 5200  | high      |
| zinc oxide                    | -      | 28960 | high      |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-,    | -2.65  | -     | low       |
| triethylenetetramine fraction |        |       |           |
| propylidynetrimethanol        | -0.47  | <1    | low       |

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | UN     | IMDG   | IATA   |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| UN number                  | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper<br>shipping name | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
|                            |        |        |        |
|                            |        |        |        |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022 Version : 2 Date of previous issue : 6-10-2022

11/13

**AkzoNobel** 

# **Section 14. Transport information**

| Transport hazard class(es) | 3  | 3  | 3  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Packing group              | III  | III  | III  |
| Environmental hazards      | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Marine Pollutant(s):<br>Terphenyl, hydrogenated, zinc<br>oxide | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

#### **Additional information**

UN : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally

> hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8

according to 2.3.2.5.2.

**IMDG** : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

> Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8

according to 2.3.2.5.

**IMDG Code Segregation group** Not applicable

**IATA** The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according**: Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous goods.

#### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

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F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

# **Section 16. Other information**

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification         |
|---|-----------------------|
| AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                                | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A                      | Calculation method    |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1                                       | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract   | Calculation method    |
| irritation) - Category 3  |                       |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - | Calculation method    |
| Category 3  |                       |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2                               | Calculation method    |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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