AkzoNobel

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F69 TUK RED TRAFFIC RAL 3000

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : F69 TUK RED TRAFFIC RAL 3000

SDS code : 21069400K

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

Product use : Two component coating for interior use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex

France

e-mail address of person

: PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number : +44 (0)344 892 0111

Supplier

Telephone number : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01

+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

Hours of operation :

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fram. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

: Mammable liquid and vapor.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Dotain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane

Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction

Supplemental label elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to

Section 3.2.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

The mixture may be a skin sensitizer. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
butan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5 CAS: 78-92-2	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6 Index: 603-074-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
nitroethane	REACH #: 01-2119966158-27 EC: 201-188-9 CAS: 79-24-3 Index: 609-035-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane	REACH #: 01-2120078341-60 CAS: 30499-70-8	≤10	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Muta. 2, H341 (oral) Repr. 1B, H360 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	REACH #: 01-2119488183-33 EC: 262-967-7 CAS: 61788-32-7	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2] [4]
zinc oxide	EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	REACH #: 01-2119513212-58 EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	≤3	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
lead compounds	EC: 215-267-0 CAS: 1317-36-8 Index: 082-001-00-6	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1A, H360Df STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	EC: 215-146-2 CAS: 1306-19-0 Index: 048-002-00-0	<0.1	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361fd STOT RE 1, H372	[1] [2] [5]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients				
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)			
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low-molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray, mist and vapors should be avoided.

Contains reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700), 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available. Recommendations Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

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The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 462 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
nitroethane	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 312 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 62 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 48 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 19 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
lead monoxide	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of binding occupational
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
cadmium oxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Cd) 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³, (as Cd) 8 hours. Form: Fume

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
butan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	52 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	212 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

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SECTION 6. Exposure cont					
	DNEL	Long term	0.75 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	_
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
	-]	kg bw/day	population	'
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/	General	Systemic
		Dominal	kg bw/day	population	- , 5.5.1.110
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/	General	Systemic
	·		kg bw/day	population	- , 5.5.1110
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Short term Dermai	kg bw/day	WOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm Dormal		Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/	VVUINGIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Ola a set to see	kg bw/day	\\\\	0
	DNEL	Short term	12.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term	12.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	- · · - ·	Inhalation	m³	•	
nitroethane	DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	5 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	8.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			_
	DNEL	Short term	15 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	17 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	-	Inhalation	1.3.7	· =	'
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	·	Inhalation	_0g/111		
	DNEL	Short term	50 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DI TEE	Inhalation	oo mg/m	TTOINGIG	20001
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	210 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long will Delinal	bw/day	population	- Cysterino
	DNE	Long torm Dormal		Workers	Systemia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	350 mg/kg	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
	חאורי	Charttama Dama	bw/day	Conoral	Cyatara:a
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1250 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNE	01	kg bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2100 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	- · · - ·		kg bw/day		
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	DNEL	Long term	2.01 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			<u> </u>
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.622 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.358 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.222 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		_
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.074 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	_
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	J.,LL		bw/day	population	2,0.00
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	PINEL	Inhalation	2.0 mg/m	population	Cyclonino
	DNEL	Long term	8.38 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	PINEL	Inhalation	0.00 mg/m	VVOINGIS	Cystorino
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	General	Local
	DINEL	Long term	20 mg/m	Conciai	Local

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-		_	Inhalation		population			
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	27.8 mg/	General	Systemic		
				kg bw/day	population	-		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	46.3 mg/	Workers	Systemic		
			•	kg bw/day		,		
		DNEL	Long term	83.8 mg/m ³	Workers	Local		
		D.11	Inhalation	00.0g/	770111010	20041		
	zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local		
	ZITIC OXIGE	DINLL	Inhalation	0.5 mg/m	WOIKEIS	Local		
		DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic		
		DINEL	Long term Oral	•		Systemic		
		DAIEI	1 4	kg bw/day	population	0 :-		
		DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic		
		B. 151	Inhalation	- , ,	population			
		DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic		
			Inhalation					
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic		
				bw/day	population			
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic		
			-	bw/day				
	Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/	General	Systemic		
	triethylenetetramine fraction		· ·	kg bw/day	population			
	,	DNEL	Long term	0.29 mg/m ³	General	Systemic		
			Inhalation	00g,	population	- ,		
		DNEL	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/	General	Systemic		
		DIVLL	Long tomi Ordi	kg bw/day	population	Cystollio		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/	Workers	Systemia		
		DINEL	Long term Dermai		WOIKEIS	Systemic		
		DNIEL	I am ar ta maa	kg bw/day	\\/amlcama	Cuatamaia		
		DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic		
		DAIEL	Inhalation	0	0	0		
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic		
				bw/day	population			
		DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic		
				bw/day	population			
		DNEL	Short term	1600 mg/	General	Systemic		
			Inhalation	m³	population			
		DNEL	Short term	5380 mg/	Workers	Systemic		
			Inhalation	m³				
	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic		
	trimethoxysilane			kg bw/day	population	=		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic		
				kg bw/day	population	•		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	21 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic		
				bw/day		-,		
		DNEL	Long term	147 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic		
		DIVLL	Inhalation	177 Hig/III	VVOINCIS	Cystollilo		
	cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	DNEL		1 ug/kg	General	Systemic		
	cadimum oxide (non-pyrophonic)	DINEL	Long term Oral	1 µg/kg		Systernic		
		סאבי	Long torm	bw/day	population	Local		
		DNEL	Long term	4 μg/m³	Workers	Local		
			Inhalation					

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Fresh water	3 μg/l	-
	Marine water	0.3 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sediment	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-

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Terphenyl, hydrogenated	Fresh water	2 μg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.2 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment	10.3 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Plant	_	
	Fresh water sediment	63.2 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	6.32 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	12.6 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	2.22 mg/kg	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton R or Nitrile, thickness R on the contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness R on the contact is expected.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

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Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color · Red

Odor : Characteristic. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pН : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

: Closed cup: 25°C Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure

Vapor density : Highest known value: 7.95 (Air = 1) (Terphenyl, hydrogenated). Weighted

average: 2.81 (Air = 1)

Density : 1.353 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 4.07 cm²/s

Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
nitroethane	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	310 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	860 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	_
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Mouse	12500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	_
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	_
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]		Rabbit	3970 uL/kg	_
trimethoxysilane			3	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	22600 uL/kg	_
lead compounds	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	217 mg/kg	_
cadmium oxide (non-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	3500 mg/m³	10 minutes
pyrophoric)				
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	250 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rabbit	2500 mg/m ³	10 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	45 mg/m³	1 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	12 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	25 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	67 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	72 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	94 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 UI	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
lead compounds	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
cadmium oxide (non- pyrophoric)	-	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Zauses severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Kdverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : Suspected of causing genetic defects.Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
b utan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2246000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
lead monoxide	Acute LC50 388000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 132 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3486000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 298 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3562000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3841000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3963000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
cadmium oxide	Acute LC50 3280 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0054 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9350 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 177 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7029 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9920 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10470 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>b</mark> utan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
reaction product: bisphenol-	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy			
resin			
nitroethane	0.18	-	low
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	-	5200	high
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low
triethylenetetramine fraction			
cadmium oxide	-	1345	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
b utan-2-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
reaction product: bisphenol-	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy							
resin							
nitroethane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	No	N/A	Yes	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from

the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	№ N3469	№ N3469	№ N3469
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Marine Pollutant(s): reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-C

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for : **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are

user upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

: Restricted to professional users.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
cadmium oxide	Carcinogen	Candidate	ED/69/2013	6/20/2013
-	Substance of	Candidate	ED/69/2013	6/20/2013
	equivalent concern for			
	human health			
lead monoxide	Toxic to reproduction	Recommended	ED/49/2014	11/10/2016
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	vPvB	Candidate	ED/61/2018	6/27/2018

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market

and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use

Mixture

: Not applicable.

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions

(integrated pollution prevention and control) - : Not listed

: Not listed

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P₅c

E2

National regulations

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cadmium oxide fume, as Cd	Carc.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Europe : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Fam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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SECTION 16: Other information

⊮ 226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H360Df	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
U272	a
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Cute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1A	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A
Repr. 1B	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Repr. 2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
	Category 3

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

F69 TUK RED TRAFFIC RAL 3000

SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

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