

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F69 TUK RED TRAFFIC RAL 3000

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier: F69 TUK RED TRAFFIC RAL 3000SDS code: 21069400K

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Paint. Professional use Ind	ustrial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Two component coating for interior use.
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la F 09103 PAMIERS (France	•
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C	
substance of mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2	
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

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Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 Pariger P226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
butan-2-ol	≥10 - <20	78-92-2
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	≥10 - ≤25	25068-38-6
nitroethane	≤10	79-24-3
1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)	≤10	30499-70-8
oxirane		
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	≤3	61788-32-7
zinc oxide	≤3	1314-13-2
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	≤3	90640-67-8
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	≤3	2530-83-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Chemical formula

: Not applicable.



Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Event medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	Event medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Event medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Even medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effe	ects		
Eye contact	: 🗭 auses serious eye dar	nage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: 🛙	/lay cause an allergic sl	kin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	ptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may pain watering redness	include the following:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	include the following:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	include the following:	
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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.
No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Per- ory of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any pro- ch this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions id exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precau- n read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. If athe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environmen adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation lequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless ac tilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative ma- patible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use t, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-p ntilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sp e precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty in product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	ocess in before use. itions have to not t. Use only is dequately ade from a e away from roof electrical parking tools.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ng, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this r dled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face ng, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and prot ipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additio rmation on hygiene measures.	before ective
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	re in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and a a. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, tilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and k. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from o erials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to p tage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate contain id environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible m ore handling or use.	cool and well- l food and oxidizing Containers prevent nment to



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
butan-2-ol nitroethane		Workplace Safety and (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 303 m PEL (long term): 100 p Workplace Safety and (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 307 m PEL (long term): 100 p	ng/m³ 8 hours. pm 8 hours. Health Act ng/m³ 8 hours.
Terphenyl, hydrogenated		Workplace Safety and (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 0.5 pp PEL (long term): 4.9 m	mealth Act
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other contaminants belo also need to keep	quate ventilation. Use process enclosures, lo engineering controls to keep worker exposu w any recommended or statutory limits. The gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any ion-proof ventilation equipment.	re to airborne engineering controls
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with th cases, fume scrub	entilation or work process equipment should the ne requirements of environmental protection bers, filters or engineering modifications to the necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable	legislation. In some ne process
Individual protection measu	ires		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking ar Appropriate techni Contaminated wor contaminated cloth	arms and face thoroughly after handling cher nd using the lavatory and at the end of the wo ques should be used to remove potentially co k clothing should not be allowed out of the w hing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash sta to the workstation location.	orking period. ontaminated clothing. orkplace. Wash
Eye/face protection	assessment indica gases or dusts. If unless the assess	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	be worn at all time this is necessary. check during use t should be noted th different for differe	t, impervious gloves complying with an appro s when handling chemical products if a risk a Considering the parameters specified by the that the gloves are still retaining their protection the time to breakthrough for any glove main of glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, the protection time of the gloves cannot be	assessment indicates glove manufacturer, ve properties. It terial may be ures, consisting of
Body protection	being performed a before handling thi wear anti-static pro	e equipment for the body should be selected nd the risks involved and should be approve is product. When there is a risk of ignition fro otective clothing. For the greatest protection ng should include anti-static overalls, boots an	d by a specialist om static electricity, from static
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwe selected based on	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Red.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:	Not available.
boiling range		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 25°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.7% Upper: 9% (butan-2-ol)
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 7.95 (Air = 1) (Terphenyl, hydrogenated). Weighted average: 2.81 (Air = 1)
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 4.07 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
SADT	: Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
nitroethane	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	310 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	860 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Mouse	12500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3970 uĽ/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	22600 uL/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
resin	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 Ul	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
,	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Opecific target organ toxic		J · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol			Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxici	tv (re	epeated exposure)	<u> </u>		
Not available.		<u>opoulou oxpoouloj</u>			
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	: [$\overline{\mathcal{C}}$ auses serious eye dama	ge.		
Inhalation	:	No known significant effec	ts or critical haza	ards.	
Skin contact	:	Zauses severe burns. Ma	y cause an aller	gic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effec	ts or critical haza	ards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	ysica	II, chemical and toxicolo	<u>gical characteri</u>	<u>stics</u>	
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may ir pain watering redness	clude the followi	ng:	
Inhalation	i	Adverse symptoms may ir reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	nclude the followi	ng:	
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may ir pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	nclude the followi	ng:	
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may in stomach pains reduced fetal weight ncrease in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	iclude the followi	ng:	
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts a</u>	nd also chronic effects f	rom short and I	ong term expos	ure
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			

Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-2-ol reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin nitroethane Terphenyl, hydrogenated zinc oxide Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	0.61 2.64 to 3.78 0.18 - - -2.65	- 31 - 5200 28960 -	low low high high low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	₩N3469	₩N3469	W N3469
UN proper shipping name	AINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	AINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	AINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)		3 (8)
Packing group	III	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Marine Pollutant(s): reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information		
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E, S-C I [•] he marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.



Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous goods.

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6 October 2022
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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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