

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F70-A BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : F70-A BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

SDS code : 21070100B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

Product use : Two component coating for interior use.

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS

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France

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

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Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

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2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -

Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

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2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after

handling.

Response : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	Official Gazette notice reference number	
			CSCL	ISHL
Manium dioxide	≥25 - ≤50	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225	2-(3)-509
butan-2-ol	≥10 - ≤25	78-92-2	2-3049	2-(8)-300
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	7.3	61788-32-7	4-41	Not available.
benzyl alcohol	≤10	100-51-6	3-1011	(3)-1011
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	≤5.0	90640-67-8	Not available.	Not available.
zinc oxide	≤3.0	1314-13-2	1-561	(1)-561
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.30	77-99-6	2-245	(2)-245

4. First aid measures

Inhalation

Eet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Ingestion

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

undergrify with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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7. Handling and storage

Handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
utan-2-ol	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 9/2021).
	OEL-M: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
benzyl alcohol	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 9/2021). Skin sensitizer.
	OEL-C: 25 mg/m ³

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity. wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Gray.

Odor : Characteristic.

Hq : Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Pensky-Martens]

: Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

	V	apor Pressu	ure at 20°C	V	/apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
outan-2-ol	12.75	1.7				
butan-1-ol	<7.5	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
propane-1,2-diol	0.15	0.02	EU A.4			
aluminium hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01				
benzyl alcohol	0.05	0.0067				
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	0.0026	0.00035	OECD 104			
triphenyl phosphite	0.00052	0.000069	EU A.4			
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	0	0	EPA OPPTS 830.7950			
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-	0	0	EU A.4			

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9. Physical and chemical properties

N29,N30,N31,N32 copper

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Density : **1.**31 g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
<mark>c</mark> ∕old water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Ethene, homopolymer	330 to 410	626 to 770	
butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	356	672.8	EU A.16
propane-1,2-diol	371	699.8	
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	374	705.2	
butan-2-ol	377	710.6	
benzyl alcohol	436	816.8	
triphenyl phosphite	>400	>752	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 611 mm²/s (611 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 101 mm²/s (101 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Guinea pig Mouse Rabbit Rat Mouse Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Mouse	8000 ppm 48500 mg/m³ 1067 mg/kg 771 mg/kg 277 mg/kg 1193 mg/kg 764 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg	4 hours 4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	Rat Guinea pig Mouse Rabbit Rat Mouse Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Mouse	48500 mg/m³ 1067 mg/kg 771 mg/kg 277 mg/kg 1193 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	4 hours
LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	Guinea pig Mouse Rabbit Rat Mouse Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	1067 mg/kg 771 mg/kg 277 mg/kg 1193 mg/kg 764 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - - - - -
LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	Mouse Rabbit Rat Mouse Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	771 mg/kg 277 mg/kg 1193 mg/kg 764 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - - - -
LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Mouse Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	277 mg/kg 1193 mg/kg 764 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - - -
LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	Mouse Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	1193 mg/kg 764 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - - -
LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	764 mg/kg 138 mg/kg 4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - - -
LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	4893 mg/kg 4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - - -
LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Rat Mouse	4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - -
LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Mouse	4890 mg/kg 2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - -
LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Mouse	2193 mg/kg 2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	- - -
LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Mouse	2054 mg/kg 12500 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral		12500 mg/kg	-
	Pat		
LDEO Osal	Ital	17500 mg/kg	-
I LUOU UTAI	Rat		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
LD50 Intra-arterial	Rat		-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse		-
•	Rat		_
LD50 Intravenous	Mouse		-
LD50 Intravenous	Rat		-
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig		_
			_
LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit		_
LD50 Oral	Rabbit		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		_
			_
	Rat		_
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	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Intra-arterial LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit LD50 Intra-arterial Rat LD50 Intraperitoneal Rat LD50 Intraperitoneal Rat LD50 Intravenous Rat LD50 Intravenous Rat LD50 Oral Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat Rat LD50 Oral Rat Rat LD50 Oral Rat Rat LD50 Oral Rat	LD50 Oral Rat 17500 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat >24000 mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rat >10000 mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rabbit 2000 mg/kg LD50 Intra-arterial Rat 441 mg/kg LD50 Intraperitoneal Mouse 650 mg/kg LD50 Intraperitoneal Rat 400 mg/kg LD50 Intravenous Mouse 324 mg/kg LD50 Intravenous Rat 53 mg/kg LD50 Oral Guinea pig 2500 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse 1360 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse 1360 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rabbit 1040 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 1.5 mL/kg LD50 Oral Rat 1230 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 1660 mg/kg LD50 Intraperitoneal Rat 240 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse 13700 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse 13700 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse 14000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
\$2/21070100B-GRY_SBTC_F70 benzyl alcohol Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	5423.2	34422.3	N/A	N/A	24.9
	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<mark>b∕</mark> utan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	E MANUEL 11	D		mg	
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500	-
				mg	

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11. Toxicological information

Respiratory sensitization/Skin sensitization

Not available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
,	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 460000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

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12. Ecological information

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	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2246000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14400000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
vutan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	-	5200	high
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low
triethylenetetramine fraction			
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

Mobility in soil : Not available.

Hazardous to the ozone

<u>layer</u>

: Not applicable.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

UN : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. IMDG Code Segregation group Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	, ,,	Danger category		Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

ISHL

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
	≥25 - ≤50	Listed	191
-	≥10 - ≤25	Listed	477
benzyl alcohol	≤10	Listed	530-2
zinc oxide	≤3.0	Listed	188

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
- benzyl alcohol zinc oxide	≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤25 ≤10 ≤3.0	Listed Listed Listed Listed	191 477 530-2 188

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15. Regulatory information

ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous

: Inflammable

Substances

Organic solvents

: Class 2

poisoning prevention

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
rerphenyl, hydrogenated	≤10	Monitoring	21
butan-1-ol	≤0.30	Priority	124
		assessment	
propane-1,2-diol	≤0.30	Priority	106
		assessment	

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
	7.3	Class 1	238

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 1

16. Other information

History

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: 2 Version **Unique ID**

> ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

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1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

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16. Other information

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -	Calculation method
Category 3	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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