

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F70-A TUK GREY BAC 707

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: F70-A TUK GREY BAC 707
SDS code	: 21070100K

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional u	e Industrial use	
Uses advised against		
All other uses		
Product use	: Two component coating for interior use.	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

responsible for this SDS

National advisory body/Poison Center				
Telephone number	: +354 543 22 22			
<u>Supplier</u>				
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30			
	. 33 (0)3 01 00 23 30			

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Hours of operation

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

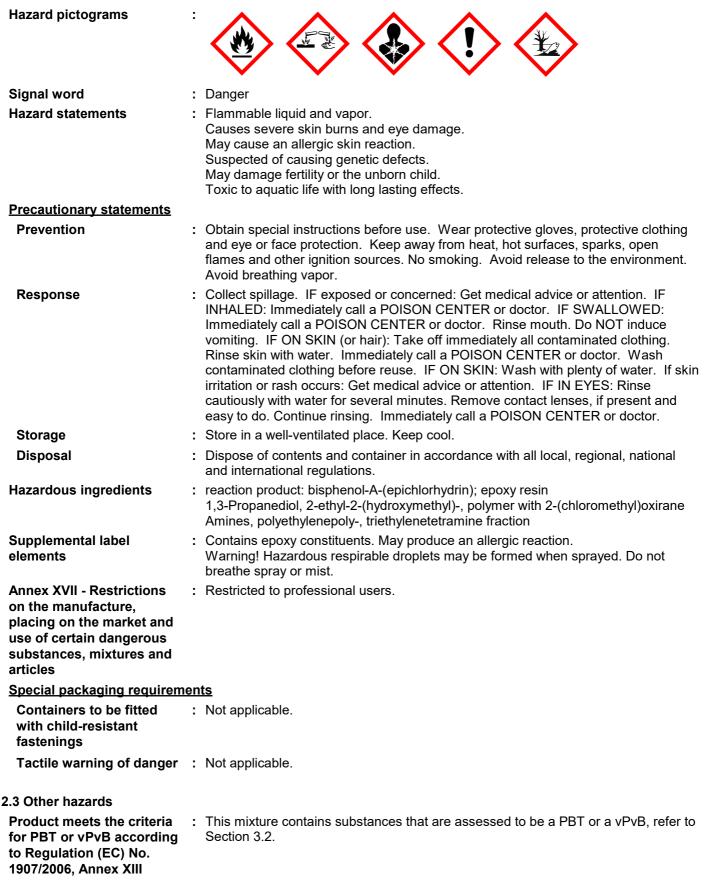
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

: None known. Other hazards which do

not result in classification

The mixture may be a skin sensitizer. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
butan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
nitroethane	CAS: 78-92-2 REACH #: 01-2119966158-27 EC: 201-188-9 CAS: 79-24-3	≥10 - ≤15	STOT SE 3, H336 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Index: 609-035-00-1 REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2,	[1]
1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane	Index: 603-074-00-8 REACH #: 01-2120078341-60 CAS: 30499-70-8	≤10	H411 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Muta. 2, H341 (oral) Repr. 1B, H360 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	REACH #: 01-2119488183-33 EC: 262-967-7 CAS: 61788-32-7	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2] [4]
benzyl alcohol	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≤4.5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	≤2.5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Type



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low-molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray, mist and vapors should be avoided.

Contains reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700), 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the
substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with
the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long
lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and
prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures			
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.		

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and materials fo	r c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections
 See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

contractor.



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits



Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
butan-2-ol	Minsitry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
nitroethane	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Minsitry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 62 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	STEL: 312 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Minsitry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2018). TWA: 4.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.4 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equi- the following: the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace ath for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures rement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient nam	ne Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
butan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	52 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		U U	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	212 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Ū	bw/day		
nitroethane	DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	U	population	
	DNEL	Short term	5 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	U	population	
	DNEL	Long term	8.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	U		
	DNEL	Short term	15 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	
	DNEL	Short term	17 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ		
	DNEL	Short term	50 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ŭ		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	210 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	350 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
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	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 1250 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	kg bw/day 2100 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weigh	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	kg bw/day 0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
≤ 700)	L			[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	kg bw/day 3.571 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 3.571 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	kg bw/day 8.33 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 8.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	12.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	DNEL	Long term	2.01 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.622 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	kg bw/day 0.358 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.222 mg/ kg bw/day	[Consumers] Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.074 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	[Consumers] General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.38 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	27.8 mg/ kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	46.3 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83.8 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
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	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Chore torm Donnar	bw/day	population	e yotonno
	DNEL	Long term	22 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	22 mg/m	WUIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	27 mg/m ³	General	Svotomio
	DNEL		27 mg/m-		Systemic
		Inhalation	40	population	0
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/	General	Systemic
triethylenetetramine fraction			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.29 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J J	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/	General	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day	population	5
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	2.122	Long tonin Donnia	kg bw/day		e you into
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m^3	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	i iiig/iii	WUIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Short term Derman			Systemic
			bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1600 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	5380 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
		Ĭ	kg bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m^3	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	,
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL			-	Systemic
		Long torm Dormal	bw/day	population Workers	Svotomio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	workers	Systemic
			bw/day		

PNECs

Product/ingredient name		Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail	
reaction product: bisphenol-A (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin average molecular weight < 7	(number	Fresh water	3 µg/l	-	
5 5	,	Marine water	0.3 µg/l	-	
		Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-	
		Fresh water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-	
		Marine water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-	
		Sediment	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-	
Terphenyl, hydrogenated		Fresh water	2 µg/l	Assessment Factors	
		Marine water	0.2 µg/l	Assessment Factors	
		Sewage Treatment Plant	10.3 mg/l	Assessment Factors	
		Fresh water sediment	63.2 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitionin	
		Marine water sediment	6.32 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitionin	
		Soil	12.6 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitionin	
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Secondary Poisoning 2.22 mg/kg Assessm 8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local e ventilation or other engineering controls to keep work rexposure to contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engine controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below a explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures • Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the vAppropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated work dothing should not be allowed out of the workpit contaminated work dothing should not be allowed out of the workpit contaminated work dothing should not be allowed out of the workpit contaminated work dothing should not contaminated indicates a higher degree of protection should unless the assessment indicates the protection value unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection ensuit unless the assessment and that the menhanding chemical products or any glowe material and the set was at all times when handing there are equilable to receive protection class of 6 (breakthrough for any glowe material different for different glowe are still relaining their protective protection class of 6 (breakthrough inter a yais) are protected of the except were the advected of the protection for the protecting the protection for the protecting of the protecting the the glow involute, the protection related and the first hole of the glowes cannot be accelled the glowes are still relaining their protective protection class of 6 (breakthrough time a yais) are many glowe material different for different glowe manufactures. In the case of mixtures, aseveral substanc	SECTION 8: Exposu		-	-		Accoment Fasters
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appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used accorrespiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and	Other skin protection	sele	ected based on the	e task being perf	ormed and the risks	
	Respiratory protection	app resp	ropriate standard piratory protection	or certification.	Respirators must be	e used according to a
Date of issue/Date of revision: 1-11-2022Version: 2.01	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-1	1-2022		Version : 2.01	
Date of previous issue : 5-10-2022 11/20	Date of previous issue	: 5-1	0-2022		11/20	AkzoNobe

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to
controls	ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
	In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical	and chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: 25°C
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Highest known value: 7.95 (Air = 1) (Terphenyl, hydrogenated). Weighted average: 3.14 (Air = 1)
Density	: 1.235 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 4.45 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related	to reactivity available for this proc	luct or its ingredients.	
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
nitroethane	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	310 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	860 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Mouse	12500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
y	LD50 Intra-arterial	Rat	441 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	650 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	324 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	53 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1360 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1360 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	1040 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	1040 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.5 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1660 mg/kg	_
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	
		MOUSE	r 350 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 Ul	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	•			
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)					

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inclusion stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ude the following:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inclu pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ude the following:
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may inclu reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ude the following:
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may inclu pain watering redness	ude the following:



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>8</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Other information	:	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 460000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Č	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	<u> </u>	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	10	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

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: Not available.
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
nitroethane	0.18	-	low
reaction product: bisphenol-	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy			
resin			
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	-	5200	high
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low
triethylenetetramine fraction			
zinc oxide	-	28960	high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
butan-2-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
nitroethane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	No	N/A	Yes	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
benzyl alcohol	No	N/A	N/A	No	Ň/A	N/A	N/A
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.		
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.		
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.		
European waste catalogue (EWC)			

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4 Packing group		111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Marine Pollutant(s): reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

ADR/RID	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E, S-C The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name		Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Terphenyl, hydrogenated		vPvB	Candidate	ED/61/2018	6/27/2018
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to	professional users.			
<u>Other EU regulations</u>					
VOC		is of Directive 2004/42/l and/or technical data s			lefer to the
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable	е.			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
Ozone depleting substance	<u>es (1005/2009/El</u>	<u>(L</u>			
Not listed.					
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.					
Seveso Directive					
This product is controlled un	der the Seveso D	irective.			
Danger criteria					
Category					
P5c E2					

National regulations

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Europe : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical Safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information	on that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

1			
H226		Flammable liquid and vapor.	
H302		Harmful if swallowed.	
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.	
H314		Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H315		Causes skin irritation.	
H317		May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332		Harmful if inhaled.	
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H341		Suspected of causing genetic defects.	
H360		May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
H400		Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
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	F70-A TUK GREY BAC 707		
SECTION 16: Other information			
H411 H412	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Full text of classifications	[CLP/GHS]		
Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Muta. 2 Repr. 1B Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Stin Sens. 1B STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3		
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Notice to reader			

Notice to reader

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