

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

F70-A TUK GREY BAC 707 - M9001

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1	Product	identifier

Product name	: F70-A TUK GREY BAC 707 - M9001
SDS code	: 21070100K

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional u	se Industrial use	
Uses advised against		
All other uses		
Product use	: Two component coating for interior use.	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

responsible for this SDS

National advisory body/Poison Center			
Telephone number	: +3130274 8888		
<u>Supplier</u>			
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 +33 (0)5 61 60 23		

5

Hours of operation

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

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See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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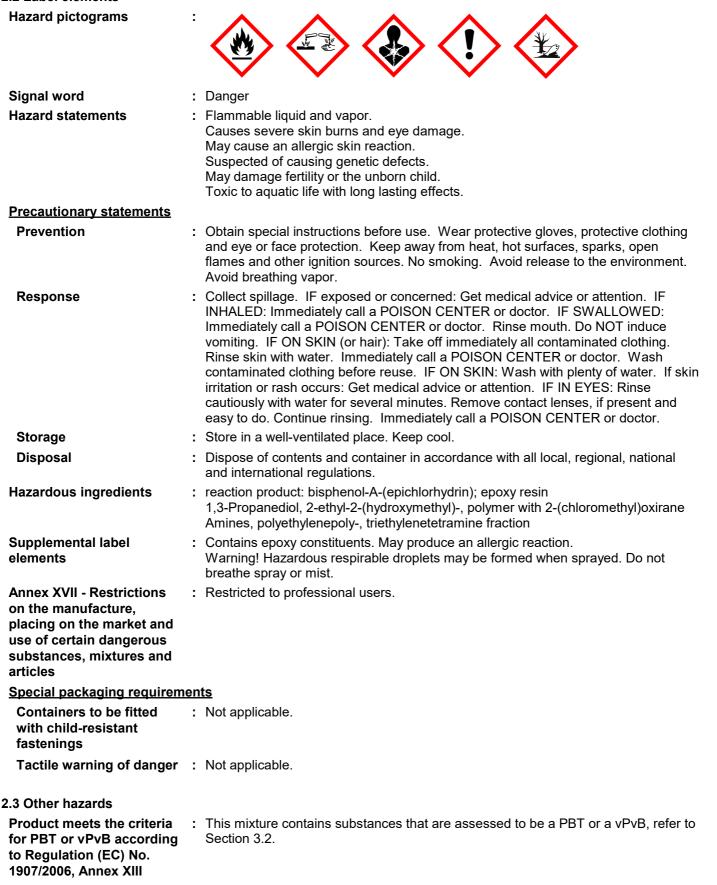
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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

The mixture may be a skin sensitizer. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
<mark>b∕u</mark> tan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
nitroethane	CAS: 78-92-2 REACH #: 01-2119966158-27 EC: 201-188-9 CAS: 79-24-3 Index: 609-035-00-1	≥10 - ≤15	STOT SE 3, H336 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane	REACH #: 01-2120078341-60 CAS: 30499-70-8	≤10	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Muta. 2, H341 (oral) Repr. 1B, H360 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	REACH #: 01-2119488183-33 EC: 262-967-7 CAS: 61788-32-7	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2] [4]
benzyl alcohol	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≤4.5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	≤2.5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low-molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray, mist and vapors should be avoided.

Contains reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight  $\leq$  700), 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the<br/>substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br/>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br/>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long<br/>lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and<br/>prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.			

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training vacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel fr itering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition so o flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Pu lequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequa ut on appropriate personal protective equipment.	rom urces. rovide
For emergency responders	specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any formation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the formation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	void dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, ains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused ivironmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting mater ay be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spilla	rial.
6.3 Methods and materials fo	tainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	op leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof too plosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.	ls and

	contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

 6.4 Reference to other sections
 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal



### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits



Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
nitroethane Terphenyl, hydrogenated	<ul> <li>Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2019). Absorbed through skin. STEL,15-min: 312 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 62 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2019). STEL,15-min: 48 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 19 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>		
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equil the following: If the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atmospheres atmospheres)	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance		

documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
butan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Ū.	bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Ū.	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	212 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	, C		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Ū.	bw/day		
nitroethane	DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ū	population	
	DNEL	Short term	5 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Short term	15 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	17 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	50 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	210 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	350 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1250 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2100 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		-
reaction product: bisphenol-A-	DNEL	Short term	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
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(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight		Inhalation	kg bw/day	population [Consumers]	
≤ 700)					
	DNEL	Long term	0.75 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	, č	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
		Short torm Dormal	kg bw/day	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long torm Dorman	kg bw/day	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		-
	DNEL	Short term	12.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term	12.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
Tamband budgers at 1		Inhalation	$m^3$		Queteret
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	DNEL	Long term	2.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvorkers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.622 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day	VVUINCIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	0.358 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	0,0001110
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.222 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.074 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	<b>_</b>			[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long term	bw/day	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	8.38 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5.55 mg/m	VI UINGI 3	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	27.8 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	46.3 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	<b>_</b>		kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	83.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	4	General	Systemic
honzul alaaha!		Long torm Oral		veneral	SVSIEITIIC
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day		-,
benzyl alcohol			bw/day	population	
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral Long term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
benzyl alcohol			bw/day 4 mg/kg	population General	
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m³	population General population General population	Systemic Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg	population General population General population Workers General	Systemic Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Oral	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General population Workers General population	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg	population General population General population Workers General population General	Systemic Systemic Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Oral Short term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Oral Short term Dermal Long term	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg	population General population General population Workers General population General	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Oral Short term Dermal	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Oral Short term Dermal Long term	bw/day 4 mg/kg bw/day 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day 20 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General population Workers General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic

	DNEL	Short term	27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³ ́	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1600 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5380 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Fresh water	3 µg/l	-
с с ,	Marine water	0.3 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sediment	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	Fresh water	2 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.2 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10.3 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	63.2 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment Soil	6.32 mg/kg dwt 12.6 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	2.22 mg/kg	Assessment Factors

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

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<b>SECTION 8: Exposu</b>	re controls/personal protection
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to
controls	ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
	In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical	and chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 7.95 (Air = 1) (Terphenyl, hydrogenated). Weighted average: 3.14 (Air = 1)
Density	: 1.235 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 4.45 cm <sup>2</sup> /s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm <sup>2</sup> /s

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	-	
10.1 Reactivity	specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or	its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	e product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions w	ill not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	oid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not press aze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of	
10.5 Incompatible materials	active or incompatible with the following materials: dizing materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposit buld not be produced.	tion products
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
nitroethane	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	310 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	860 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Mouse	12500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
<b>y</b>	LD50 Intra-arterial	Rat	441 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	650 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	324 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	53 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1360 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1360 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	1040 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	1040 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.5 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1660 mg/kg	_
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	<b>_</b>
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	
		MOUSE	r 350 mg/kg	-

### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 Ul	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	•			
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Sensitization		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not availabl	e.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not availabl	e.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not availabl	e.
Reproductive toxicity		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not availabl	e.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not availabl	e.
Specific target organ toxic	ity (single expo	<u>sure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

<b>Potential</b>	acute	health	effects	

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inc stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	lude the following:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	-
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may inc reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	lude the following:
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain watering redness	lude the following:



### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>8</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Other information	:	Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 460000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	C C	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Ĵ,	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

```
: Not available.
```

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	low	
nitroethane	0.18	-	low	
reaction product: bisphenol-	2.64 to 3.78	31	low	
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy				
resin				
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	-	5200	high	
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low	
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low	
triethylenetetramine fraction				
zinc oxide	-	28960	high	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
butan-2-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
nitroethane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	No	N/A	Yes	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
benzyl alcohol	No	N/A	N/A	No	Ň/A	N/A	N/A
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
European waste catalogue	<u>e (EWC)</u>

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4 Packing group		111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Marine Pollutant(s): reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

ADR/RID	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ . <u><b>Tunnel code</b></u> (D/E)
IMDG	:	<b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, S-C The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

### <u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name		Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Terphenyl, hydrogenated		vPvB	Candidate	ED/61/2018	6/27/2018
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to	professional users.			
Other EU regulations					
VOC		ns of Directive 2004/42/ and/or technical data s			Refer to the
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable	e.			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/El</u>	<u>n)</u>			
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC) (649/2012/EU</u>	<u>D</u>			
<u>Seveso Directive</u>					

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### Danger criteria

Category P5c E2			
Industrial use	own assessment of work	ed in this safety data sheet does not cplace risks, as required by other he is of the national health and safety a t at work.	ealth and safety
Water Discharge Policy (ABM)	: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z		
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol
Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.
Inventory list
Europe : Not determined.
15.2 Chemical Safety       : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.         Assessment
SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

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H360		May damage fertility or the unborn child.					
H341		Suspected of causing genetic defects.					
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.					
H314 H315 H317 H319 H332 H335		Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.					
				Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.			
				H312		Harmful in contact with skin.	
				H302		Harmful if swallowed.	
				H226		Flammable liquid and vapor.	

Very toxic to aquatic life.		
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]		
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		

Category 3

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

**SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1** 

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

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Unique ID :	

#### Notice to reader

Muta. 2

Repr. 1B

Skin Corr. 1B

Skin Corr. 1C

Skin Irrit 2

Skin Sens, 1

STOT SE 3

Skin Sens. 1B

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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