

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### FR1-55 BASE SANDY BEIGE

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : FR1-55 BASE SANDY BEIGE

SDS code : 21055100B

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Waterborne paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

Product use : Filler for interior use

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS

10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098

09103 PAMIERS Cedex

France

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

### 2. Hazards identification

**GHS Classification** : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A** 

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (immune

system, kidneys, respiratory system)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

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### 2. Hazards identification

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing

and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal** 

and international regulations.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name  | %                            | CAS number   | Official Gazette notice reference number          |   |
|--|------------------------------|--|---|---|
|  |                              |  | CSCL  | ISHL  |
| fystalline silica titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder C(M)IT/MIT(3:1) | <10<br>≤10<br><1.0<br><0.025 | 14808-60-7<br>13463-67-7<br>14808-60-7<br>55965-84-9 | 1-548<br>1-558; 5-5225<br>1-548<br>Not available. | (1)-548<br>2-(3)-509<br>(1)-548<br>Not available. |

### 4. First aid measures

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

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### 4. First aid measures

#### Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section

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### 6. Accidental release measures

13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                       | Exposure limits                         |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>⊘</b> rystalline-quartz            | Japan Society for Occupational Health   |
|                                       | (Japan, 5/2017).                        |
|                                       | OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m³ Form: Respirable dust |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | Japan Society for Occupational Health   |
|                                       | (Japan, 5/2019).                        |
|                                       | OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m³ Form: Respirable dust |

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

#### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic.

Ha

: Not available. Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: 105°C Flash point

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available. Density : 1.503 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 4.32 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

Kinematic (40°C): 2.01 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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# 11. Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity**

Not available.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| •                       | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>⊘</b> (M)IT/MIT(3:1) | 100              | 50                | N/A                            | N/A                              | 0.05   |

### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

### Respiratory sensitization/Skin sensitization

Not available.

### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                    |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|--|
| ☑rystalline-quartz                    | Category 1 |                   | immune system,<br>kidneys,<br>respiratory system |  |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | inhalation        | -  |  |

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                             | Species                                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------|
| titanium dioxide        | Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                    | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                    | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate       | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water      | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water     | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water    | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -                  | 48 hours |

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|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| 12. Ecological          | information                           |                                      |          |  |  |
|                         |                                       | Neonate                              |          |  |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |  |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas           | 96 hours |  |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus         | 96 hours |  |  |

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

**Mobility in soil** : Not available.

**Hazardous to the ozone** 

layer

: Not applicable.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

|                            | UN             | IMDG           | IATA           |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number                  | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name    | -              | -              | -              |
| Transport hazard class(es) | -              | -              | -              |
| Packing group              | -              | -              | -              |
| Environmental hazards      | No.            | No.            | No.            |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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# 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

### Fire Service Law

| Category             | Substance name/Type | Danger category |                | Designated quantity |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Specified flammables | Combustible liquid  | Not applicable  | Not applicable | 2 m³                |

### **ISHL**

### Substances requiring labelling

| Ingredient name                       | %    | Status | Reference number |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------|------------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | <1.0 | Listed | 165-2            |
| crystalline silica                    | <10  | Listed | 165-2            |
| titanium dioxide                      | ≤10  | Listed | 191              |

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

| Ingredient name                       | %    | Status | Reference number |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------|------------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | <1.0 | Listed | 165-2            |
| crystalline silica                    | <10  | Listed | 165-2            |
| titanium dioxide                      | ≤10  | Listed | 191              |

### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

| Ingredient name                       | %      | Status     | Reference number |
|---------------------------------------|--------|------------|------------------|
| <b>d</b> odecamethylcyclohexasiloxane | ≤0.10  | Monitoring | 41               |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane          | <0.010 | Monitoring | 40               |
| 2-butoxyethanol                       | ≤0.10  | Priority   | 109              |
| -                                     |        | assessment |                  |

### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 1

### 16. Other information

**History** 

revision

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### 16. Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification      |
|---|--------------------|
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1                                 | Calculation method |
| GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2                             | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A                                   | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3                             | Calculation method |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3                         | Calculation method |

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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