

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FR1-55 HARDENER

: Product identifier

: SDS code

: Signal word

: Hazard statements

Section 1. Identification

FR1-55 HARDENER 21055000D

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Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on		
	fied uses	
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
All other uses		
Filler for interior use		: Product use
		Supplier's details
	MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France	\$30098
		: Importer
PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com		: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
+33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30		: Emergency telephone number
Section 2. Hazard identification		
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOS irritation) - Category 3	SURE) (Respiratory tract	: Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS label elements		: Hazard pictograms

Danger Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazard identification

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot : Prevention surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off : Response contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. : Storage Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national : Disposal and international regulations. : Other hazards which do not None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture	: Substance/mixture
Not available.	: Other means of
	identification

CAS number	%	Ingredient name
28182-81-2	≥25 - ≤50	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
129217-88-5	≥10 - <25	1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione, 1,3,5-tris(6-isocyanatohexyl)-, reaction products with polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether
-	≤10	Polyisocyanate, aliphatic
2530-83-8	≤10	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately : **Eye contact** flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.



Section 4. First aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Causes serious eye damage.	: Eye contact
Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	: Inhalation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.	: Skin contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Ingestion
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	: Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	: Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	: Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	: Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	:	Notes to physician
No specific treatment.	:	Specific treatments
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	:	Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)



: Skin contact

: Ingestion

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

- Do not use water jet.
- Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and **: Small spill** explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

- : Suitable extinguishing media
- : Unsuitable extinguishing media
- : Specific hazards arising from the chemical
- : Hazardous thermal decomposition products
- : Special protective actions for fire-fighters
- : Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: For emergency responders

: Environmental precautions

: For non-emergency

personnel



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

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: Protective measures

: Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Environmental exposure controls

: Appropriate engineering

controls

- : Eye/face protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	:	Hand protection
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	:	Body protection
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	:	Other skin protection
Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a	:	Respiratory protection

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

aspects of use.

Liquid.
Colorless.
Characteristic.
Not available.
Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Not available.
Not available.

Vapor pressure at 50°C

Closed cup: 66°C (150.8°F) [Pensky-Martens] Not available. Not available.

- : Physical state
- : Color
- : Odor
- : Odor threshold
- : pH
- : Melting point/freezing point
- : Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range
- : Flash point
- : Flammability
- : Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit
- : Vapor pressure

	· ·					
Method	kPa	mm Hg	Method	kPa	mm Hg	Ingredient name
				<110	<825	Polyisocyanate, aliphatic
				0.93	7	DPG-DME
				0.0013	0.01	hexamethylene-di- isocyanate
				0.0011	0.0082	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl]trimethoxysilane
			EU A.4	0.0000024	0.000018	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Vapor Pressure at 20°C

Not available.

1.062 g/cm3 [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

: Relative vapor density

: Density

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Media	Result			: Solubility(ies)
old water	Not solu	ıble [OESO (TG 105)]	
Not available.				Solubility in water
Not applicable.				: Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water
Method	°F	°C	Ingredient name	: Auto-ignition temperature
	329	165	DPG-DME	
DIN 51794	752	400	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	
	849.2	454	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	
Not available.				: Decomposition temperature
Kinematic (room tem Kinematic (40°C (104			t) [DIN EN ISO 3219] [DIN EN ISO 3219]	: Viscosity
Particle characteris	<u>tics</u>			
Not applicable.				: Median particle size
Section 10. S	Stability a	and read	ctivity	
No specific test data r	elated to react	ivity available	e for this product or its ingredients.	: Reactivity
The product is stable.				: Chemical stability
Under normal conditio	ons of storage	and use, haz	ardous reactions will not occur.	: Possibility of hazardous reactions
			me). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, heat or sources of ignition.	: Conditions to avoid
Reactive or incompati oxidizing materials	: Incompatible materials			
Under normal conditions should not be produced		and use, haz	ardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
hours	18500 mg/m³	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
-	3970 uL/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane
-	7.01 g/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	5
-	22600 uL/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
	100 mg	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
-	500 mg 100 mg	-	Rabbit Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane
-	500 mg	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

<u>Teratogenicity</u>

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Respiratory tract irritation	-	Category 3	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Not available.	: Information on the likely routes of exposure
Potential acute health effects	
Causes serious eye damage.	: Eye contact
Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	: Inhalation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.	: Skin contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Ingestion
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following:	: Eye contact
respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	: Skin contact

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long te	<u>rm exposure</u>
Short term exposure	
Not available.	: Potential immediate effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Long term exposure	
Not available.	: Potential immediate effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Potential chronic health effects	
Not available.	
Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	: General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Reproductive toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Potential	BCF	LogPow	Product/ingredient name
I ow	367.7	5.54	Hexamethylene diisocyanate,
			oligomers

Mobility in soil

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Ingestion

: Other adverse effects

: Disposal methods

e

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG	UN	
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	UN number
-	-	-	UN proper shipping name
-	-	-	Transport hazard class(es)
-	-	-	Packing group
No.	No.	No.	Environmental hazards

Additional information

MDG Code Segregation group Not applicable

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list Not determined.

All components are listed or exempted. Not determined. **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined. **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined. **Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined. : IMDG

: Special precautions for user

- : Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
- Canada
 China
 Eurasian Economic Union
 Japan
- . Jupan

: Australia

- : New Zealand
- : Philippines
- : Republic of Korea
- : Taiwan
- : Thailand
- : Turkey
- : United States
- : Viet Nam

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>

9 December 2022

- 9 December 2022
- 6 October 2022

1.02

- : Date of printing
- : Date of issue/Date of revision
- : Date of previous issue
- : Version
- : Unique ID
- : Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations Procedure used to derive the classification

JustificationClassificationImage: Provide the state of the state o

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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