## **AkzoNobel**

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### FR5-55 HIGH-GLOSS BASE

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FR5-55 HIGH-GLOSS BASE

**SDS code** : 65900000B

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

₩aterborne paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

**Product use** : Waterborne coating for interior use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France

e-mail address of person

: PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number : 112

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01

+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

Hours of operation :

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements**: Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the

environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with

plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation

persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains methyl methacrylate and C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic

reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger**: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]

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<b>SECTION 3: Composition</b>	on/information on i	ngredients		
2-butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Index: 603-014-00-0 EC: 203-542-8 CAS: 108-01-0 Index: 603-047-00-0	≤2.5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1]
isotridecan-1-ol	EC: 248-469-2 CAS: 27458-92-0	<1	STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1,	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤0.3	H410 (M=1) Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-588-0	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
C(M)IT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains methyl methacrylate, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

: No specific data. Ingestion

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for

chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.
Industrial sector specific : Not available.
solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 2005).
	NGV: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	NGV: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-butoxyethanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	2/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
4	STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	2/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 190 mg/m 6 hours.
methyl methacrylate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
Thousand Thousand The Control of the	2/2018). Skin sensitizer.
	STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	2/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

## procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

			ersonal prote			-
				bw/day		
		DNEL	Short term	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Short term	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
			Inhalation	]		
		DNEL	Short term	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		DIVLE	Inhalation	+20 mg/m	population	Systemio
		DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		DINEL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	VVOINGIS	Cysternic
	2 dimethylaminaethanal	ראבי		1.04 mg/	Workers	Systemis
	2-dimethylaminoethanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal		vvoikeis	Systemic
		DAIE:	Chartt	kg bw/day	\\\\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Cyctor-:
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		DAIE:	l one town	bw/day	\\\alpha	
		DNEL	Long term	7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		<b></b>	Inhalation		100	
		DNEL	Long term	7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation		<b></b> .	<u> </u>
		DNEL	Short term	22 mg/m³	Workers	Local
			Inhalation			[_
		DNEL	Short term	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation			-
	isotridecan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		_		bw/day	population	-
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			J 2 5ai	bw/day	population	'
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.94 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			g .c Doilliai	kg bw/day		= , = = =
		DNEL	Long term	7.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		PINEL	Inhalation	7.5 mg/m²	population	Cystellio
		ראבי		215 -2		Systemia
		DNEL	Long term	24.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	1 mothews 2 preparate	ראיבי	Inhalation	22	Concret	System:
	1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		D	1 1	bw/day	population	O. a. t
		DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
			Inhalation		population	
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1		DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	-
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	methyl methacrylate  Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal  Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Long term	bw/day 183 mg/kg bw/day 369 mg/m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 8.2 mg/kg bw/day 13.67 mg/ kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m³ 104 mg/m³ 208 mg/m³	population Workers  Workers  Workers  Workers  General population Workers  General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local
		DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal  Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation	bw/day 183 mg/kg bw/day 369 mg/m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 8.2 mg/kg bw/day 13.67 mg/ kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m³ 104 mg/m³ 208 mg/m³	population Workers  Workers  Workers  Workers  General population Workers  General population General population Workers  Workers  Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Local Systemic
	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal  Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation	bw/day 183 mg/kg bw/day 369 mg/m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 8.2 mg/kg bw/day 13.67 mg/ kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m³ 104 mg/m³ 208 mg/m³ 1.6 mg/kg	population Workers  Workers  Workers  Workers  General population Workers  General population General population Workers  Workers  Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Local Systemic
	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal  Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Long term Oral	bw/day 183 mg/kg bw/day 369 mg/m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 8.2 mg/kg bw/day 13.67 mg/ kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m³ 104 mg/m³ 208 mg/m³ 1.6 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers  Workers  Workers  Workers  General population Workers  General population General population Workers  Workers  General population General population General	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic
	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal  Long term Dermal  Long term Inhalation Long term Oral	bw/day 183 mg/kg bw/day 369 mg/m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 553.5 mg/ m³ 8.2 mg/kg bw/day 13.67 mg/ kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m³ 104 mg/m³ 208 mg/m³ 1.6 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers  Workers  Workers  Workers  General population Workers  General population General population Workers  Workers  Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
	Inhalation				
DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Local	
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton  $\circledR$  or Nitrile, thickness  $\trianglerighteq$  0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Colorless. Odor : Characteristic. **Odor threshold** : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 105°C

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.).

Weighted average: 3.99 (Air = 1)

: 1.05 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Density

: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** Kinematic (room temperature): 0.57 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

Kinematic (40°C): 2.01 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light arom.				
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	700 ppm	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	3380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	230 uL/kg	_
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	536 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	220 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	1130 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	252 mg/kg	
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	307 mg/kg	_
				_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1167 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	320 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure	Mouse	1050 mg/kg	-
	unreported			
	LD50 Route of exposure	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	unreported			
2-dimethylaminoethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1641 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1370 uL/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	234 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1080 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2 g/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	961 mg/kg	_
isotridecan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	17 g/kg	_
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	10000 ppm	5 hours
1-memoxy-z-propanoi	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	3 Hours
		Rat	3720 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal			-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	5300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7800 mg/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	_
	2000 0141	. IGDDIT	or oo mg/kg	

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information** LD50 Oral Rat 7872 mg/kg LD50 Subcutaneous Guinea pig 5954 mg/kg LD50 Subcutaneous 5954 mg/kg Mouse LD50 Subcutaneous Rat 7088 mg/kg

Rat

4 hours

5000 ppm

ethylbenzene and xylene **Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

LC50 Inhalation Gas.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Reaction mass of

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 UI	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	5 UI	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	445 mg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-

Conclusion/Summary

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

: Not available.

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1490000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -	96 hours
	, ,	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Adult	
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
	, 5	Adult	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high	
2-butoxyethanol 2-dimethylaminoethanol isotridecan-1-ol 1-methoxy-2-propanol methyl methacrylate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	0.81 -0.55 5.19 <1 1.38 3.12	- - <100 - - 8.1 to 25.9	low low low low low	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### **Disposal considerations**

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 12	₩aste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **Disposal considerations**

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

#### Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

## user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances. mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not applicable.

**Industrial emissions** 

(integrated pollution

: Not listed

prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** 

: Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **National regulations**

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's

own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety

legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply

to the use of this product at work.

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

**Europe** : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.	
Flammable liquid and vapor.	
Toxic if swallowed.	
Harmful if swallowed.	
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Fatal in contact with skin.	
Harmful in contact with skin.	
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Causes skin irritation.	
May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Causes serious eye irritation.	
Fatal if inhaled.	
Harmful if inhaled.	
May cause respiratory irritation.	
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	
exposure.	
Very toxic to aquatic life.	
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3** Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** 

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -

Category 3

Date of printing Date of issue/ Date of

revision

Flam. Liq. 2

Flam. Liq. 3

Skin Corr. 1B

Skin Corr. 1C

Skin Irrit. 2

Skin Sens. 1

STOT RE 2

STOT SE 3

Skin Sens. 1A

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