# **AkzoNobel**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### FR6-55 HARDENER

### **Section 1. Identification**

FR6-55 HARDENER : **Product identifier** 

6600000D : **SDS code** 

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

All other uses

Waterborne coating for interior use. : **Product use** 

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France

: Importer

: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Emergency telephone

number

PSRA\_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

+33 (0)5 34 01 34 01

+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

# Section 2. Hazard identification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

: Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS** label elements



: Hazard pictograms

Danger

Combustible liquid.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.

: Signal word

: Hazard statements

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### Section 2. Hazard identification

#### **Precautionary statements**

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: Prevention

IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: Response

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

: Storage

and international regulations.

: Disposal

None known. : Other hazards which do not result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Substance/mixture

Not available. : Other means of

identification

| CAS number         | %         | Ingredient name  |
|--------------------|-----------|--|
| <b>2</b> 8182-81-2 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers  |
| 53880-05-0         | ≥10 - ≤25 | 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate homopolymer, isocyanurate type |
| 54839-24-6         | ≤10       | 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate   |
| 9046-01-9          | ≤10       | Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-tridecyl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate                             |
| 98-94-2            | <2        | cyclohexyldimethylamine  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

: Eye contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

: Inhalation

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Skin contact

: Ingestion

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage. : Eye contact
Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. : Inhalation
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : Skin contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eye contact

pain watering redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Skin contact

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Ingestion

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. : **Notes to physician** The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

No specific treatment. : Specific treatments

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

: Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Do not use water jet.

: Suitable extinguishing media

: Unsuitable extinguishing media

Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

: Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides : Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: For non-emergency personnel

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: For emergency responders

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

: Environmental precautions

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Small spill explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: Protective measures

: Advice on general occupational hygiene

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: Appropriate engineering controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: Environmental exposure controls

#### **Individual protection measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

: Eye/face protection

#### Skin protection

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: Hand protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: Body protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: Other skin protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

: Respiratory protection

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Liquid. : Physical state

Colorless. : Color Characteristic. : Odor

Not available. : Odor threshold

Not available. [DIN EN 1262] : pH Not available.

: Melting point/freezing point Not available. : Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: Flash point Closed cup: 63°C (145.4°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Not available. : Flammability

Not available. : Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Vapor pressure

| Vapor pressure at 50°C |     | Vapor Pressure at 20°C |          |           |          |  |
|------------------------|-----|------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|--|
| Method                 | kPa | mm Hg                  | Method   | kPa       | mm<br>Hg | Ingredient name  |
|                        |     |                        | OECD 104 | 0.32      | 2.38     | cyclohexyldimethylamine  |
|                        |     |                        | EU A.4   | 0.2       | 1.52     | 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                                 |
|                        |     |                        |          | 0.0013    | 0.01     | hexamethylene-di-<br>isocyanate                                |
|                        |     |                        |          | 0.00004   | 0.0003   | 3-isocyanatomethyl-<br>3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl<br>isocyanate |
|                        |     |                        | EU A.4   | 0.0000024 | 0.000018 | Hexamethylene<br>diisocyanate, oligomers                       |

: Relative vapor density

: Density

Not available. 1.066 g/cm3 [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Media     | Result                      |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| old water | Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] |

: Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Not applicable.

: Solubility in water

: Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

: Auto-ignition temperature

| Method        | °F    | °C  | Ingredient name   |
|---------------|-------|-----|---|
| <b>P</b> 1794 | 392   | 200 | cyclohexyldimethylamine                                     |
|               | 617   | 325 | 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                              |
|               | 806   | 430 | 3-isocyanatomethyl-<br>3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate |
|               | 849.2 | 454 | hexamethylene-di-isocyanate                                 |

Not available. : Decomposition temperature

Kinematic (room temperature): 131 mm²/s (131 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 20 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (20 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

: Viscosity

**Particle characteristics** 

Mot applicable. : Median particle size

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : Reactivity

The product is stable. : Chemical stability

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. : Possibility of hazardous reactions

Teactions

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, : **Conditions to avoid** braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

braze, coladi, ariii, griria di expede contambile te ficat di coarece di igrittori.

: Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Hazardous decomposition products

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Exposure | Dose                   | Species    | Result                          | Product/ingredient name               |
|----------|------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| hours    | 18500 mg/m³            | Rat        | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers |
| 2 hours  | 1100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Mouse      | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | cyclohexyldimethylamine               |
| 2 hours  | 1889 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Rat        | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           |                                       |
| -        | 370 mg/kg              | Rat        | LD50 Dermal                     |                                       |
| -        | 520 mg/kg              | Guinea pig | LD50 Oral                       |                                       |
| -        | 320 mg/kg              | Mouse      | LD50 Oral                       |                                       |
| -        | 620 mg/kg              | Rabbit     | LD50 Oral                       |                                       |
| -        | 348 mg/kg              | Rat        | LD50 Oral                       |                                       |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

| Ī | Observation | Exposure | Score | Species | Result                   | Product/ingredient name                  |
|---|-------------|----------|-------|---------|--------------------------|--|
|   |             | 100 mg   | -     | Rabbit  | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Hexamethylene<br>diisocyanate, oligomers |
|   | -           | 500 mg   | -     | Rabbit  | Skin - Moderate irritant | disocyanate, oligomers                   |

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Target organs                | Route of exposure | Category   | Name   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Respiratory tract irritation | -                 | Category 3 | Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers  |
| Respiratory tract irritation | -                 | Category 3 | 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate homopolymer, isocyanurate type |
| Narcotic effects             | -                 | Category 3 | 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate   |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Not available. : Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage.

: Eye contact : Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : Skin contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Ingestion

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eye contact

pain watering redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Skin contact

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

: Ingestion

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Not available. : Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Not available. : Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed : General

to very low levels.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Reproductive toxicity

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Potential | BCF   | LogPow | Product/ingredient name     |
|-----------|-------|--------|-----------------------------|
| low       | 367.7 | 5.54   | Hexamethylene diisocyanate, |
|           |       |        | oligomers                   |
| low       | -     | 0.76   | 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl      |
|           |       |        | acetate                     |
| low       | 35.66 | 2.01   | cyclohexyldimethylamine     |

#### **Mobility in soil**

Not available. : Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Other adverse effects

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: Disposal methods

### **Section 14. Transport information**

| IATA           | IMDG           | UN             |                            |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | UN number                  |
| -              | -              | -              | UN proper shipping name    |
| -              | -              | -              | Transport hazard class(es) |
| -              | -              | -              | Packing group              |
| No.            | No.            | No.            | Environmental hazards      |

#### **Additional information**

MDG Code Segregation group Not applicable

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

: IMDG

Not available. : Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **Inventory list**

Not determined. : Australia

All components are listed or exempted. : Canada

Not determined. : China

Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. : Eurasian Economic Union

Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. : Japan Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Not determined. : New Zealand
Not determined. : Philippines

Not determined. : Republic of Korea

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### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Not determined. : Taiwan
Not determined. : Thailand
Not determined. : Turkey

All components are active or exempted. : United States

Not determined. : Viet Nam

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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: Unique ID

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate : Key to abbreviations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Justification                 | Classification   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Ø</b> n basis of test data | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4   |
| Calculation method            | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4   |
| Calculation method            | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   |
| Calculation method            | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  |
| Calculation method            | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  |
| Calculation method            | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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# Section 16. Other information

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