

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-30 BASE BEIGE NCS 1505-Y30R

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name SDS code : FRS-30 BASE BEIGE NCS 1505-Y30R : 21030350B

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional us	se Industrial use	
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Filler for interior use	

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France

e-mail address of person : PSRA\_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center					
Telephone number	: +43 1 406 43 43				
<u>Supplier</u>					
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30				
Hours of operation	:				

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.2 Label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	:	Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	n-butyl acetate crystalline silica, respirable powder
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains methyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>en</u>	ts
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture



Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
p-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Quartz (SiO2)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≤3	STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)	[1] [2]
methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119456620-43 EC: 926-141-6	≤0.3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains methyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

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SECTION 4: First aid measures		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
: Do not use water jet.
om the substance or mixture
: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency	procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			personnel from Il ignition sources. or or mist.
For emergency responders	:	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### <u>Danger criteria</u>

<b>U</b>	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

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<b>SECTION 7: Handling and stor</b>	age
Industrial sector specific : Not availab solutions	ble.
<b>SECTION 8: Exposure controls</b>	s/personal protection
	ic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical easures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could ironmental releases.
8.1 Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits	
<mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). CEIL: 480 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 480 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
crystalline silica, respirable powder	<b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018).</b> AMV: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 hours. Form: respirable dust
methyl methacrylate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). Skin sensitizer. CEIL: 420 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. TWA: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 8 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 8 times per shift, 8 hours.
cyclohexanone	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 80 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 20 mg/m³, 2 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm, 2 times per shift, 8 hours.
procedures atmospher of the vent protective of the followin the assess limit values atmospher of exposur (Workplace for the mea	uct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace re or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as ng: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for sment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with a and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace res - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment e to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 e atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures asurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance is for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

### DNELs/DMELs

required.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Product/ingredient name Type Value Population Effects Exposure -butyl acetate DNEL Long term Oral 3.4 mg/kg Systemic General population bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 3.4 mg/kg General Systemic population bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 7 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL Systemic Long term 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General population Inhalation DNEL Long term Workers Systemic 48 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Inhalation DNEL Long term 102.34 mg/ General Local Inhalation population m³ DNEL Long term 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Local Inhalation DNEL General Short term 859.7 mg/ Local Inhalation population m³ DNEL Short term 859.7 mg/ General Systemic Inhalation population m<sup>3</sup> DNEL Short term 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Short term 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and DNEL Long term Oral 1.6 mg/kg General Systemic bw/dav population xvlene DNEL Long term 14.8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 108 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population 180 mg/kg DNEL Long term Dermal Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL Short term 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Local Workers Inhalation Short term DNEL 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL methyl methacrylate Long term Dermal 8.2 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population 13.67 mg/ DNEL Long term Dermal Workers Systemic kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL Long term General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term 104 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General Local Inhalation population DNEL Long term 208 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Long term 208 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation cyclohexanone DNEL Short term Dermal 1 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 1 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Short term Oral General Systemic 1.5 mg/kg population bw/day DNEL Long term Oral 1.5 mg/kg General Systemic population bw/day DNEL Short term Dermal 4 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 4 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day : 1-11-2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Version :102

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DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	° °	population	
DNEL	Long term	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	Inhalation		population	
DNEL	Short term	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	
DNEL	Short term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	Inhalation		population	
DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

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8.2 Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other e contaminants below controls also need to	ate ventilation. Use process enclosure ngineering controls to keep worker exp any recommended or statutory limits. keep gas, vapor or dust concentration explosion-proof ventilation equipment	oosure to airborne The engineering is below any lower
Individual protection meas	sures		
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoki Appropriate techniqu Wash contaminated	ns and face thoroughly after handling on ng and using the lavatory and at the er es should be used to remove potential clothing before reusing. Ensure that e lose to the workstation location.	nd of the working period. ly contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicate gases or dusts. If co	olying with an approved standard shou s this is necessary to avoid exposure to ntact is possible, the following protecti ent indicates a higher degree of protect	o liquid splashes, mists, on should be worn,
Skin protection			
Hand protection	be worn at all times wern at all times wern at all times were this is necessary. Concern check during use that should be noted that different for different	mpervious gloves complying with an ap when handling chemical products if a ri- onsidering the parameters specified by t the gloves are still retaining their prot the time to breakthrough for any glove glove manufacturers. In the case of m the protection time of the gloves canno	sk assessment indicates the glove manufacturer, ective properties. It material may be nixtures, consisting of
	protection class of 6 recommended. Rec When only brief cont (breakthrough time > Recommended glove	requently repeated contact may occur, (breakthrough time >480 minutes accord ommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, th act is expected, a glove with protection 30 minutes according to EN374) is rec es: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. blaced regularly and if there is any sign	ording to EN374) is hickness ≥ 0.38 mm. n class of 2 or higher commended.
	The performance or chemical damage ar	effectiveness of the glove may be redu d poor maintenance.	iced by physical/
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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	White.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:	Not available.
boiling range		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 50°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
•		AL 6
Vapor pressure	÷	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.04 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.482 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	:	Not available.
water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 13.5 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s



## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
, ,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	930 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	2170 mg/kg	-
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Reaction mass of	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
ethylbenzene and xylene		Dahla		0.4 h a uma 5	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	mg 8 hours 60 UI	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
	NI 6 11 11				

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate methyl methacrylate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-
Quartz (SiO2)	Category 1	inhalation	

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ets</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

### **Other information** : Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Reaction mass of	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene			
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Adult	
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Adult	
cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas	72 hours
	_	reinhardtii - Exponential growth	
		phase	
	Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 732000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
methyl methacrylate cyclohexanone	1.38 0.86	-	low low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.</li> <li>If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.</li> <li>For further information, contact your local waste authority.</li> </ul>

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation			
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances			
Packaging				
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.			
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>			
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.			

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG		ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
14.4 Packing group				
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SECTION 14: Transport information						
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.			No.		No.
Additional informat	<u>tion</u>					
ADR/RID		:	Viscous liquid exc packagings up to 45 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	50 L according to 2		d is not subject to regulation in
IMDG		:	<b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, _S-E_ <b>Viscous liquid exception</b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.			
14.6 Special precautions for user		:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments		:	Not applicable.			
SECTION 15: Regulatory information						
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u> <u>Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization</u>						

### Annex XIV None of the components are listed. Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles **Other EU regulations** voc : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information. VOC for Ready-for-Use : Not applicable. Mixture : Not listed Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air : Not listed Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed. Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed. **Seveso Directive**

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. Danger criteria Category P5c National regulations Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work. VbF class : A II Very dangerous flammable liquid. Limitation of the use of : Permitted. organic solvents International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. Inventory list : Not determined. Europe 15.2 Chemical Safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out. Assessment **SECTION 16: Other information** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. Abbreviations and : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (Regulation (EC) No acronyme

acronyms	
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method



### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of abbreviated H stat	Full text of abbreviated H statements					
H225		Highly flammable liquid and vapor.				
H226		Flammable liquid and vapor.				
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.				
H315		Causes skin irritation.				
H317		May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.				
H332		Harmful if inhaled.				
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.				
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.				
H372		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated				
		exposure.				
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated				
		exposure.				
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.				
Full text of classifications [Cl	. <u>P/GHS]</u>					
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4				
Aquatic Chronic 3		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3				
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1				
Eye Irrit. 2	:	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3				
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2				
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1				
STOT RE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED				
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1				
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED				
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2				
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -				
		Category 3				
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### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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