

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-40/AM SEMI-GLOSS BASE JANA WHITE AIC 12.36

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: FRS-40/AM SEMI-GLOSS BASE JANA WHITE AIC 12.36 : 40281236B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.	
Supplier's details		
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Ri 09103 PAMIERS Co France		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30	
Section 2. Hazard	Is identification	
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Warning	
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7	
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4	
xylene	<10	1330-20-7	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6	
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4	
glass, oxide, chemicals	≤3	65997-17-3	
silicon dioxide	≤3	7631-86-9	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≤3	14807-96-6	
Chlorite-group minerals	≤3	1318-59-8	
4-methylpentan-2-one	<1	108-10-1	
methyl methacrylate	<1	80-62-6	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



Section 4.	First	aid	measures
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Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

wost important symptoms/e	s, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>è</u>	
Eye contact	No specific data.	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting neadache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: rritation edness	
Ingestion	No specific data.	
Indication of immediate med	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate maself-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing	ask or aid to

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

before removing it, or wear gloves.

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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Protective measures	history of skin sensi this product is used handle until all safet or on skin or clothin adequate ventilation not enter storage ar original container or tightly closed when any other ignition sc	personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a sitization problems should not be employed in any process in which d. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not ety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes ng. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with n. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do reas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the r an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or ource. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary
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Section 7. Handling and storage

		measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
n-butyl acetate		Exposure limits OSHA PEL (United States TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States) Substance identified by 0 suspected or confirmed) 1996 Adoption Substance TLV is higher than the OS Exposure Limit (PEL) and Recommended Exposure CFR 58(124) :36338-3335 for revised OSHA PEL. R A Carcinogens. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States) STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 min STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hour TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States)	Form: Total dust States, 3/1989). Form: Total dust s, 3/2020). Notes: other sources as a human carcinogen. es for which the SHA Permissible d/or the NIOSH e Limit (REL). See 1, June 30, 1993, efers to Appendix s, 10/2016). utes. es. s.
		TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 min STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United State STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	States, 3/1989). utes. es. s, 3/2020).
xylene		ACGIH TLV (United State 1996 Adoption Substance is a Biological Exposure Refers to Appendix A C STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 min STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute	es for which there Index or Indices Carcinogens. utes.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5 TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United State STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	i tes, 3/1989). ^{IS.}
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	AIHA WEEL (United States, TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	7/2018).
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States,	
	Substances for which there Exposure Index or Indices 2	-
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minute STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5 TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States) STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	10/2016). Is. 5/2018). I tes, 3/1989). Is.
glass, oxide, chemicals silicon dioxide Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Chlorite-group minerals 4-methylpentan-2-one	None. None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, Substances for which there Exposure Index or Indices STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minute STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5 TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States) STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes	is a Biological 10/2016). ¹ S. 5/2018). ites, 3/1989).
methyl methacrylate	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, sensitizer. Notes: Refers to Carcinogens. 2000 Adoption STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5	9 Appendix A n. 10/2016).
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	es
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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рН	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Color	: White.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	the second se	
Melting point	ot available.	
Boiling point	ot available.	
Flash point	losed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)	
Evaporation rate	ot available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	ot available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	reatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)	
Vapor pressure	ot available.	
Vapor density	ighest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted /erage: 4.01 (Air = 1)	c
Density	362 g/cm³	
Solubility(ies)	soluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	ot available.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
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LD50 Subcutaneous LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
	DILL		
LOCO luck alatian Manan	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m ³	2 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	2 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m ³	2 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig		-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse		-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	LC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pigLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 IntraperitonealRatLD50 OralGuinea pigLD50 OralGuinea pigLD50 OralMouseLD50 OralMouseLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRatbitLD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pigLD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pigLD50 OralRatLD50 SubcutaneousGuinea pigLD50 SubcutaneousMouse	LC50 Inhalation VaporRat 55000 mg/m^3 LD50 DermalRabbit> 5000 mg/kg LD50 DermalRabbit17800 uL/kgLD50 OralRat 3500 mg/kg LD50 OralRat 3500 mg/kg LD50 OralRat 3500 mg/kg LD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pig 800 mg/kg LD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pig 800 mg/kg LD50 IntraperitonealMouse 268 mg/kg LD50 IntraperitonealMouse 268 mg/kg LD50 OralGuinea pig 1600 mg/kg LD50 OralGuinea pig 1600 mg/kg LD50 OralMouse 1900 mg/kg LD50 OralMouse 2850 mg/kg LD50 OralRat 2080 mg/kg LD50 OralRat 78000 mg/m^3 LC50 Inhalation VaporMouse 18500 mg/kg LD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pig 1890 mg/kg LD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pig 5954 mg/kg LD50 OralGuinea pig 5954 mg/kg LD50 OralRat 7872 mg/kg LD50 SubcutaneousGuinea pig 5954 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
silicon dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-
				mg	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
glass, oxide, chemicals	-	3	-
silicon dioxide	-	3	-
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	-	3	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
methyl methacrylate	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Information on the likely

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Not available.

Eye contact

: No specific data.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/1/2022	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 10/21/2022	11/16	AkzoNobe

Section 12. Ecological information

Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 21 days 33 days 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 33 days
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 33 days
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas -	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
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Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours 48 hours
Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	
Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water	-	48 hours
	Nauplii	
Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Nauplii Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Neonate Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	•	72 hours
	0	96 hours
		72 hours
		96 hours
		96 hours
	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water	Weanling) Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -	96 hours
Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water		48 hours
		48 hours
		96 hours
Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water		96 hours
		96 hours
Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water		96 hours
Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water		48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 180000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine waterFish - Fundulus heteroclitus Fish - Daphnia magna - Neonate Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii Nauplii Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii

Section 12. Ecological information

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	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one methyl methacrylate	1.9 1.38	-	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.



Section 14. Transport information

		1	1
	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111		Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<u>n</u>	-	-
DOT Classification	shipped in quantities (reportable quantity) : <u>Emergency schedu</u>	1055.4 lbs / 479.15 kg [92.936 ga less than the product reportable of transportation requirements. <u>les</u> F-E, _S-E_ ption This class 3 viscous liquid is	juantity are not subject to the RQ
 special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. 			

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b):	All components are active or exempted.	

State regulations	
Massachusetts	Image: Provide the second state of the seco
New York	: The following components are listed: Butyl acetate; Xylene mixed; Methyl isobutyl ketone; Hexone
New Jersey	Fine following components are listed: n-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2); XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; SOAPSTONE; METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE; 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; TITANIUM OXIDE; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; TALC; SOAPSTONE DUST; SILICA; 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene 4-methylpentan-2-one	- Yes.	-
toluene crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	Yes. -
cumene methanol	-	- Yes.

Inventory list

Canada

: At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
Category 3	tegory 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History		
Date of printing	: 1 November 2022	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1 November 2022	
Date of previous issue	: 21 October 2022	
Version	: 2	
Unique ID	:	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms

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Section 16. Other information

and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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