

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

FRS-40 MATT BASE LIGHT GREY FS36628

# **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier SDS code : FRS-40 MATT BASE LIGHT GREY FS36628

: 40746628B

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Indu	strial use	
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.	
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la R 09103 PAMIERS C France		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30	
Section 2. Hazard	d identification	
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2</li> </ul>	
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms		
Signal word Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>	

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

#### **Precautionary statements**

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# Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

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	Mixture
-	NIXIII
	IVIIALUI O

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
titanium dioxide	10 - 30	13463-67-7
n-butyl acetate	10 - 30	123-86-4
xylene	5 - 10	1330-20-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 7	108-65-6
ethylbenzene	1 - 5	100-41-4
methyl methacrylate	0.1 - 1	80-62-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

-	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty o eyelids. Check for and remove any minutes. Get medical attention.		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep If it is suspected that fumes are still mask or self-contained breathing ap or if respiratory arrest occurs, provid personnel. It may be dangerous to t resuscitation. Get medical attention If unconscious, place in recovery po Maintain an open airway. Loosen tig waistband.	present, the rescuer should v paratus. If not breathing, if b e artificial respiration or oxyg he person providing aid to gi . If necessary, call a poison sition and get medical attenti	wear an appropriate preathing is irregular gen by trained ve mouth-to-mouth center or physician. ion immediately.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroug gloves. Continue to rinse for at leas event of any complaints or symptom before reuse. Clean shoes thorough	ghly with water before remov t 10 minutes.  Get medical at s, avoid further exposure.  M	ing it, or wear ttention. In the
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove and keep at rest in a position comfore swallowed and the exposed person drink. Stop if the exposed person fer induce vomiting unless directed to d the head should be kept low so that attention. If necessary, call a poison mouth to an unconscious person. If medical attention immediately. Main as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	table for breathing. If materials conscious, give small quariels sick as vomiting may be o so by medical personnel. I vomit does not enter the lung center or physician. Never unconscious, place in recover	ial has been ntities of water to dangerous. Do not If vomiting occurs, gs. Get medical give anything by ery position and get
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### Section 4. First-aid measures

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water	spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. re increase will occur and the container may burst, with psion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	include the following materials:
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action shall	removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if be taken involving any personal risk or without ners from fire area if this can be done without risk. exposed containers cool.
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# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
₩anium dioxide		CA British Columbia Prov 1/2020). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. For TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. For fraction CA Quebec Provincial (Ca TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Ca Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. F CA Ontario Provincial (Ca TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. F CA Saskatchewan Province 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	Form: Total dust orm: respirable anada, 7/2019). s. Form: Total nada, 6/2018). urs. nada, 6/2019). Form: total dust cial (Canada,
n-butyl acetate		CA Alberta Provincial (Car Skin sensitizer. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 14 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 r 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ho 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hour CA British Columbia Prov 1/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Ca STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Ca STEV: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute TWAEV: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hou TWAEV: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hou TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours CA Saskatchewan Province 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.	5 minutes. minutes. ours. irs. <b>incial (Canada,</b> <b>nada, 6/2019).</b> is. <b>mada, 7/2019).</b> ites. es. irs. cial (Canada,
xylene		CA Alberta Provincial (Car 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 r 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ho 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hou CA British Columbia Prov	5 minutes. minutes. ours. ırs.
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	•	-	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ace	etate		1/2020). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019). STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene			STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b> TWA: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b> 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes
			15 min OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).</b> STEV: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
methyl methacrylate			<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 205 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 410 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020). Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>TWAEV: 205 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Skin sensitizer.</li> </ul>
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Gray.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.99 (Air = 1)
Density	: 1.402 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 7.85 cm <sup>2</sup> /s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm <sup>2</sup> /s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.		
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
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### Section 11. Toxicological information

	cological informatio	///		
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-	
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-	
				mg		

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate methyl methacrylate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

.. ... .

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe Not available.	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

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General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	<ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/1/2022	Version : 3	
Date of previous issue : 10/6/2022		11/15	kzoNobe

### Section 12. Ecological information

Section 12. LCold	gical information		
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
ethylbenzene methyl methacrylate	3.6 1.38	-	low low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informat			

TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
IMDG	:	<b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.



# Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: butyl acetate (all isomers); xylene (all isomers); propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	: At least one component is not listed.
United States	: 🕅 components are active or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 1 November 2022
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1 November 2022
Date of previous issue	: 6 October 2022
Version	: 3
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
Drocodure used to derive	the electricities the second

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/1/2022	Version : 3	
Date of previous issue	: 10/6/2022	14/15	AkzoNobel

### Section 16. Other information

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

