

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE DREAM GREY AIC 2.49

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE DREAM GREY AIC 2.49

SDS code

: 40980249B

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses			
Paint. Professional us	Industrial use		
	Restrictions on use		
All other uses			
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.		
Supplier's details			
MAPAERO S 10, Avenue o	AS ∋ la Rijole CS30098		

10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France			
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com	
Emergency telephone number	:	+33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30	

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
P-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
xylene	<10	1330-20-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

<u>Description of necessary</u>	
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	:	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ ,	water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	g :	: Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:		apor. Runoff to sewer may create fin ressure increase will occur and the c explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products		: Decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	s may include the following materials	:
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	\$	there is a fire. No action suitable training. Move	ne by removing all persons from the n shall be taken involving any person containers from fire area if this can b o fire-exposed containers cool.	al risk or without
Special protective equipment for fire-fighter			r appropriate protective equipment a CBA) with a full face-piece operated i	
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L					
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothi with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate inadequate. Do not enter storage areas ventilated. Keep in the original containe compatible material, kept tightly closed heat, sparks, open flame or any other in (ventilating, lighting and material handli Take precautionary measures against or retain product residue and can be haza	ing. Avoid breathing vapor priate respirator when ventil s and confined spaces unle er or an approved alternativ when not in use. Store and gnition source. Use explosi ing) equipment. Use only ne electrostatic discharges. Er	or mist. Use only lation is iss adequately re made from a d use away from ion-proof electrical on-sparking tools. mpty containers		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.				
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulationarea. Store in original container protectiventilated area, away from incompatible drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ig materials. Keep container tightly closed that have been opened must be careful leakage. Do not store in unlabeled con avoid environmental contamination. See before handling or use.	ted from direct sunlight in a e materials (see Section 10) inition sources. Separate fro d and sealed until ready for lly resealed and kept uprigh itainers. Use appropriate co	dry, cool and well-) and food and om oxidizing use. Containers it to prevent ontainment to		
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
n-butyl acetate		EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) indicative occupational e values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minut STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) isomers] Absorbed throu list of indicative occupat limit values STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minut STEL: 100 ppm 15 minut TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours	exposure limit es. outes. 5. (xylene, mixed ugh skin. Notes: ional exposure outes. es.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ad	cetate	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017) through skin. Notes: list occupational exposure li TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	of indicative
ethylbenzene		TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours STEL: 100 ppm 15 minut STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 min EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) through skin. Notes: list occupational exposure lis STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minut STEL: 200 ppm 15 minut TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	es. outes. o . Absorbed of indicative imit values outes. es.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other eng contaminants below a also need to keep gas	e ventilation. Use process enclosures, loca gineering controls to keep worker exposure ny recommended or statutory limits. The e , vapor or dust concentrations below any lo proof ventilation equipment.	to airborne ngineering controls
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the re cases, fume scrubbers	ation or work process equipment should be equirements of environmental protection leg s, filters or engineering modifications to the essary to reduce emissions to acceptable le	gislation. In some process
ndividual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and u Appropriate technique Wash contaminated c	s and face thoroughly after handling chemic sing the lavatory and at the end of the work s should be used to remove potentially con lothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewas use to the workstation location.	taminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con	ying with an approved standard should be this is necessary to avoid exposure to liqui tact is possible, the following protection sho it indicates a higher degree of protection:	d splashes, mists, ould be worn,
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Gray.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Øosed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.

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Vapor pressure

	V	apor Pres	sure at 20°C	\	/apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
prethanol	126.96	16.9				
methyl methacrylate	27.75	3.7				
toluene	23.17	3.1				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
cyclohexanone	3.75	0.5				
cumene	3.72	0.5				
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

olubility(ies)	:					
ensity	: <mark>1</mark> .403 g/o	cm³ [DIN EN	ISO 2811-1]			
elative vapor density	: Not avail	able.				
[N,N,N',N',N'',N''-hexaethyl-29H, 31H- phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper	0	0		0	0	
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)- N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	0	0	EU A.4			
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
1,1'-(ethane-1,2-diyl)bis [pentabromobenzene]	<0.0000075	<0.0000001	OECD 104			
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.01	0.0013				
dimethyl adipate	0.021	0.0028				
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.06	0.008	OECD 104			
dimethyl glutarate	0.062	0.0083	OECD 104			
aluminium hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01				
dimethyl succinate	0.18	0.024	EU A.4			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	0.23 to 0.45	0.031 to 0.06				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36				

	Media	Result
	cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Pa	artition coefficient: n- : Not	applicable.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
N,N',N',N'',N''-hexaethyl-29H,31H- phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-N29,N30,N31, N32]copper	192	377.6	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>220	>428	
8,18-dichloro-5,15-diethyl-5,15-dihydrodiindolo[3,2-b: 3',2'-m]triphenodioxazine	250	482	
5,12-dihydro-2,9-dimethylquino[2,3-b]acridine- 7,14-dione	280	536	VDI 2263
Ethene, homopolymer	330 to 410	626 to 770	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	350	662	
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	356	672.8	EU A.16
methyl methacrylate	400	752	DIN 51794
dimethyl adipate	400	752	DIN 51794
n-butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15
cyclohexanone	420	788	
cumene	424	795.2	
xylene	432	809.6	
ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

	methanol		455	851	DIN 51794		
	toluene		480	896			
D	ecomposition temperature	: Not availat	ole.				
V	iscosity		(room temperature) (40°C (104°F)): 201		cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219] [DIN EN ISO 3219]		
Ρ	article characteristics						
N	ledian particle size	: Not applica	able.				
	Section 10. Stability and reactivity						
F	Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
(Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
	Possibility of hazardous eactions	s : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
C	Conditions to avoid				ame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, b heat or sources of ignition.		

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
5	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
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	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
p -butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
p-butyl acetate xylene	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Danio rerio Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Menidia beryllina Fish - Pimephales promelas Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
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	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
p -butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

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Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informat	tion		· · ·
UN		id exception This class 3 viscoup to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1	us liquid is not subject to regulation in I.
IMDG	: Emergency schedules F-E, S-E		

Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_
 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
 IMDG Code Segregation group Not applicable

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: At least one component is not listed.
China	: Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 9 December 2022
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 9 December 2022
Date of previous issue	: 2 November 2022
Version	: 1.03
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.03	
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Section 16. Other information

or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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