

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE SCALLOP BEIGE AIC 3.46

## **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier

: FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE SCALLOP BEIGE AIC 3.46

SDS code

: 40980346B

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

|  | Identified uses                           |  |
|--|---|--|
| Paint. Professional us                                 | Industrial use                            |  |
|  | Restrictions on use                       |  |
| All other uses   |   |  |
| Product use  | : Solvent borne coating for interior use. |  |
| Supplier's details                                     |   |  |
| MAPAERO SAS  |   |  |
| 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098<br>09103 PAMIERS Cedex |   |  |

| 09103 PAMIERS Ced<br>France                          |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| e-mail address of person<br>responsible for this SDS | : | PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com                   |
| Emergency telephone<br>number                        | : | +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01<br>+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30 |

## Section 2. Hazard identification

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| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -<br>Category 3 |
|--|---|
|  |   |

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word              | : Warning  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Hazard statements        | : Flammable liquid and vapor.<br>Causes mild skin irritation.<br>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                        |
| Precautionary statements |  |
| Prevention               | : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.<br>No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. |
| Response                 | : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.   |
| Storage                  | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.  |

| -                              |             |         | • •    |           |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|--------|-----------|
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## Section 2. Hazard identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name                           | %                | CAS number            |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|
| n-butyl acetate                           | ≥10 - ≤25<br><10 | 123-86-4              |
| xylene<br>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≤10<br>≤10       | 1330-20-7<br>108-65-6 |
| ethylbenzene                              | ≤3               | 100-41-4              |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact  | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.   |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular<br>or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained<br>personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth<br>resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband.   |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |
| Ingestion    | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air<br>and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been<br>swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,<br>the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical<br>attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by<br>mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get<br>medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such<br>as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact                    | : No known significant               | effects or critical hazards.       |                     |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Inhalation                     | : Can cause central ne<br>dizziness. | rvous system (CNS) depression. May | cause drowsiness or |
| Skin contact                   | : Causes mild skin irrita            | ation.                             |                     |
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## Section 4. First aid measures

| Ingestion                  | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |
|----------------------------|---|
| <u>)ver-exposure signs</u> | /symptoms   |
| Eye contact                | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                 | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact               | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness  |
| Ingestion                  | : No specific data.   |

| Notes to physician         | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments        | : No specific treatment.   |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                            |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion.  |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>halogenated compounds<br>metal oxide/oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For emergency responders       | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |
| Methods and materials for co   | ntainment and cleaning up  |
| Small spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling                                      |   |   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Protective measures  | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest.<br>Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only<br>with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately<br>ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a<br>compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from<br>heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrica<br>(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools<br>Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers<br>retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |   |  | or mist. Use only<br>ilation is<br>ess adequately<br>ve made from a<br>id use away from<br>sion-proof electrical<br>non-sparking tools.<br>mpty containers |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                          | : | Eating, drinking and smoking<br>handled, stored and processe<br>eating, drinking and smoking<br>equipment before entering ea<br>information on hygiene meas   | ed. Workers<br>. Remove co<br>ating areas. S  | should wash hands and<br>ontaminated clothing and  | l face before<br>d protective  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with loca<br>area. Store in original contain<br>ventilated area, away from in-<br>drink. Store locked up. Elim<br>materials. Keep container tig<br>that have been opened must<br>leakage. Do not store in unla<br>avoid environmental contamin<br>before handling or use.   | ner protected<br>compatible m<br>inate all igniti<br>htly closed a<br>be carefully r<br>beled contain | I from direct sunlight in a<br>naterials (see Section 10<br>on sources. Separate f<br>nd sealed until ready for<br>resealed and kept upright<br>ners. Use appropriate of | a dry, cool and well-<br>)) and food and<br>rom oxidizing<br>ruse. Containers<br>nt to prevent<br>containment to   |
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## Section 7. Handling and storage

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name                 | Exposure limits   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| n-butyl acetate                 | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of<br>indicative occupational exposure limit<br>values<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                         |
| xylene                          | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed<br>through skin. Notes: list of indicative<br>occupational exposure limit values<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Absorbed<br>through skin. Notes: list of indicative<br>occupational exposure limit values<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| ethylbenzene                    | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed<br>through skin. Notes: list of indicative<br>occupational exposure limit values<br>STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering :<br>controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.                        |                |    |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|----|
| Environmental exposure : controls     | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.  |                |    |
| Individual protection measures        |   |                |    |
| Hygiene measures :                    | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location. |                |    |
| Eye/face protection :                 | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.  |                |    |
| Skin protection                       |   |                |    |
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hand protection        | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |
|------------------------|---|
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |
| Other skin protection  | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br>approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

<u>Appearance</u>

| <u>repourance</u>                                  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state                                     | : | Liquid.  |
| Color  | : | White.   |
| Odor   | : | Characteristic.  |
| Odor threshold                                     | : | Not available.   |
| рН   | : | Not available.   |
| Melting point/freezing point                       | : | Not available.   |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range         | : | Not available.   |
| Flash point  | : | Closed cup: 28°C   |
| Evaporation rate                                   | : | Not available.   |
| Flammability                                       | : | Not available.   |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : | Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)  |
| Vapor pressure                                     | : | Not available.   |
| Relative vapor density                             | : | Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).<br>Weighted average: 4 (Air = 1) |
| Density  | : | 1.397 g/cm³  |
| Solubility(ies)                                    | : | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.  |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water         | : | Not available.   |
| Auto-ignition temperature                          | : | Not available.   |
| Decomposition temperature                          | : | Not available.   |
| Viscosity  | : | Kinematic (room temperature): 7.87 cm²/s<br>Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s                               |
| Explosive properties                               | : | Not available.   |
| Oxidizing properties                               | : | Not available.   |
| Solubility in water                                |   | Not available.   |



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidizing materials   |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

| Acute | toxicity |
|-------|----------|
|       |          |

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species    | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 390 ppm                 | 4 hours  |
| -                       | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse      | 6 g/m <sup>3</sup>      | 2 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit     | >17600 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 1230 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Guinea pig | 4700 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Mouse      | 6 g/kg                  | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rabbit     | 3200 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 10768 mg/kg             | -        |
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 6700 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 5000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 6670 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 1548 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 1548 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Rat        | 2459 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Mouse      | 2119 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Subcutaneous     | Rat        | 1700 mg/kg              | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rabbit     | 4000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
| -                       | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse      | 35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 2 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat        | 55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 2 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit     | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit     | 17800 uL/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 2624 uL/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg              | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion



## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure      | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| n-butyl acetate         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg        | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg         | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5    | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 UI | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %         | -           |
| ethylbenzene            | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg        | -           |
| -                       | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15   | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                            | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs                                       |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| n-butyl acetate<br>xylene       | Category 3<br>Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3               | -                 | Narcotic effects                                    |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         |            | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | -                    | hearing organs |

#### Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result   |
|------|--|
|      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely<br>routes of exposure | : | Not available.  |
|---|---|---|
| Potential acute health effects                  |   |   |
| Eye contact                                     | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                     |
| Inhalation                                      | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact                                    | : | Causes mild skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion                                       | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.                                    |
|   |   |   |

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness  |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.   |

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure            |            |   |
|--------------------------------|------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects    | :          | Not available.                                    |
| Potential delayed effects      | :          | Not available.                                    |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>      |            |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | :          | Not available.                                    |
| Potential delayed effects      | :          | Not available.                                    |
| Potential chronic health effe  | <u>ect</u> | <u>s</u>  |
| Not available.                 |            |   |
| General                        | :          | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity                | :          | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity                   | :          | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity          | :          | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name        | Result                              | Species  | Exposure |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| n-butyl acetate                | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Artemia salina   | 48 hours |
| -                              | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours |
|                                | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|                                | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina   | 96 hours |
|                                | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Danio rerio   | 96 hours |
| xylene                         | Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water      | Crustaceans - Cypris<br>subglobosa   | 48 hours |
|                                | Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water     | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult                                     | 48 hours |
|                                | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio   | 48 hours |
|                                | Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours |
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## Section 12. Ecological information

|              | gical information                  |   |          |
|--------------|------------------------------------|---|----------|
|              | Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Carassius auratus  | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water  | Algae - Skeletonema costatum  | 72 hours |
| -            | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water  | Algae - Skeletonema costatum  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                                | 72 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 5400 μg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                                | 72 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                                | 96 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Artemia sp<br>Nauplii                                       | 48 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Artemia sp<br>Nauplii                                       | 48 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|              | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Artemia sp<br>Nauplii                                       | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Artemia sp<br>Nauplii                                       | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Cancer magister -<br>Zoea                                   | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water  | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 48 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water  | Fish - Menidia menidia  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
|              | Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water   | Fish - Morone saxatilis -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| n-butyl acetate         | 2.3    | -           | low       |
| xylene                  | 3.12   | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl | 1.2    | -           | low       |
| acetate                 |        |             |           |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.6    | -           | low       |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                               | UN     | IMDG   | ΙΑΤΑ   |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| UN number                     | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | 3      | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group                 | 111    | 111    | III    |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.    | No.    | No.    |

#### **Additional information**

| UN   | : | <b><u>Viscous liquid exception</u></b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.   |
|--|---|---|
| IMDG   | : | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, _S-E_<br><b>Viscous liquid exception</b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.                                 |
| Special precautions for user                   | : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available.  |

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Inventory list

| Australia | : Not determined.  |
|-----------|--|
| Canada    | : 🏹 least one component is not listed.   |
| China     | : Not determined.  |
| Europe    | : Not determined.  |
| Japan     | : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.<br>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |

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|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue         | : 1-10-2022 | 11/13          | AkzoNobel |

## Section 15. Regulatory information

| : Not determined.                      |
|--|
| : Not determined.                      |
| : 🗚 components are active or exempted. |
| : Not determined.                      |
|  |

## Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u>                  |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing                | : 2 November 2022   |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 2 November 2022   |
| Date of previous issue          | : 1 October 2022  |
| Version                         | : 1.01  |
| Unique ID                       | :   |
| Key to abbreviations            | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>N/A = Not available<br>SGG = Segregation Group<br>UN = United Nations |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification   |
|---|---|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -<br>Category 3 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |

References : Not available.

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 2-11-2022 | Version : 1.01 |           |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue         | : 1-10-2022 | 12/13          | AkzoNobel |

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE SCALLOP BEIGE AIC 3.46

## Section 16. Other information

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