

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE ALUMINIUM 7191

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet,
Article 10 Paragraph 1

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE ALUMINIUM 7191

**SDS code** : 40927191B

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

**Product use** : Solvent borne coating for interior use.

C. Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS

10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098

09103 PAMIERS Cedex

France

e-mail address of

person responsible for

this SDS

Emergency telephone

number (with hours of

: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01

: PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

operation)

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act

and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :







Signal word : Danger

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Response

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Identifiers	%
p-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4	≥35 - <40
n-butyl acetate (grade urethane)	-	≥15 - <20
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	≥15 - <20
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6	≥10 - <20
xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - <15
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	CAS: 7429-90-5	≥5 - <10
4-methylpentan-2-one	CAS: 108-10-1	≥0.1 - <5
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	≥0.1 - <5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS: 64742-95-6	<10
toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	<0.3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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**AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue :1-10-2022 2/16

## Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact
- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- B. Skin contact
- : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- C. Inhalation
- : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- D. Ingestion
- : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- E. Notes to physician
- : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable

extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-10-2022 Version : 1.01

Date of previous issue :1-10-2022 3/16 AkzoNobel

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- C. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special precautions for fire-fighters
- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### A. Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	Ministry of Employment and Labor
•	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
·	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

# B. Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental** exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. <u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Silver.

B. Odor : Characteristic.
C. Odor threshold : Not available.
D. pH : Not available.
E. Melting/freezing point : Not available.
F. Boiling point/boiling : Not available.

range

**G. Flash point** : Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)

Fire point : Not available.H. Evaporation rate : Not available.I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)

K. Vapor pressure : Not available.

**L. Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

M. Vapor density : Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).

Weighted average: 4.01 (Air = 1)

N. Relative density
O. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available.Not available.

P. Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

Q. Decomposition

: Not available.

temperature

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-10-2022 Version : 1.01

Date of previous issue :1-10-2022 6/16 AkzoNobel

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE ALUMINIUM 7191

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Kinematic (room temperature): 10.27 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (1027 cSt) R. Viscosity

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 1.01 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (101 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

C. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

D. Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced. decomposition products

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

B. Health hazards

**Acute toxicity** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-10-2022 Version: 1.01

**AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue :1-10-2022 7/16

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene			''	
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	_
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	_
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
outly is on 20110	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	_
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	_
(petroleum), light arom.	LB00 Grai	T Cat	0400 mg/kg	
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	400 ppm	24 hours
totaerie	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	30000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	19900 mg/m³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14100 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	59 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1332 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1960 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Crai	Mouse	2 g/kg	_
	unreported	1710000	2 9/19	
	LD50 Route of exposure	Rat	6900 mg/kg	_
	unreported	i kat	oooo mg/kg	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	2250 mg/kg	_
	LD00 Ouboutaileous	Mode	2200 mg/kg	

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	_
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat		mg 8 hours 60 UI	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours	
	Okiii - Woderate iiiitaiit	Rabbit		500 mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	100 %	<u>-</u>
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours	_
i memyipeman 2 eme	Lyss meastate intant	T (GDD)		100 UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
(petroleum), light arom.				100 UI	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	[-
	Oldin Ma Landa initi	D.1.1.11		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Classification
· ···· - ··· - · ··· - · · · · ·		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
toluene		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	3	-	A4
xylene	-	3	-	A4
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	-	-	-	A4
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-	A3
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-	A3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	-	A3
toluene	-	3	-	A4

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-
xylene	Category 1	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Potential chronic health effects

### **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

**General**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

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exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 6-10-2022Version: 1.01Date of previous issue: 1-10-202210/16

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

## A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
•	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Reaction mass of	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene	. 0		
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
Aluminium powder	Acute LC50 10940 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
(stabilized)			
	Acute LC50 260 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ctenopharyngodon idella - Fry	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1130 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cobitidae - Fry	96 hours
	Acute LC50 310 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Acute LC50 120 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
4-methylpentan-z-one		Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hours
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
caryiberizerie	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 μg/l Fresh water	subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	subcapitata Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Nauplii Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
		Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision
Date of previous issue

: 6-10-2022 : 1-10-2022 Version: 1.01

11/16

**AkzoNobel** 

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 46 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 66 hours 66 hours 66 hours
Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
- Zoea  Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water  Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water  Fish - Pimephales promelas  Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Fish - Menidia menidia 96 Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96	96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water Fish - Menidia menidia 96 Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96	96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96	96 hours
Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96	
	96 hours
	96 hours
Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	72 hours
subcapitata	2 110410
	48 hours
pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
	48 hours
pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
Acute EC50 6.88 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna - 48	48 hours
Neonate	
Acute EC50 6.56 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna - 48	48 hours
Neonate	
	48 hours
Larvae	
	48 hours
Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
Weanling)	00.1
	96 hours
Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
Weanling)  Acute I C50 15 5 ppm Marine water  Crustageana Balanmanatas 45	10 haurra
Acute LC50 15.5 ppm Marine water Crustaceans - Palaemonetes 48	48 hours
l l l	48 hours
pugio	TO HOULS
	48 hours
bahia	
	48 hours
Neonate	
Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - 96	96 hours
Fry	
Acute LC50 6410 μg/l Marine water Fish - Oncorhynchus 96	96 hours
gorbuscha - Fry	
	96 hours
	96 hours
Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
Weanling)	
	21 days
Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 2	21 days

## B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## C. Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision: 6-10-2022Version: 1.01Date of previous issue: 1-10-202212/16AkzoNobel

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>দ</mark> -butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
n-butyl acetate (grade urethane)	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high
toluene	2.73	90	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### B. Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 6-10-2022Version: 1.01Date of previous issue: 1-10-202213/16

AkzoNobel

## **Section 14. Transport information**

### **Additional information**

UN

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

**IMDG** 

Emergency schedules F-E, \_S-E\_

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

F. Special precautions for

user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA** article 117

(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

: None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

**Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on** 

: Not applicable.

**Substances Hazardous** 

to Youth

### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

n-butyl acetate

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

xylene

4-methylpentan-2-one

ethylbenzene

toluene

ISHA Enforcement Regs

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established

for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs

Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work

**Environment** 

Measurement)

**ISHA Enforcement Reas** 

Annex 22 (Harmful **Factors Subject to** Special Health Check-

up)

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health

**Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to

control)

: The following components are listed: toluene

: The following components are listed: n-butyl acetate, n-Butyl acetate, Xylene, o,m,p-

isomers, aluminum and its compounds, methyl isobutyl ketone

: The following components are listed: Xylene, Aluminum and its compounds, Methyl

isobutyl ketone

: The following components are listed: n-butyl acetate, n-Butyl acetate, Xylene, aluminum and its compounds, methyl isobutyl ketone

### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-10-2022 Version : 1.01

**AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue :1-10-2022 14/16

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**CCA Article 11 (TRI)** 

: The following components are listed: Xylene, Aluminium and its compounds

**CCA Article 18** 

Prohibited (K-Reach

Article 27)

: None of the components are listed.

**CCA Article 19 Subject** 

to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)

: None of the components are listed.

**CCA Article 20 Toxic** 

Chemicals (K-Reach

Article 20)

**CCA Article 20** Restricted (K-Reach

Article 27)

**CCA Article 39** 

(Accident Precaution

Chemicals)

**Existing Chemical** Substances Subject to

Registration

: None of the components are listed.

: None of the components are listed.

: The following components are listed: Xylene; Dimethylbenzene

C. Dangerous Materials : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

**Safety Management Act** Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

: Not applicable

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

: Not available. A. References B. Date of issue/Date of : 6 October 2022

revision

C. Version : 1.01

Date of printing : 6 October 2022

D. Other

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-10-2022 Version: 1.01

**AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue :1-10-2022 15/16

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE ALUMINIUM 7191

## **Section 16. Other information**

#### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

**UN = United Nations** 

#### **Notice to reader**

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-10-2022

Date of previous issue : 1-10-2022

**AkzoNobel** 

Version: 1.01

16/16