

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

P60-2K BASE PALE GREEN 6021

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: P60-2K BASE PALE GREEN 6021
SDS code	: 21060510B

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use at industrial site - Application of primers and specialty coatings in the construction of aerospace and aeronautical parts, including aeroplanes/helicopters, spacecraft, satellites, launchers, engines, and for the maintenance of such constructions for the aerospace sector in which any of the following key functionalities is required: corrosion resistance, adhesion of paint/ compatibility with binder system, layer thickness, chemical resistance, temperature resistance (thermal shock resistance), compatibility with substrate or processing temperatures.

#### Uses advised against

All other uses Product use

: Two component coating for interior use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA\_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number	: 112
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
Hours of operation	:



### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard nictograms

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.



# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements	: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
REACH Authorization number	: REACH/20/7/5, REACH/20/7/15
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	: None known.

not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures Product/ingredient name	: Mixture	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
butan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5 CAS: 78-92-2	≥10 - ≤15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
strontium chromate	REACH #: 01-2119548391-39 EC: 232-142-6 CAS: 7789-06-2	≥5 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.27 mg/l M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	≥1 - ≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5	≤1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

	CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7				
acetic acid	EC: 200-580-7 CAS: 64-19-7 Index: 607-002-00-6	≤1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: C ≥ 90% Skin Corr. 1B, H314: 25% ≤ C < 90% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 10% ≤ C < 25%	[1] [2]
barium chromate	REACH #: 01-2120769889-24 EC: 233-660-5 CAS: 10294-40-3	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 1, H372 (kidneys, respiratory tract) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l STOT RE 1, H372: $C \ge 10\%$ STOT RE 2, H373: $1\% \le C < 10\%$	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains strontium chromate, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction, barium salts. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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<b>SECTION 4: First aid</b>	Imeasures
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
<b>SECTION 5: Firefigh</b>	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold	
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne	
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne	
		L	

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

acetic acid       Cr       STEL: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021).         stell: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutes.       STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutes.         barium chromate       Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021).         barium chromate       Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021).         cr       STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutes.         barium chromate       Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021).         cr       STEL: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction or the control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards	Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
strontium chromate       Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [chromium(VI)-compounds] Skin sensitizer. Notes: Cr         acetic acid       STEL: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.         barium chromate       Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). STEL: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures       if this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectivene of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such the following: European Standard EN 14042 (Workplac atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) Reference to national guidance	butan-2-ol	9/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
acetic acid Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [chromium(VI)-compounds] Skin sensitizer. Notes: Cr STEL: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction rUMA	strontium chromate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [chromium(VI)-compounds] Skin sensitizer. Notes: as Cr STEL: 0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction
barium chromate Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [chromium(VI)-compounds] Skin sensitizer. Notes: Cr STEL: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectivene of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance f the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance	acetic acid	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). STEL: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectivener of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance f the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance	barium chromate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [chromium(VI)-compounds] Skin sensitizer. Notes: as Cr STEL: 0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cr) 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction
documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also b required.	procedures atmosist of the protection the f the a limit atmosist of ex (Wo for the docu	osphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness be ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace ospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment kposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 rkplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures he measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance uments for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

#### DNELs/DMELs



# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
butan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		-	bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	213 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		J. J	bw/day		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	DNEL	Long term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū		
strontium chromate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.0002 mg/	Workers	Local
			cm²		
	DMEL	Long term	0.5 µg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	10		
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	DNEL	Long term	0.096 mg/	General	Systemic
triethylenetetramine fraction		Inhalation	m³ Ö	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.14 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.54 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
		Inhalation	J. J.		
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J.		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	- <b>J</b>	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	- <b>J</b>		,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		5	bw/day		,
acetic acid	DNEL	Short term	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	- J.	population	
	DNEL	Short term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	- J.		
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	- J.		
barium chromate	DNEL	Short term	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	<b>J</b>	population	
	DMEL	Long term	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation	j,	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	1.7 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5.5 mg/m		5,5.51110
			474 1		Curatamaia
	DNFI	Long term Dermal	1/1ma/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	17.1 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	17.1 mg/ kg bw/day 28.5 mg/	General population Workers	Systemic

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.</li> <li>When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time &gt;480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm.</li> </ul>
	When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
		The recommended mask and the minimum required protection factors depend on the specific activity, and are described in the paragraph "Exposure Scenario information" below.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Exposure Scenario information	:	Relevant Information from Exposure Scenario:
Information		The following Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures are to be respected:
		During preparation and/or mixing of the product, loading of paint to the application equipment, cleaning and/or maintenance of application equipment:
		<ul> <li>Wear chemical resistant gloves with a minimum protection factor of 90%</li> </ul>
		During manual spraying of the product:
		<ul> <li>Duration of treatment/exposure : maximum 6h/shift</li> <li>Use of a walk-in spray booth with negative pressure</li> <li>A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 1000 or higher must be used, the Work Related Protection factor (WPF) has to be verified to exceed 1000 for each worker whichever RPD is used.</li> <li>Use Chemical Resistant Gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with intensive</li> </ul>
		management supervision controls and training (efficacy 99%)
		During manual stripping of coatings with abrasive techniques (e.g. sanding, deburring) and dust removal (cleaning of sanding/deburring area):
		<ul> <li>Duration of treatment/exposure maximum 0.25h/shift</li> <li>Integrated LEV, humidity used to reduce dust (efficacy assumed to be 70%)</li> <li>A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 40 or higher is used</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>During waste management of stripped paint or sealant:</li> <li>Duration of treatment/exposure max 1 hour/shift</li> <li>LEV with an efficiency of 78% or higher plus vacuum cleaner (efficiency 80% or higher)</li> <li>A Paperiratery Protection Device (PRD) with ARE 40 or higher is used</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 40 or higher is used</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue	: 8-3-2023 : 7-12-2022	<b>Version</b> : 2.01 11/22	AkzoNobel
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Color	: Green.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

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Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25

: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Pensky-Martens]

#### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
8,18-dichloro-5,15-diethyl-5,15-dihydrodiindolo[3,2-b: 3',2'-m]triphenodioxazine	250	482	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	356	672.8	EU A.16
butan-2-ol	377	710.6	
triphenyl phosphite	>400	>752	EU A.15
acetic acid	463	865.4	

pH	Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 369 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C): 101 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

#### Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

#### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

#### water

#### Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		N 1	apor pres	sure at 50°C	
ngredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetic acid	15.59	2.1				
outan-2-ol	12.75	1.7				
aluminium hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01				
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, riethylenetetramine fraction	0.0026	0.00035	OECD 104			
riphenyl phosphite	0.00052	0.000069	EU A.4			
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)- N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	0	0	EU A.4			

# Vapor density <u>Particle characteristics</u>

: Not available.

### Median particle size

: Not applicable.



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity					
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.				
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.				

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
strontium chromate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.27 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		-	
	LD50 Intratracheal	Rat	16.6 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3118 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	-
acetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	5620 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	5620 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	5620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1060 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1060 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	525 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	525 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4960 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates



# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2/21060510B-GRN_SBPR_P602K	4616.3	55737.8	N/A	N/A	2.7
strontium chromate	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.27
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium salts	100	300	N/A	N/A	0.05

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-
acetic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	5 mg 24 hours 50	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 525 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<b>Mutagenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol strontium chromate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
barium chromate	Category 1	-	kidneys, respiratory tract

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxico	ological information
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>is</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours
acetic acid	Acute EC50 73400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 73900 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 65000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 50.1 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 70 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 85.8 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 52.2 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 251 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 178 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 88000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 79000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential



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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low
triethylenetetramine fraction			
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
acetic acid	-0.17	3.16	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	:	Not available.
coefficient (Koc)		
Mobility	:	Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.</li> <li>Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.</li> <li>Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RI	D IN	IDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263		UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT		PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				3
14.4 Packing group	111	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Marine Polluta strontium chroi		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	ation			
IMDG	packa accord Tunne : <u>Emerg</u> <u>Visco</u> hazard packa accord	<ul> <li>Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2. Tunnel code (D/E)</li> <li>Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5. <u>IMDG Code Segregation group</u> Not applicable</li> </ul>		
ΙΑΤΑ		nvironmentally hazardous sul ortation regulations.	bstance mark ma	y appear if required by other
14.6 Special preca user	uprigh		rsons transporting	rt in closed containers that are g the product know what to do in
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to instruments		plicable.		
Date of issue/Date of rea	vision : 8-3-20	23	Version : 2.0	
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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name		Reference number	Date of revision
Carcinogen	strontium chromate	Listed	29	8/22/2014

#### Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Carcinogen	strontium chromate	ontium chromate Recommended ED/77		8/22/2014
REACH Authorization number	: REACH/20/7/5, REACH/20/7/15			
Annex XVII - Restriction on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	·			
Other EU regulations				
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004 product label and/or technical da			efer to the
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Water	: Not listed			
Ozone depleting substa	<u>nces (1005/2009/EU)</u>			
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent	<u>(PIC) (649/2012/EU)</u>			
Not listed.				
Persistent Organic Polle Not listed.	<u>utants</u>			
<u>Seveso Directive</u>				
•	under the Seveso Directive.			
Danger criteria				
Category				
P5c E2				

#### National regulations

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Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations to the use of this product at work.					
Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes	
strontium chromate	Sweden Occupational Exposure Limits	chromium(VI)- compounds inhalable fraction, (as Cr)	Carc. C	-	
barium chromate	Sweden Occupational Exposure Limits	chromium(VI)- compounds inhalable fraction, (as Cr)	Carc. C	-	

Flammable	liquid class	:	2a

(SRVFS 2005:10)

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

Not notod.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **15.2 Chemical Safety** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
<b>B</b> 1 17 1	

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]



# **SECTION 16: Other information**

SECTION 16: Other In			1
	assification		Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226			On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332			Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315			Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319			Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317			Calculation method
Muta. 1B, H340			Calculation method
Carc. 1A, H350			Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361			Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335			Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411			Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H stat	<u>ements</u>		
H226		Flammable liquid an	d vapor.
H301		Toxic if swallowed.	
H302		Harmful if swallowed	ł
H311		Toxic in contact with	
H312		Harmful in contact w	
H314			burns and eye damage.
H315		Causes skin irritation	
H317		May cause an allerg	
H319		Causes serious eye	irritation.
H330		Fatal if inhaled.	
H332		Harmful if inhaled.	
H334		May cause allergy of	r asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if
		inhaled.	
H335		May cause respirato	orv irritation.
H336		May cause drowsine	
H340		May cause genetic o	
H341			
		Suspected of causin	ig genetic delects.
H350		May cause cancer.	
H361			ging fertility or the unborn child.
H372		5	organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.	
H400		Very toxic to aquatic	; life.
H410		Very toxic to aquatic	life with long lasting effects.
H411			with long lasting effects.
H412			fe with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CL	_P/GHS]		
Acute Tox. 2		ACUTE TOXICITY -	Category 2
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY -	
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY -	
Aquatic Acute 1			(ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1			(LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2			(LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3			(LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Carc. 1A		CARCINOGENICIT	
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAM	IAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUI	0,
Muta. 1B			GENICITY - Category 1B
Muta. 2			GENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 2			DUCTION - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1			NSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A			
			/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B			/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2			/IRRITATION - Category 2
		SKIN SENSITIZATI	
Skin Sens. 1		SPECIFIC TARGET	ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 1			
		EXPOSURE) - Cate	
	: 8-3-2023		
STOT RE 1	: 8-3-2023 : 7-12-2022		gory 1

SECTION 16: Other information				
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3			
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<u>Annex</u>				

#### Exposure Scenarios

: https://rebrand.ly/exposure-english

#### Notice to reader

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