

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

THINNER FRSL THINNER

### Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : THINNER FRSL THINNER  
**SDS code** : 51711000X

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses                          |
|--|
| Thinner. Professional use Industrial use |
| Uses advised against                     |
| All other uses                           |

**Product use** : Thinner

#### Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS  
 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098  
 09103 PAMIERS Cedex  
 France

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : PSRA\_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01  
 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  
 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

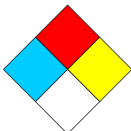
- Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May be harmful in contact with skin.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Clasificación de: peligro** :  
**NCh382**

**Distintivo Según NCh2190** :



**Señal de seguridad según** :  
**NCh1411/4**



**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

| Ingredient name                 | %         | CAS number |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≥50 - ≤75 | 108-65-6   |
| xylene                          | ≥10 - ≤25 | 1330-20-7  |
| ethylbenzene                    | <10       | 100-41-4   |
| 2-methoxypropyl acetate         | <0.3      | 70657-70-4 |
| toluene                         | ≤0.3      | 108-88-3   |

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| xylene          | <b>Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).</b><br>STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene    | <b>Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).</b><br>STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours. |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Colorless.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 29°C

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | : Not available.  |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b> | : Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)  |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | : Not available.  |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | : Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).<br>Weighted average: 4.33 (Air = 1) |
| <b>Density</b>                                      | : 0.934 g/cm <sup>3</sup>   |
| <b>Solubility(ies)</b>                              | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.   |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>      | : Not available.  |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | : Kinematic (room temperature): 0.11 cm <sup>2</sup> /s<br>Kinematic (40°C): 0.06 cm <sup>2</sup> /s        |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | : The product is stable.  |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidizing materials   |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 6700 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 5000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 6670 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse   | 1548 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse   | 1548 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Rat     | 2459 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Mouse   | 2119 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Subcutaneous     | Rat     | 1700 mg/kg              | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rabbit  | 4000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse   | 35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 2 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 2 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 17800 uL/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse   | 2624 uL/kg              | -        |

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                   |                                   |            |                         |          |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| toluene           | LD50 Oral                         | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg              | -        |
|                   | LD50 Oral                         | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg              | -        |
|                   | LC50 Inhalation Gas.              | Mouse      | 400 ppm                 | 24 hours |
|                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor             | Mouse      | 30000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 2 hours  |
|                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor             | Mouse      | 19900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 7 hours  |
|                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor             | Rat        | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup>     | 4 hours  |
|                   | LD50 Dermal                       | Rabbit     | 14100 uL/kg             | -        |
|                   | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Guinea pig | 500 mg/kg               | -        |
|                   | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Mouse      | 59 mg/kg                | -        |
|                   | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Rat        | 1332 mg/kg              | -        |
|                   | LD50 Intravenous                  | Rat        | 1960 mg/kg              | -        |
|                   | LD50 Oral                         | Rat        | 636 mg/kg               | -        |
|                   | LD50 Route of exposure unreported | Mouse      | 2 g/kg                  | -        |
|                   | LD50 Route of exposure unreported | Rat        | 6900 mg/kg              | -        |
| LD50 Subcutaneous | Mouse                             | 2250 mg/kg | -                       |          |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 mg   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 UI   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
| ethylbenzene            | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 mg  | -           |
| toluene                 | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 0.5 minutes     | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg          | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 870 ug          | -           |
|                         |                          |         | -     | 24 hours 2 mg   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 435 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 mg  | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                            | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| xylene                          | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methoxypropyl acetate         | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| toluene                         | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | -                 | hearing organs |
| toluene      | Category 2 | -                 | -              |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name            | Result                            | Species  | Exposure                     |          |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------|
| xylene                             | Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water    | Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa  | 48 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult                               | 48 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio                                       | 48 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours                     |          |
|                                    | Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Carassius auratus   | 96 hours                     |          |
|                                    | ethylbenzene                      | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water                                      | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hours |
|                                    |                                   | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water                                      | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 72 hours                     |          |
| Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 72 hours                     |          |
| Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 96 hours                     |          |
| Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water  |                                   | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii                                    | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  |                                   | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii                                    | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water  |                                   | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii                                    | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  |                                   | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii                                    | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water |                                   | Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea                                   | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours                     |          |
| Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water   |                                   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours                     |          |

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## Section 12. Ecological information

|                                    |  |  |          |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----------|
| toluene                            | Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water                                      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water                                      | Fish - Menidia menidia   | 96 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water                                       | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water                                       | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water                                       | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water                                       | Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)    | 96 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water                                      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 72 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 16500 µg/l Fresh water                                      | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult                          | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water                                      | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult                          | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 6.88 mg/l Fresh water                                       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 6.56 mg/l Fresh water                                       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 19600 µg/l Fresh water                                      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae                                       | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water                                       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)    | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute EC50 6780 µg/l Fresh water                                       | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 15.5 ppm Marine water                                       | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult                               | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 15500 µg/l Marine water                                     | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio                                       | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 56.3 ppm Marine water                                       | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia                                       | 48 hours |
|                                    | Acute LC50 86.3 mg/l Fresh water                                       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
| Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry                                      | 96 hours   |          |
| Acute LC50 6410 µg/l Marine water  | Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha - Fry                                    | 96 hours   |          |
| Acute LC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours   |          |
| Acute LC50 6780 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours   |          |
| Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 21 days  |          |
| Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 21 days  |          |

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name         | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 1.2                | -           | low       |
| xylene                          | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| ethylbenzene                    | 3.6                | -           | low       |
| toluene                         | 2.73               | 90          | low       |

### Mobility in soil

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11/14

## Section 12. Ecological information




**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | NCh382/NCh2190   | IMDG   | IATA   |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL   | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL   | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL   |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | III  | III  | III  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  |

### Additional information

**Brazil** : **Risk number** 30  
**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, \_S-E\_

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Local Regulations:** : **The recipient should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.**

DS 40: Reglamento sobre Prevención de Riesgos Profesionales.

DS 43: Reglamento de Almacenamiento de Sustancias Peligrosas.

DS 148: Reglamento Sanitario sobre Manejo de Residuos Peligrosos.

DS 298: Reglamenta el Transporte de Cargas Peligrosas por Calles y Caminos.

DS 594: Reglamento sobre Condiciones Sanitarias y Ambientales Basicas en los Lugares de Trabajo.

NCh 382: Mercancías Peligrosas - Clasificación.

NCh 2190: Transporte Terrestre de Mercancías Peligrosas - Distintivos para Identificación de Peligros.

NCh 2245: Hoja de Datos de Seguridad para Productos Químicos - Contenido y Orden de las Secciones.

NCh 1411: Prevención de Riesgos - Parte 4: Señales de Seguridad para la Identificación de Riesgos de Materiales.

### Inventory list

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <b>Australia</b>         | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Canada</b>            | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>China</b>             | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Europe</b>            | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Japan</b>             | : <b>Japan inventory (ENCS):</b> Not determined.<br><b>Japan inventory (ISHL):</b> Not determined. |
| <b>New Zealand</b>       | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Philippines</b>       | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Republic of Korea</b> | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Taiwan</b>            | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Thailand</b>          | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Turkey</b>            | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>United States</b>     | : <b>All</b> components are active or exempted.  |
| <b>Viet Nam</b>          | : All components are listed or exempted.   |

## Section 16. Other information

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b><u>History</u></b>                  |  |
| <b>Date of printing</b>                | : 27 October 2022  |
| <b>Date of issue/ Date of revision</b> | : 27 October 2022  |
| <b>Date of previous issue</b>          | : 6 October 2022   |
| <b>Version</b>                         | : 2.01   |
| <b>Unique ID</b>                       | :  |
| <b>Key to abbreviations</b>            | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>N/A = Not available<br>SGG = Segregation Group<br>UN = United Nations |

### Procedure used to derive the classification

## Section 16. Other information

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3   | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

**IMPORTANT NOTE** The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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