

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

XS420 GLOSS BASE RED AF 1801

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1	Product	identifier

Product name	
SDS code	

: XS420 GLOSS BASE RED AF 1801 : 16961801B

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Draduatuaa	Lligh colid conting for overier yes	

Product use

: High solid coating for exterior use.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

-

responsible for this SDS

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center		
: +33 (0)1 40 05 48 48		
: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01		
+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30		
:		

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	1/19	AkzoNobel

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Supplemental label elements	: Contains 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
P-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1 REACH #: 01-2119488216-32	≥10 - ≤15 <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312	[1] [2]
			Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version		
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	2/19	Akzo	Nobe

<b>SECTION 3: Compositio</b>	n/information on ir	ngredients		
			Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
isotridecan-1-ol	EC: 248-469-2 CAS: 27458-92-0	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119456620-43 EC: 926-141-6	≤0.3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	EC: 247-979-2 CAS: 26761-45-5	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9	≤0.2	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	REACH #: 01-2119979093-30 EC: 286-272-3 CAS: 85203-81-2	≤0.3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

# Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.



Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 XS420 GLOSS BASE RED AF 1801

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	4/19	AkzoNobel

	X3420 GLUSS BASE RED AF 1001
<b>SECTION 4: First aid</b>	l measures
4.3 Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
<b>SECTION 5: Firefigh</b>	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Acciden	ntal release measures

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

• • •		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

L	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
L	Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	5/19	AkzoNobel

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

# Danger criteria

0.7	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	6/19	AkzoNobel

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
r butyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Indicative limit values (circular) STEL: 940 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Labour Act , Art 4412-149 (Regulatory binding exposure limits) STEL: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
cyclohexanone	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 81.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 40.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
procedures atmosphere of of the ventilation protective equilation the following: the assessme limit values ar atmospheres of exposure to (Workplace and for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace r biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory tipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for ent of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 tmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures rement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance r methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs	

#### **DNELs/DMELs**



# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
p-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	102.34 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
isotridecan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.94 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	24.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
e of issue/Date of revision : 2-1	1-2022	!	Version	: 1.01	ı

	DNEL	Long torm	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20 mg/m²	• • • • • • • •	Local
	DNEL	Short term	$20 \text{ mg/m}^3$	population General	Sustamia
	DNEL	Inhalation	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	40 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	40 mg/m-		Local
			$10 m \sigma/m^3$	population Workers	
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvorkers	Local
		Inhalation	40		Curatanaia
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	00		
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	$90 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Markara	Sustamia
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
2.2. anavy/propyl poodooonooto	DNEL		1.15 mg/	General	Systemic
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	1.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	1.0 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.9 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Derma	bw/day	VUIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	$2.7 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	2.7 mg/m	WOIKEIS	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term	2.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	2.7 mg/m	WOIKEI3	Oysternie
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt,	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
basic	DIVLL	Long tonn ordi	kg bw/day	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	$2.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	2.0 mg/m	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.21 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long tonn Donna	kg bw/day	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	e mg/m		- Joronno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.41 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		

# **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measur	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Red.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C		
Evaporation rate	: Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	10/19	AkzoNobel

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.07 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.308 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 2.79 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene				
isotridecan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	17 g/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	930 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
e of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version	:1.01	1
e of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	11/19		AkzoNob

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	gical information			
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	2170 mg/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-

# **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Reaction mass of	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
ethylbenzene and xylene	Free Covers imitant	Dabbit		04 h a una E	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat		mg 8 hours 60 UI	
			-		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
-				ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 MI	-

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Sensitization</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

# Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely : Not available.

### routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

<u>Potential acute nealth en</u>	ects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Other information	: Not available.	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	13/19	AkzoNobel

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 732000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
isotridecan-1-ol	5.19	<100	low
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	high
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	-	10 to 2500	high
< 2% aromatics Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	-	60960	high

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	14/19	AkzoNobel

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG		ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
14.4 Packing group				
Date of issue/Date of rev	rision : 2-11-2022	Versic	on :1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	15/19		AkzoNobel

SECTION 14: T	<b>r</b> anspo	ort	information				
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.			No.		No.	
Additional informat	tion						
ADR/RID		:	: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)				
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation i packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.			d is not subject to regulation in			
14.6 Special precau user	tions for	:	•	Ensure that persons		rt in closed containers that are g the product know what to do in	
14.7 Transport in bu according to IMO instruments	ulk	:	Not applicable.				
SECTION 15: F	Regulat	or	y information				
15.1 Safety, health a EU Regulation (EC)			•	egislation specific	for the subs	stance or mixture	

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV			
None of the components a	re listed.		
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>		
None of the components a	re listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
Other EU regulations			
VOC		tive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this pro- chnical data sheet for further information.	duct. Refer to the
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed		
Ozone depleting substanc	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>		
Not listed.			
<u>Prior Informed Consent (P</u> Not listed.	IC) (649/2012/EU)		
Seveso Directive			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	



# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

# Danger criteria

#### Category

P5c

P5c			
National regulations			
Industrial use	own assessment of workplace risks, as require	he information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's wn assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety gislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply the use of this product at work.	
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-	<ul> <li>F-butyl acetate</li> <li>Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene cyclohexanone</li> </ul>	RG 84 RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84	
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Decree n ° 2012-135 of January 30, 2012 relati occupational medicine: not applicable	ing to the organization of	
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Conver	ntion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on Not listed.	<u>Persistent Organic Pollutants</u>		
Rotterdam Convention on Not listed.	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol o Not listed.	on POPs and Heavy Metals		
Inventory list Europe	: Not determined.		
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been car	ried out.	
<b>SECTION 16: Other</b>	information		
Indicates information that	t has changed from previously issued version.		
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging 1272/2008]</li> <li>DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level</li> <li>DNEL = Derived No Effect Level</li> <li>EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement</li> <li>N/A = Not available</li> <li>PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic</li> </ul>		

- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
  - SGG = Segregation Group

# vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]



	Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		On basis of test data	
STOT SE 3, H336		Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H s	tatements		
H226		Flammable liquid and vapor.	
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315		Causes skin irritation.	
H317		May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332		Harmful if inhaled.	
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H341		Suspected of causing genetic defects.	
H361d		Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	
*		exposure.	
H400		Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Full text of classifications	CLP/GHS1		
Acute Tox. 4	<b>_</b>		
		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	
Aquatic Acute 1			
Aquatic Chronic 1		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Muta. 2		GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2	
Repr. 2		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) Category 3	
Date of printing	: 2 November		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 2 November	2022	
Date of previous issue	: 1 October 20	22	
Version	: 1.01		
Unique ID	•		
Notice to reader			

#### Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-11-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	18/19	AkzoNobel

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 XS420 GLOSS BASE RED AF 1801

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

