

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

A1000-AD MATT BASE WHITE BAC 702

# **Section 1. Identification**

#### **GHS** product identifier : A1000-AD MATT BASE WHITE BAC 702

SDS code

: 12130702B

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Inc	Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against		
All other uses			
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior and exterior use.		
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex			
France e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com		

Emergency telephone	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
number (with hours of	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
operation)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

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Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms

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Response	:	P304 + P312 - IF INHALE	D: Call a POISON CENTER or doc	ctor if you feel unwell.
			of electrical, ventilating or lighting e tools. vent static discharges.	
Prevention	:	P210 - Keep away from he	eat, sparks and hot surfaces. No sr	noking.
Precautionary statements				
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid a H336 - May cause drowsin	•	
Signal word	:	Warning		

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage

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Disposal
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: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Chinese name (Traditional)	Concentration	CAS number	Туре
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4	[1], [2]
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	54839-24-6	[1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤3	108-65-6	[1]
4-methylpentan-2-one	≤0.3	108-10-1	[1], [2]
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≤0.3	41556-26-7	[1]
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	≤0.3	85203-81-2	[1]
Nom du produit	Concentration	Numéro CAS	Туре
Acétate de butyle normal	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4	[1], [2]
acétate de 2-ethoxy-1-méthyléthyle	≥10 - ≤25	54839-24-6	[1]
Acétate de l'éther monométhylique du	≤3	108-65-6	[1]
propylène glycol			
Méthyl isobutyl cétone	≤0.3	108-10-1	[1], [2]
sébaçate de bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentaméthyl- 4-pipéridyle)	≤0.3	41556-26-7	[1], [2] [1]
acide hexanoïque, éthyl-2, sel de zinc, basique	≤0.3	85203-81-2	[1]

# There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Toxic chemical substance

[4] Additional disclosure due to company policy

#### Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact		lenty of water, occasionally liftin ve any contact lenses. Continue on if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	If it is suspected that fumes a mask or self-contained breat or if respiratory arrest occurs personnel. It may be danger resuscitation. Get medical at If unconscious, place in recov	Id keep at rest in a position com- ine still present, the rescuer shou- ning apparatus. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration or co- bus to the person providing aid t tention. If necessary, call a pois very position and get medical att posen tight clothing such as a coll	ald wear an appropriate if breathing is irregular oxygen by trained o give mouth-to-mouth son center or physician. ention immediately.
Skin contact		plenty of water. Remove conta if symptoms occur. Wash cloth re reuse.	
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Section 4. First ai	d measures
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	<u> </u>
Innalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person



# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and 2 explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only
with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately
ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a
compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from
heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical
(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers
retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



# Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
n-butyl acetate 4-methylpentan-2-one		workplace exposure concentration (Taiwa STEL: 890 mg/m³ 15 STEL: 187.5 ppm 15 TWA: 712 mg/m³ 8 h TWA: 150 ppm 8 hou TW Minstry of Labor, workplace exposure concentration (Taiwa STEL: 307.5 mg/m³ 1 STEL: 75 ppm 15 min TWA: 205 mg/m³ 8 h	<ul> <li>TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).</li> <li>STEL: 890 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 187.5 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 712 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).</li> <li>STEL: 307.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 205 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>	
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other el contaminants below also need to keep ga	ate ventilation. Use process enclosures, ngineering controls to keep worker expos any recommended or statutory limits. Th as, vapor or dust concentrations below ar n-proof ventilation equipment.	sure to airborne ne engineering controls	
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>			
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard	and potential for exposure, select a resp or certification. Respirators must be use program to ensure proper fitting, trainin	ed according to a	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, i be worn at all times w this is necessary. Co check during use that should be noted that different for different	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately		
Eye protection	assessment indicate gases or dusts. If co	plying with an approved standard should is this is necessary to avoid exposure to l ontact is possible, the following protection ent indicates a higher degree of protectio	iquid splashes, mists, i should be worn,	
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	_iquid.	
Color	White.	
	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.	
Flash point	Closed cup: 35°C	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acet	tate)
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 2.77 (Air = 1)	
Density	I.241 g/cm³	
Solubility(ies)	nsoluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Kinematic (room temperature): 8.86 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 2.01 cm²/s	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100 Ul	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

# Sensitization

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Fotential acute health enects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health effects		
Not available.		
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	



# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.76	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	-	60960	high

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,
	waterways, drains and sewers.



# Section 14. Transport information

			1
	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111	III	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informat			
UN IMDG	packagings up to 4 : <u>Emergency sched</u> <u>Viscous liquid exc</u>	<b>ception</b> This class 3 viscous liqui 50 L according to 2.3.2.5.1. Iules F-E, _S-E_ <u>ception</u> This class 3 viscous liqui 50 L according to 2.3.2.5.	

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

List of chemicals for which manufacturing or handling is defined as "work specially hazardous to health"	: This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": n-butyl acetate, xylene, 4-methylpentan-2-one, toluene.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method
History	

motory	
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Unique ID	:



# Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
Indicatos information	that has changed from providually issued version

### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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