# AkzoNobel

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE BRONZE V1/ A542

### **Section 1. Identification**

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE BRONZE V1/ A542 : Product identifier

4092A542B : SDS code

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

All other uses

Solvent borne coating for interior use. : Product use

Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France

: Importer

: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Emergency telephone

number

PSRA\_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

+33 (0)5 34 01 34 01

+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

# Section 2. Hazard identification

AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -Category 3

: Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS label elements**









: Hazard pictograms

: Hazard statements

: Signal word

Warning

₹ammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

**Precautionary statements** 

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#### Section 2. Hazard identification

tain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: Prevention

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

: Response

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

: Storage : Disposal

None known.

: Other hazards which do not result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Substance/mixture Mixture

CAS number	%	Ingredient name
123-86-4	≥25 - ≤50	n-butyl acetate
108-65-6	≥10 - ≤25	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
1330-20-7	≥10 - <20	xylene
108-10-1	≤5	4-methylpentan-2-one
100-41-4	≤3	ethylbenzene
54839-24-6	≤3	2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
64742-48-9	≤3	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### <u>Description of necessary first aid measures</u>

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

: Eye contact

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Inhalation

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Skin contact

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#### Section 4. First aid measures

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Ingestion

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation. : Eye contact Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or : Inhalation

dizziness.

: Skin contact Causes skin irritation. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. : Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eye contact

pain or irritation

watering redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Inhalation

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

: Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

No specific data. : Ingestion

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large : Notes to physician quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment. : Specific treatments

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

: Protection of first-aiders

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam. : Suitable extinguishing

media

o not use water jet. : Unsuitable extinguishing

media

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Mammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

: Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: For non-emergency personnel

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: For emergency responders

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

: Environmental precautions

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Small spill explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - : Protective measures obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: Advice on general occupational hygiene

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	n-butyl acetate
EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Absorbed	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
through skin. Notes: list of indicative	
occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed	xylene
through skin. Notes: list of indicative	
occupational exposure limit values STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of	4-methylpentan-2-one
indicative occupational exposure limit values  STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.	ethylbenzene

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

✓ se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: Appropriate engineering controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: Environmental exposure controls

#### **Individual protection measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: Eye/face protection

#### Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: Hand protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: Body protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: Other skin protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

: Respiratory protection

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

#### **Appearance**

Liquid. : Physical state

Brown. : Color Characteristic. : Odor

Not available. : Odor threshold

Not available. : pH

Not available. : Melting point/freezing point

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Not available.

Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)

Not available. Not available.

Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)

Not available.

Fighest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted

average: 3.93 (Air = 1)

In a shall be to the fall and a second of the said and a

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Not available.

Not available

Not available.

Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): 10.01 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (1001 cSt)

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 1.01 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (101 cSt)

Not available.

: Boiling point

: Flash point

: Evaporation rate

: Flammability

: Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

: Vapor pressure

: Relative vapor density

: Relative density

: Solubility

: Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Auto-ignition temperature

: Decomposition temperature

: Viscosity

: Flow time (ISO 2431)

: Chemical stability

reactions

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : Reactivity

The product is stable.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Kvoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Conditions to avoid

: Possibility of hazardous

: Incompatible materials

: Hazardous decomposition products

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
4 hours	390 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	n-butyl acetate
2 hours	6 g/m³	Mouse	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	
-	>17600 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	
-	1230 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
-	4700 mg/kg	Guinea pig	LD50 Oral	
-	6 g/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
-	3200 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Oral	
-	10768 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
4 hours	6700 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	xylene
4 hours	5000 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	
4 hours	6670 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

1548 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
1548 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
2459 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
2119 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
4300 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
4300 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
1700 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Subcutaneous	
800 mg/kg	Guinea pig	LD50 Intraperitoneal	4-methylpentan-2-one
268 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
400 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
1600 mg/kg	Guinea pig	LD50 Oral	
1900 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
2850 mg/kg	Mouse	LD50 Oral	
2080 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
4600 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
4000 ppm	Rabbit	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	ethylbenzene
35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mouse	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	
55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	
>5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	
17800 uL/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	
2624 uL/kg	Mouse	LD50 Intraperitoneal	
3500 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
3500 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Naphtha (petroleum),
			hydrotreated heavy
>6 g/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
	1548 mg/kg 2459 mg/kg 2419 mg/kg 4300 mg/kg 4300 mg/kg 1700 mg/kg 800 mg/kg 268 mg/kg 400 mg/kg 1900 mg/kg 2850 mg/kg 2080 mg/kg 4600 mg/kg 4600 mg/kg 4000 ppm 35500 mg/m³ >5000 mg/kg 17800 uL/kg 2624 uL/kg 3500 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	1548 mg/kg 2459 mg/kg Rat 2119 mg/kg Mouse A300 mg/kg Rat A300 mg/kg Rat Rat Rat Rat Roo mg/kg Rouinea pig Rouinea pig Rouinea pig Mouse Rouinea pig Mouse Rouinea pig Mouse Rouinea pig Rouinea pig Rouinea pig Rouinea pig Mouse Rouinea pig Rouinea	1548 mg/kg 2459 mg/kg Rat Rat LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	100 mg	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	n-butyl acetate
-	24 hours 500	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
	mg				
-	87 mg	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	xylene
-	24 hours 5	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
	mg				
-	8 hours 60 UI	-	Rat	Skin - Mild irritant	
-	24 hours 500	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
	mg				
-	100 %	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
-	24 hours 100	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	4-methylpentan-2-one
	UI				
-	40 mg	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
-	24 hours 500	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	
	mg				
-	500 mg	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	ethylbenzene
-	24 hours 15	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	
	mg				

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Narcotic effects	-	Category 3	n-butyl acetate
Narcotic effects	-	Category 3	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Respiratory tract irritation	-	Category 3	xylene
Narcotic effects	-	Category 3	4-methylpentan-2-one
Narcotic effects	-	Category 3	2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Narcotic effects	-	Category 3	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

. 5 5.	Route of exposure	Category	Name
hearing organs	-	Category 2	ethylbenzene

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Result	Name
- 3 ,	xylene ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Not available. : Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation. : Eye contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or : Inhalation

dizziness.

Causes skin irritation. : Skin contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. : Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eye contact

pain or irritation

watering

redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Inhalation

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo

unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Skin contact

irritation redness

No specific data. : Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available.

: Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Long term exposure

Not available.

Not available.

: Potential immediate

effects

: Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: General

: Carcinogenicity

: Mutagenicity

: Reproductive toxicity

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
48 hours	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	n-butyl acetate
96 hours	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Menidia beryllina	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	
96 hours	Fish - Danio rerio	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	xylene
48 hours	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	
48 hours	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	
96 hours	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Carassius auratus	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	4-methylpentan-2-one
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	Acute LC50 537000 μg/l Fresh water	
21 days	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	
33 days	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	
72 hours	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	ethylbenzene
96 hours	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	
72 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	
72 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Acute EC50 5400 μg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	
48 hours	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	

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# Section 12. Ecological information

48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	
	Neonate		
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	
	Neonate		
48 hours	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	
	Nauplii		
48 hours	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	
	Nauplii		
48 hours	Crustaceans - Cancer magister -	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	
	Zoea		
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	
	Neonate		
48 hours		Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	
	Neonate		
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Menidia menidia	Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 9100 μg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Morone saxatilis -	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	
	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,		
	Weanling)		

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Potential	BCF	LogPow	Product/ingredient name
low	-	2.3	n-butyl acetate
low	-	1.2	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
low	8.1 to 25.9	3.12	xylene
low	-	1.9	4-methylpentan-2-one
low	-	3.6	ethylbenzene
low	-	0.76	2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
high	10 to 2500	-	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

#### **Mobility in soil**

Not available. : Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Other adverse effects

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues

: Disposal methods

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

IATA	IMDG	UN	
<b>⊮</b> N1263	<mark>⊮</mark> N1263	<b>⊮</b> N1263	UN number
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	UN proper shipping name
<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	Transport hazard class(es)
III.	III.	IN .	Packing group
No.	No.	No.	Environmental hazards

#### **Additional information**

<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

**Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

: IMDG

Not available. : Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **Inventory list**

Mot determined. : Australia

★ least one component is not listed.
: Canada

Not determined. : China

Not determined. : Europe

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. : Japan

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Not determined. : New Zealand

Mot determined. : Philippines

Not determined. : Republic of Korea

Not determined. : Taiwan

Not determined. : Thailand

Not determined. : Turkey

Not determined. : United States

Not determined. : Viet Nam

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### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

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ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification	Classification
<b>Ø</b> n basis of test data	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Calculation method	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Calculation method	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Calculation method	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Calculation method	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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: Key to abbreviations

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