

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE JET BLACK RAL 9005

### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier SDS code

: FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE JET BLACK RAL 9005 : 40909005B

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Paint. Professional use Indust	rial use	
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.	
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijo 09103 PAMIERS Ce France		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)	
Section 2. Hazard	s identification	
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2</li> </ul>	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Warning	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: ₩ear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	: Set medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
xylene	<10	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≤3	14807-96-6
Chlorite-group minerals	≤3	1318-59-8
methyl methacrylate	≤0.3	80-62-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Date of issue/Date of revision		place in recovery position and get m Version :2	
Ingestion	keep at rest in a position the exposed person is co exposed person feels sic unless directed to do so l kept low so that vomit do	ter. Remove dentures if any. Remo comfortable for breathing. If mater onscious, give small quantities of wa k as vomiting may be dangerous. I by medical personnel. If vomiting o es not enter the lungs. Get medica hysician. Never give anything by mo	ial has been swallowed and ater to drink. Stop if the Do not induce vomiting ccurs, the head should be I attention. If necessary,
Skin contact	contaminated clothing the Continue to rinse for at le	and water. Remove contaminated proughly with water before removing east 10 minutes. Get medical attent avoid further exposure. Wash clot reuse.	g it, or wear gloves. tion.  In the event of any
Inhalation	is suspected that fumes a or self-contained breathir respiratory arrest occurs, may be dangerous to the Get medical attention. If place in recovery positior airway. Loosen tight clot	ir and keep at rest in a position com are still present, the rescuer should ng apparatus. If not breathing, if bre provide artificial respiration or oxyg person providing aid to give mouth necessary, call a poison center or p and get medical attention immedia hing such as a collar, tie, belt or wa	wear an appropriate mask eathing is irregular or if gen by trained personnel. It -to-mouth resuscitation. ohysician. If unconscious, ately. Maintain an open istband.
Eye contact	eyelids. Check for and re	vith plenty of water, occasionally liftil emove any contact lenses. Continu rention following exposure or if feeli	e to rinse for at least 10

### Section 4. First aid measures

immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Most important symptoms/e	anecis, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, $CO_2$ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	



### **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	is a fire. No action shall be tak	ing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if ten involving any personal risk or without suitable area if this can be done without risk. Use water rs cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		e protective equipment and self-contained breathing ece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively
or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

:10/1/2022

#### Precautions for safe handling

Date of previous issue

Protective measures	history of skin sens this product is used mist. Do not ingest when ventilation is i adequately ventilate from a compatible r from heat, sparks, o electrical (ventilatin tools. Take precau	bersonal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a tization problems should not be employed in any process in which . Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or . Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator nadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless ed. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made naterial, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof g, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers ue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled, stored and drinking and smoki	I smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is I processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, ng. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before as. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/6/2022	Version :2

4/14

AkzoNobe

# Section 7. Handling and storage

	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
p-butyl acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Notes: 1996 Adoption Substances for which there
	is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision : 10/6/2022	Version :2
ate of previous issue :10/1/2022	5/14 AkzoNobe

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Chlorite-group minerals methyl methacrylate	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Skin sensitizer. Notes: Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. 2000 Adoption. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 410 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Us other engineering controls to keep work recommended or statutory limits. The	ker exposure to airborne contar	ninants below any
	vapor or dust concentrations below any ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work proo they comply with the requirements of e cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engine will be necessary to reduce emissions	nvironmental protection legislati eering modifications to the proce	on. In some
Individual protection measures	<u>1</u>		
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thorou eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used Contaminated work clothing should not contaminated clothing before reusing. showers are close to the workstation lo	and at the end of the working put to remove potentially contamin to allowed out of the workplace Ensure that eyewash stations a	eriod. ated clothing. e. Wash
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an appr assessment indicates this is necessary gases or dusts. If contact is possible, t the assessment indicates a higher deg shields.	to avoid exposure to liquid spla the following protection should b	ishes, mists, e worn, unless
Skin protection			
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves worn at all times when handling chemic necessary. Considering the parameter during use that the gloves are still retai noted that the time to breakthrough for glove manufacturers. In the case of m protection time of the gloves cannot be	cal products if a risk assessmen is specified by the glove manufa ning their protective properties. any glove material may be diffe ixtures, consisting of several sul	t indicates this is icturer, check It should be rent for different
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the h performed and the risks involved and s handling this product. When there is a static protective clothing. For the great should include anti-static overalls, boot	hould be approved by a speciali risk of ignition from static electr test protection from static discha	ist before icity, wear anti-
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/6/2022	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2022	6/14	AkzoNobel

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected
	based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	Black.	
Odor	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Boiling point	Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.06 (Air = 1)	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	_
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
methaci yiate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-
		rai	7000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

### **Sensitization**

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/6/2022	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2022	8/14	AkzoNobel

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<b>xy</b> lene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Talc , not containing	-	3	-
asbestiform fibres			
methyl methacrylate	-	3	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### <u>Teratogenicity</u>

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	irritation Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/6/2022	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2022	9/14	AkzoNobel

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/6/2022	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2022	10/14 A	<b>kzoNobe</b>

Section 12. Eco	logical information		
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/6/2022	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	:10/1/2022	11/14	AkzoNobel

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	Listed	U239

### Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	: <u>Reportable qua</u> shipped in quar (reportable qua		[137.72 gal / 521.32 L]. Package sizes eportable quantity are not subject to the RQ ents.
Special precautions f	<ul> <li><u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.</li> <li>precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are</li> </ul>		
upright and secure. Ensure event of an accident or sp Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments			nsporting the product know what to do in the

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
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#### State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: BUTYL ACETATE; N-BUTYL ACETATE; BUTYL ACETATE; N-BUTYL ACETATE; XYLENE; DIMETHYLBENZENE; CARBON BLACK; TALC; SOAPSTONE
New York	: The following components are listed: Butyl acetate; Butyl acetate; Xylene mixed
New Jersey	The following components are listed: n-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; n-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; CARBON BLACK; SOAPSTONE
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; CARBON BLACK; TALC; SOAPSTONE DUST</li> </ul>

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
earbon black, respirable powder	-	-
ethylbenzene	Yes.	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	-
toluene	-	Yes.

### Inventory list

Canada

: 🗚 least one component is not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification	
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
History			
Date of printing	: 6 October 2022		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 6 October 2022		
Date of previous issue	: 1 October 2022		
Version	: 2		
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available		
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Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2022	13/14	AkzoNobel

### Section 16. Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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