

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SP350 BASE

Section 1. Identification

SP350 BASE : Product identifier
21350000B : SDS code

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

| Identified uses |
|--|
| Paint. Professional use Industrial use |
| All other uses |

Solvent borne coating for interior and exterior use. : Product use

Supplier's details

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: Importer
: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
: Emergency telephone number

Section 2. Hazard identification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 : Classification of the substance or mixture
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

 : Hazard pictograms

Danger : Signal word

Section 2. Hazard identification

Flammable liquid and vapor. : **Hazard statements**

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prohibit special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. : **Prevention**

Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. : **Response**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. : **Storage**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. : **Disposal**

None known. : **Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : **Substance/mixture**

| CAS number | % | Ingredient name |
|------------|-----------|--|
| 28064-14-4 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether |
| 123-86-4 | ≥10 - ≤25 | n-butyl acetate |
| 2530-83-8 | ≥10 - ≤25 | [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane |
| 30499-70-8 | ≥10 - ≤25 | 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane |
| 1314-13-2 | ≤3 | zinc oxide |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. : **Eye contact**

Section 4. First aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Ingestion

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage.

: Eye contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

: Inhalation

Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Skin contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

: Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain
watering
redness

: Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

: Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

: Skin contact

Section 4. First aid measures

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

: Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

: Notes to physician

No specific treatment.

: Specific treatments

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

: Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Suitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet.

: Unsuitable extinguishing media

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

: Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
phosphorus oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: For non-emergency personnel

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: For emergency responders

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

: **Environmental precautions**

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

: **Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

: **Large spill**

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: **Protective measures**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

: **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Exposure limits | Ingredient name |
|--|-----------------|
| EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. | n-butyl acetate |

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: **Appropriate engineering controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: **Environmental exposure controls**

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

: **Hygiene measures**

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

: **Eye/face protection**

Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: **Hand protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: **Body protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: **Other skin protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

: **Respiratory protection**

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Appearance

| | |
|--|---|
| Liquid. | : Physical state |
| Brown. | : Color |
| Characteristic. | : Odor |
| Not available. | : Odor threshold |
| Not available. | : pH |
| Not available. | : Melting point/freezing point |
| Not available. | : Boiling point |
| Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) | : Flash point |
| Not available. | : Evaporation rate |
| Not available. | : Flammability |
| Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate) | : Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit |
| Not available. | : Vapor pressure |
| Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane). Weighted average: 3.23 (Air = 1) | : Relative vapor density |
| Not available. | : Relative density |
| Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. | : Solubility |
| Not available. | : Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water |
| Not available. | : Auto-ignition temperature |
| Not available. | : Decomposition temperature |
| Kinematic (room temperature): 0.24 cm ² /s (24 cSt) | : Viscosity |
| Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.51 cm ² /s (51 cSt) | |
| Not available. | : Flow time (ISO 2431) |
| 1.265 g/cm ³ | : Density |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. | : Reactivity |
| The product is stable. | : Chemical stability |
| Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | : Possibility of hazardous reactions |
| Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. | : Conditions to avoid |
| Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials | : Incompatible materials |
| Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. | : Hazardous decomposition products |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Exposure | Dose | Species | Result | Product/ingredient name | |
|----------|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 4 hours | 390 ppm | Rat | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | n-butyl acetate | |
| 2 hours | 6 g/m ³ | Mouse | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | | |
| - | >17600 mg/kg | Rabbit | LD50 Dermal | | |
| - | 1230 mg/kg | Mouse | LD50 Intraperitoneal | | |
| - | 4700 mg/kg | Guinea pig | LD50 Oral | | |
| - | 6 g/kg | Mouse | LD50 Oral | | |
| - | 3200 mg/kg | Rabbit | LD50 Oral | | |
| - | 10768 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | | |
| - | 3970 uL/kg | Rabbit | LD50 Dermal | | |
| - | 7.01 g/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | | [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane |
| - | 22600 uL/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | | |
| - | 240 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 Intraperitoneal | | zinc oxide |
| - | 7950 mg/kg | Mouse | LD50 Oral | | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Observation | Exposure | Score | Species | Result | Product/ingredient name |
|-------------|-----------------|-------|---------|--------------------------|---|
| - | 100 mg | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Moderate irritant | n-butyl acetate |
| - | 24 hours 500 mg | - | Rabbit | Skin - Moderate irritant | |
| - | 100 mg | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Mild irritant | [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane |
| - | 500 mg | - | Rabbit | Skin - Mild irritant | |
| - | 24 hours 500 mg | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Mild irritant | zinc oxide |
| - | 24 hours 500 mg | - | Rabbit | Skin - Mild irritant | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Target organs | Route of exposure | Category | Name |
|------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Narcotic effects | - | Category 3 | n-butyl acetate |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

: Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage.

: Eye contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

: Inhalation

Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Skin contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

: Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain

watering

redness

: Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo

unconsciousness

reduced fetal weight

increase in fetal deaths

skeletal malformations

: Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

reduced fetal weight

increase in fetal deaths

skeletal malformations

: Skin contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced fetal weight

increase in fetal deaths

skeletal malformations

: Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available.

: Potential immediate effects

Not available.

: Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Not available.

: Potential immediate effects

Not available.

: Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

: General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

: Mutagenicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

: Reproductive toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Exposure | Species | Result | Product/ingredient name |
|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 48 hours | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water | n-butyl acetate |
| 96 hours | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Pimephales promelas | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Menidia beryllina | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Danio rerio | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water | |
| 48 hours | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water | zinc oxide |
| 48 hours | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water | |
| 48 hours | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | |
| 48 hours | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water | |
| 48 hours | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate | Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Danio rerio - Adult | Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Danio rerio - Adult | Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water | |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Potential | BCF | LogP _{ow} | Product/ingredient name |
|-----------|-------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| low | - | 2.3 | n-butyl acetate |
| high | 28960 | - | zinc oxide |

Mobility in soil

Not available.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations








The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly

: Disposal methods

Section 13. Disposal considerations

internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| IATA | IMDG | UN | |
|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| UN3469 | UN3469 | UN3469 | UN number |
| FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE | FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE | FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE | UN proper shipping name |
| 3(8)   | 3(8)    | 3(8)   | Transport hazard class(es) |
| III | III | III | Packing group |
| Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Marine Pollutant(s): Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Environmental hazards |

Additional information

Emergency schedules F-E, S-C

: IMDG

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

: IATA

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

Not available.

: Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list

Not determined.

: Australia

At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

: Canada

Not determined.

: China

Not determined.

: Europe

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

: Japan

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Not determined.

: New Zealand

Not determined.

: Philippines

Not determined.

: Republic of Korea

Not determined.

: Taiwan

Not determined.

: Thailand

Not determined.

: Turkey

All components are active or exempted.

: United States

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not determined.

: Viet Nam

Section 16. Other information

History

1 November 2022

: Date of printing

5 October 2022

: Date of issue/Date of revision

30 September 2022

: Date of previous issue

2

: Version

: Unique ID

: Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Justification | Classification |
|-----------------------|--|
| On basis of test data | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Calculation method | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C |
| Calculation method | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| Calculation method | GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Calculation method | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B |
| Calculation method | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| Calculation method | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 |
| Calculation method | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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