

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE GREEN FS 24096

## **Section 1. Identification**

#### Product identifier

: A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE GREEN FS 24096

SDS code

: 13844096B

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|  | Identified  | uses  |                          |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| Paint. Professional use Indu                                   | strial use  |   |                          |
|  | Uses advised  | against   |                          |
| All other uses   |   |   |                          |
| Product use  | : Solvent borne coating for ex  | terior use.   |                          |
| Supplier's details   |   |   |                          |
| MAPAERO SAS<br>10, Avenue de la R<br>09103 PAMIERS C<br>France |   |   |                          |
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation)     | : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01<br>+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30  |   |                          |
| Section 2. Hazard  | d identification  |   |                          |
| Classification of the substance or mixture                     | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Ca<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Cate<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTIO<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN<br>Category 3  | egory 1<br>gory 2   | RE) (Narcotic effects) - |
| GHS label elements   |   |   |                          |
| Hazard pictograms  |   | !>  |                          |
| Signal word  | : Warning   |   |                          |
| Hazard statements  | <ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin re<br/>May cause drowsiness or diz<br/>Suspected of causing cance<br/>Suspected of damaging ferti</li> </ul> | eaction.<br>zziness.<br>r.  |                          |
| Precautionary statements                                       | -   |   |                          |
| Prevention   | and eye or face protection.   | efore use. Wear protective glov<br>Keep away from heat, hot surfac<br>ırces. No smoking. Avoid breath | es, sparks, open         |
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| Date of previous issue   | : 10/6/2022   | 1/14  | AkzoNobel                |

## **Section 2. Hazard identification**

| IHALED: Call a<br>inated clothing and<br>f skin irritation or |
|---|
| eep cool.   |
| egional, national   |
| inat<br>f sk<br>eep   |

## **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name                                   | % (w/w) | CAS number  |
|---|---------|-------------|
| Zethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                     | 10 - 30 | 54839-24-6  |
| n-butyl acetate                                   | 10 - 30 | 123-86-4    |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                   | 3 - 7   | 108-65-6    |
| titanium dioxide                                  | 1 - 5   | 13463-67-7  |
| xylene  | 1 - 5   | 1330-20-7   |
| Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives           | 0.1 - 1 | 104810-48-2 |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole                           | 0.1 - 1 | 104810-47-1 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate   | 0.1 - 1 | 41556-26-7  |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one                              | 0.1 - 1 | 108-10-1    |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | 0.1 - 1 | 82919-37-7  |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic         | 0.1 - 1 | 85203-81-2  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

| Eye contact                    | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of w eyelids. Check for and remove any co minutes. Get medical attention.  |   |   |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Inhalation                     | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at<br>If it is suspected that fumes are still pre-<br>mask or self-contained breathing appa<br>or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide a<br>personnel. It may be dangerous to the<br>resuscitation. Get medical attention. I<br>If unconscious, place in recovery positi<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight<br>waistband.  | esent, the rescuer should w<br>ratus. If not breathing, if b<br>artificial respiration or oxyg<br>person providing aid to giv<br>f necessary, call a poison o<br>on and get medical attentio                            | vear an appropriate<br>reathing is irregular<br>jen by trained<br>ve mouth-to-mouth<br>center or physician.<br>on immediately.                |
| Skin contact                   | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. F<br>Wash contaminated clothing thoroughl<br>gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 1<br>event of any complaints or symptoms,<br>before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly   | y with water before removi<br>0 minutes. Get medical at<br>avoid further exposure. W  | ing it, or wear<br>ttention. In the   |
| Ingestion                      | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove<br>and keep at rest in a position comforta<br>swallowed and the exposed person is of<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so<br>the head should be kept low so that vo<br>attention. If necessary, call a poison co-<br>mouth to an unconscious person. If un<br>medical attention immediately. Mainta<br>as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | ble for breathing. If materi<br>conscious, give small quan<br>s sick as vomiting may be o<br>to by medical personnel. If<br>mit does not enter the lung<br>enter or physician. Never o<br>inconscious, place in recover | ial has been<br>htities of water to<br>dangerous. Do not<br>f vomiting occurs,<br>gs. Get medical<br>give anything by<br>ery position and get |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022   | Version : 1.02  |   |
| Date of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022   | 2/14  | AkzoNobel   |

## Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

|                             | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Potential acute health effe |   |
| Eye contact                 | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Inhalation                  | <ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or<br/>dizziness.</li> </ul>   |
| Skin contact                | : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  |
| Ingestion                   | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |
| Over-exposure signs/sym     | <u>otoms</u>  |
| Eye contact                 | : No specific data.   |
| Inhalation                  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Skin contact                | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
| Ingestion                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Indication of immediate me  | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |
| Notes to physician          | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>   |
| Specific treatments         | : No specific treatment.  |
| Protection of first-aiders  | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                        |   |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media               | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media             | : Do not use water jet.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022 | Version : 1.02 |           |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022 | 3/14           | AkzoNobel |

## **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

|  |   | 5  |
|--|---|--|
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>metal oxide/oxides   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency proceduresFor non-emergency<br/>personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br/>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br/>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br/>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br/>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br/>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any<br/>information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the<br/>information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition |
|---------------------|---|
|                     |   |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022 | Version : 1.02 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Date of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022 | 4/14           |



## Section 7. Handling and storage

|  |   | source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)<br>equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against<br>electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be<br>hazardous. Do not reuse container.   |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                             | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name                 |             | Exposure limits  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| pr-butyl acetate                |             | <ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).</li> <li>STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWAEV: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul> |  |  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |             | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,<br>7/2018).<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.<br>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).<br>TWA: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,<br>1/2020).<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust<br>TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable<br>fraction<br>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).  |  |  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision  | : 11/1/2022 | Version : 1.02   |  |  |
| Date of previous issue          | : 10/6/2022 | 5/14 AkzoNobel   |  |  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                      | TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total<br>dust.<br>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).<br>Skin sensitizer.<br>8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust<br>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,<br>7/2013).<br>STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|----------------------|---|
| xylene               | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).<br>15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,<br>1/2020).<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).<br>STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,<br>7/2013).<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).<br>15 min OEL: 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>15 min OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.<br>8 hrs OEL: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,<br>1/2020).<br>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).<br>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).<br>STEV: 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEV: 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,<br>7/2013).<br>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.          |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Appropriate engineering controls | se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaus<br>intilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airbor<br>intaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering<br>so need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explo-<br>nits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.   | ne<br>Ig controls                                      |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Environmental exposure controls  | nissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked<br>ey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.<br>ses, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>juipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   | In some  |
| Individual protection measur     |   |  |
| Hygiene measures                 | ash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical produ-<br>ting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working perio<br>peropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminate<br>ontaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. A<br>Intaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and a<br>owers are close to the workstation location.  | od.<br>d clothing.<br>Wash                             |
| Eye/face protection              | afety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used whet<br>sessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashed<br>uses or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be w<br>iless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glad<br>de-shields.   | es, mists,<br>/orn,                                    |
| Skin protection                  |   |  |
| Hand protection                  | nemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standa<br>worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessmen<br>is is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man<br>eck during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective propertie<br>ould be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may<br>ferent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consis-<br>overal substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>timated. | t indicates<br>lufacturer,<br>es. It<br>be<br>sting of |
| Body protection                  | ersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on t<br>sing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spec<br>fore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static el<br>ear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>scharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   | cialist<br>ectricity,                                  |
| Other skin protection            | ppropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should<br>lected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and sh<br>pproved by a specialist before handling this product.   |  |
| Respiratory protection           | ased on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that mopropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according spiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other pects of use.  | to a   |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Date of previous issue                     | : 10/6/2022        | 7/14           | AkzoNobel |
|--|--------------------|----------------|-----------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision             | : 11/1/2022        | Version : 1.02 |           |
| Flash point                                | : Closed cup: 28°C |                |           |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range | : Not available.   |                |           |
| Melting point/freezing point               | : Not available.   |                |           |
| рН   | : Not available.   |                |           |
| Odor threshold                             | : Not available.   |                |           |
| Odor                                       | : Characteristic.  |                |           |
| Color                                      | : Green.           |                |           |
| Physical state                             | : Liquid.          |                |           |
| <u>Appearance</u>                          |                    |                |           |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| •  |  |
|--|--|
| Evaporation rate                             | : Not available.   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : Not available.   |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)                           |
| Vapor pressure                               | : Not available.   |
| Vapor density                                | : Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 2.75 (Air = 1) |
| Density                                      | : 1.121 g/cm <sup>3</sup>  |
| Solubility(ies)                              | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : Not available.   |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : Not available.   |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : Not available.   |
| Viscosity                                    | : Kinematic (room temperature): 8.92 cm <sup>2</sup> /s<br>Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm <sup>2</sup> /s     |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidizing materials   |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name       | Result                | Species    | Dose               | Exposure  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| n-butyl acetate               | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 390 ppm            | 4 hours   |
|                               | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse      | 6 g/m <sup>3</sup> | 2 hours   |
|                               | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit     | >17600 mg/kg       | -         |
|                               | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 1230 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Oral             | Guinea pig | 4700 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Oral             | Mouse      | 6 g/kg             | -         |
|                               | LD50 Oral             | Rabbit     | 3200 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 10768 mg/kg        | -         |
| xylene                        | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 6700 ppm           | 4 hours   |
| -                             | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 5000 ppm           | 4 hours   |
|                               | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat        | 6670 ppm           | 4 hours   |
|                               | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 1548 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Mouse      | 1548 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Intraperitoneal  | Rat        | 2459 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Oral             | Mouse      | 2119 mg/kg         | -         |
|                               | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg         | -         |
| ate of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022           | Versio     | on :1.02           | 1         |
| ate of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022           | 8/14       |                    | AkzoNobel |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                      | 5                    |            |            |   |
|----------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|---|
|                      | LD50 Oral            | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg | - |
|                      | LD50 Subcutaneous    | Rat        | 1700 mg/kg | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | 800 mg/kg  | - |
|                      | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse      | 268 mg/kg  | - |
|                      | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat        | 400 mg/kg  | - |
|                      | LD50 Oral            | Guinea pig | 1600 mg/kg | - |
|                      | LD50 Oral            | Mouse      | 1900 mg/kg | - |
|                      | LD50 Oral            | Mouse      | 2850 mg/kg | - |
|                      | LD50 Oral            | Rat        | 2080 mg/kg | - |
|                      | LD50 Oral            | Rat        | 4600 mg/kg | - |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure      | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| n-butyl acetate         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg        | -           |
| -                       | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg         | -           |
| -                       | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5    | -           |
|                         | ,                        |         |       | mg            |             |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 UI | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %         | -           |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100  | -           |
| 2.1                     |                          |         |       | UI            |             |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 40 mg         | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name   | Category   | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs   |
|--|--|----------------------|---|
| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<br>n-butyl acetate<br>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<br>xylene | Category 3<br>Category 3<br>Category 3<br>Category 3 | -                    | Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one   | Category 3   | -                    | Narcotic effects  |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

| Name                           |             | Result           |                |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|
| xylene ASPIF                   |             | ASPIRATION HAZAR | D - Category 1 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022 | Version : 1.02   |                |
| Date of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022 | 9/14             | AkzoNobel      |

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Information on the likely<br>routes of exposure | : Not available.  |
|---|---|
| Potential acute health effects                  |   |
| Eye contact                                     | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Inhalation                                      | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |
| Skin contact                                    | : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  |
| Ingestion                                       | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |
|   |   |
| Symptoms related to the phy                     | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics   |
| Eye contact                                     | : No specific data.   |
| Inhalation                                      | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact                                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
| Ingestion                                       | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| -   | ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure   |
| <u>Short term exposure</u>                      |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects                  | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects                       | : Not available.  |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>                       |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects                  | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects                       | : Not available.  |
| Potential chronic health eff                    | ects  |
| Not available.                                  |   |
| General   | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.   |
| Carcinogenicity                                 | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.  |
| Mutagenicity                                    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Reproductive toxicity                           | : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  |
| -   |   |



## Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

| Product/ingredient name | Result   | Species  | Exposure             |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| n-butyl acetate         | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water                                      | Crustaceans - Artemia salina   | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water                                   | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water                                  | Fish - Menidia beryllina   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Danio rerio   | 96 hours             |
| titanium dioxide        | Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water                                     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water                                     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water                                   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate   | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water  | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia<br>dubia - Neonate                                | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water                                     | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia<br>dubia - Neonate                                | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water                                       | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia<br>dubia - Neonate                                | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water                                      | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia<br>dubia - Neonate                                | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water                                     | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia<br>dubia - Neonate                                | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water                                      | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -<br>Neonate   | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water                                       | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -<br>Neonate   | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine | Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus                   | 96 hours<br>96 hours |
| xylene                  | water<br>Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water                              | Crustaceans - Cypris<br>subglobosa   | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water                                      | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes<br>pugio - Adult                                  | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water                                    | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio   | 48 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Carassius auratus   | 96 hours             |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water                                   | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water                                   | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours             |
|                         | Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water                                   | Fish - Pimephales promelas -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours             |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water                                     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 21 days              |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Pimephales promelas -<br>Embryo                                       | 33 days              |

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name                   | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|---|--------|-------------|-----------|
| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate            | 0.76   | -           | low       |
| n-butyl acetate                           | 2.3    | -           | low       |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate           | 1.2    | -           | low       |
| xylene                                    | 3.12   | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one                      | 1.9    | -           | low       |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic | -      | 60960       | high      |

#### Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc)    |                  |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

|                               | TDG Classification | IMDG   | IATA   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number                     | UN1263             | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | PAINT              | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | 3                  | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group                 | 111                |        | Ш      |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.                | No.    | No.    |

#### Additional information

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022 | Version : 1.02 |           |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022 | 12/14          | AkzoNobel |

## Section 14. Transport information

| •   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).   |
|-----|---|
| :   | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, _S-E_<br><b>Viscous liquid exception</b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.                                 |
| · : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| :   | Not available.  |
|     | · :   |

## Section 15. Regulatory information

| <u>Canadian lists</u> |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Canadian NPRI         | <ul> <li>The following components are listed: other glycol ethers and acetates (and their<br/>isomers); butyl acetate (all isomers); propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; xylene<br/>(all isomers)</li> </ul> |
| CEPA Toxic substances | : None of the components are listed.  |
| Inventory list        |   |
| Canada                | : At least one component is not listed.   |
| United States         | : 🕅 components are active or exempted.  |
|                       |   |

## Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u>                  |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing                | : 1 November 2022   |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 1 November 2022   |
| Date of previous issue          | : 6 October 2022  |
| Version                         | : 1.02  |
| Unique ID                       | :   |
| Key to abbreviations            | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>N/A = Not available<br>SGG = Segregation Group<br>UN = United Nations |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification         |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  | On basis of test data |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1                                       | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2                                    | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - | Calculation method    |
| Category 3  |                       |

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.** 

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 11/1/2022 | Version : 1.02 |           |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue         | : 10/6/2022 | 13/14          | AkzoNobel |

## Section 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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