

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FR2-55 SEMI-GLOSS BASE DK ANTHR RAL240 2005/7402

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: FR2-55 SEMI-GLOSS BASE DK ANTHR RAL240 2005/7402 : 55927402B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Waterborne paint. Professio	onal use Industrial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Waterborne coating for interior use.
Supplier's details	
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la F 09103 PAMIERS (France	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	: 🔽 🔥



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise : None known. classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

%	CAS number
≤10	1309-37-1
≤5	147-14-8
≤3	14807-96-6
≤3	1318-59-8
≤3	13463-67-7
≤3	9038-95-3
≤3	7631-86-9
	≤10 ≤5 ≤3 ≤3 ≤3 ≤3 ≤3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Mush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>ects</u>		
Eye contact	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>iptoms</u>		
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill :	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill :	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
diiron trioxide 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(/ Talc , not containing asbesti Chlorite-group minerals titanium dioxide	2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper form fibres	None. None. None. None. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Tota OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/19 TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Tota ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Substance identified by other source suspected or confirmed human car 1996 Adoption Substances for whice TLV is higher than the OSHA Permi Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the Nice Recommended Exposure Limit (RE CFR 58(124) :36338-33351, June 30	989). I dust Notes: ces as a cinogen. h the ssible DSH L). See
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether silicon dioxide	for revised OSHA PEL. Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. None. None.
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Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Color	: Gray.				
Odor	: Characteristic.				
Odor threshold	: Not available.				
рН	: 8				
Melting point	: Not available.				
Boiling point	: Not available.				
Flash point	: Closed cup: 105°C (221°F)				
Evaporation rate	: Not available.				
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: (Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether).
Density	: 1.282 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	293 mg/m³	4 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	174 mg/m³	4 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	4770 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	4670 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	147 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	330 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 mL/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14100 uĽ/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2600 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	49 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7460 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	16 g/kg ັ	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	1770 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	45 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4 mL/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6130 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5370 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9610 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12300 uL/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9170 uL/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	38400 uL/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8530 uL/kg	-	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	18300 uL/kg 20600 uL/kg	-	
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Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Species Score		Observation	
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	50 mg	-	
•	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
silicon dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-	
				mg		

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
díiron trioxide	-	3	-
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
silicon dioxide	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours	

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-) -N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	6.6	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

of this requir region via a the se Wast when safe v clean Avoid	eneration of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal a product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the ements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any hal local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to ewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. The packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a vay. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been ed or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains ewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b):

Not determined.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: ROUGE DUST; IRON OXIDE DUST; TALC; SOAPSTONE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TIN DIOXIDE DUST; DIATOMACEOUS EARTH; AMORPHOUS SILICA
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: IRON OXIDE; FERRIC OXIDE; COPPER compounds; SOAPSTONE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2)
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: IRON OXIDE; COPPER COMPOUNDS; TALC; SOAPSTONE DUST; TITANIUM OXIDE; SILICA

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	-

Inventory list

Canada

: At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
ARCINOGENICITY - Cate	gory 2	Calculation method
History		
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co- MARPOL = International Convention for the Preventi as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = mar N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	efficient on of Pollution From Ships, 1973

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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