

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRC MATT TUK GREY 8500 V2/B320

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: FRC MATT TUK GREY 8500 V2/B320 : 6872B320K

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Paint. Professional use Indus	trial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Waterborne coating for interior use.
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rij 09103 PAMIERS Ce France	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.



2. Hazards identification Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use nonsparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Response : Collect spillage. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% CAS number		Official Gazette notice reference number		
			CSCL	ISHL	
Indecanoic acid, 11-amino-, homopolymer	≤10	25587-80-8	7-359	Not available.	
carbon black, respirable powder	≤3.0	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222	Not available.	
Polyisocyanate, aliphatic	≤3.0	-	Not available.	Not available.	
titanium dioxide	≤3.0	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225	2-(3)-509	
silicon dioxide	≤1.0	7631-86-9	1-548	(1)-548	
2-butoxyethanol	<1.0	111-76-2	2-2424; 2-407; 7-97	(2)-2424	
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.029	822-06-0	2-2863	Not available.	

4. First aid measures



4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms	/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effe	ects	
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

<u>Handling</u>	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
9 Exposure contr	ala/naraanal protoction

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
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Occupational exposure limits



8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
2-butoxyethanol	ISHL (Japan, 10/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2019). Absorbed through skin. OEL-C: 97 mg/m ³ OEL-C: 20 ppm		
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2019). Inhalation sensitizer. OEL-M: 0.034 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.		

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Gray.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
рН	: 8		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 59°C		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: I	ower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-	1-methylethyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	: Not available.		
Vapor density	: Highest known value: >1	(Air = 1) (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl	acetate).
Density	: 1.178 g/cm ³		
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9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	/ : Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 10.19 cm ² /s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm ² /s

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
powder				
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	700 ppm	7 hours
5	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	3380 mg/m ³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2900 mg/m ³	7 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	230 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	536 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	252 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	307 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1167 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	320 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure	Mouse	1050 mg/kg	-
	unreported		J J J J	
	LD50 Route of exposure	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	unreported		- <u></u>	
hexamethylene-di-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
isocyanate			Ŭ	
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11. Toxicological information

LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	462 mg/m³	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	570 uL/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	5600 µg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	350 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	710 uL/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2-butoxyethanol	500	1100	N/A	11	N/A
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
silicon dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Respiratory sensitization/Skin sensitization

Not available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	0,	Route of exposure	Target organs
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours		
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours		
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12. Ecological information

12. Ecological II	normation		
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1490000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.02	57.63	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	:	Not available.

Hazardous to the ozone : Not applicable. layer

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	
Packing group	Ш		III	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Marine Pollutant(s): Undecanoic acid, 11-amino-, homopolymer	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Additional informat	ion	· ·		
UN	hazardous is not	exception This class 3 viscous lices subject to regulation in packagin the general provisions of 4.1.1.1 2.5.2.	gs up to 5 L, provided the	
IMDG	Viscous liquid e hazardous is not	 Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 		
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environment transportation rec	ally hazardous substance mark r gulations.	nay appear if required by other	
Special precautions	upright and secu		port in closed containers that are ing the product know what to do in	
Transport in bulk ac	cording : Not available.			

to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	•	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums		Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

<u>ISHL</u>

Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
zarbon black, respirable powder	≤3.0	Listed	130
titanium dioxide	≤3.0	Listed	191
silicon dioxide	≤1.0	Listed	165-2

Chemicals requiring notification

15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
2-butoxyethanol	<1.0	Listed	79
carbon black, respirable powder	≤3.0	Listed	130
titanium dioxide	≤3.0	Listed	191
silicon dioxide	≤1.0	Listed	165-2

ISHL Appendix 1 : Flamm

: Flammable liquid Class 4

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	<0.010	Monitoring	40
dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	≤0.10	Monitoring	41
2-butoxyethanol	<1.0	Priority	109
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	≤0.10	assessment Priority	43
		assessment	

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	≤0.10	Deleterious	91.2

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 2B

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ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

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16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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