

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS HARDENER

Section 1. Identification GHS product identifier : FRS HARDENER

SDS code : 21040000D

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Paint. Professional use Inc	ustrial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Filler for interior use
Supplier's details	
MAPAERO SAS	
10, Avenue de la	
09103 PAMIERS France	Cedex
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
number (with hours of	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

Section 2. Hazards identification

operation)

Classification of the substance or mixture	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Ca	on) - Čategory 4 ATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	E) (Respiratory tract
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms			
Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning H226 - Flammable liquid ar H315 - Causes skin irritatio H317 - May cause an allerg H319 - Causes serious eye H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respirate 	n. ic skin reaction. irritation.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.01	AkzoNobel
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	1/13	ANLUNUDCI

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Chinese name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
₩examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2	[1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - <20	108-65-6	[1]
xylene	≥10 - ≤20	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4	[1] [2]
化学品中文名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
, 6-二异氰酸根合己烷的均聚物	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2	[1]
乙酸-1-甲氧基-2-丙基酯	≥10 - <20	108-65-6	[1]
二甲苯	≥10 - ≤20	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
乙苯	≤3	100-41-4	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

wost important symptoms	renects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health eff	<u>ects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	<u>iptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	3/13	AkzoNobel

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spille drains and sewers. Inf environmental pollution	orm the relevant autho	prities if the product ha	
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning	<u>ar</u>		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent			
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 9-12-2022	Versio	on :1.01	
Date of previous issue		: 1-10-2022	4/13		AkzoNobel

Section 6. Accidental release measures

material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	Exposure limits	
		concentration (Taiwa STEL: 542.5 mg/m ³ STEL: 125 ppm 15 m TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hou TW Minstry of Labor	standards, allowable an, 3/2018). [xylenes] 15 minutes. hinutes. hours. urs. , labor permissible standards, allowable an, 3/2018). 15 minutes. hinutes. hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other eng contaminants below ar also need to keep gas,	e ventilation. Use process enclosures, ineering controls to keep worker expo y recommended or statutory limits. The vapor or dust concentrations below an proof ventilation equipment.	sure to airborne he engineering controls	
ndividual protection measur	es			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.01		
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	5/13	AkzoNobel	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Colorless.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.	
Flash point	: 🗹osed cup: 37°C (98.6°F) [Pensky-Martens]	
Flammability	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

	V	apor Pressu	re at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
tøluene	23.17	3.1				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36				
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.01	0.0013				
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.01	0.0013				
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	0.000018	0.0000024	EU A.4			
elative vapor density	: Not ava	ilable.	-			
ensity	: <mark>1</mark> .07 g/c	cm ³ [DIN EN	ISO 2811-1]			
olubility(ies)	:	-	-			
Media	Re	sult				
cold water	No	t soluble [OE	SO (TG 105)]			
artition coefficient: n- ctanol/water	: Not app	licable.				
uto-ignition temperature	:					
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Μ	ethod	
Provide the second s		333	631.4			
xylene		432	809.6			
ethylbenzene		432.22	810			
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate		454	849.2			
toluene		480	896			
ecomposition temperature	: Not ava	vilable	I			
iscosity	: 🕅 nema	itic (room terr	nperature): 290 m 4°F)): 101 mm²/s			
<u>article characteristics</u> /ledian particle size	: Not app	licable.		. ,.		-
Section 10. Stabil	ity and	reactivi	ity			
Chemical stability	: The pro	oduct is stabl	e.			
Possibility of hazardous eactions	: Under	normal condi	tions of storage a	nd use, hazar	dous react	ons will not occur.
Conditions to avoid			ources of ignition (grind or expose co			pressurize, cut, we es of ignition.
ncompatible materials		ve or incompang ng materials	atible with the follo	owing materia	ls:	
lazardous decomposition	: Under	normal condi	tions of storage a	nd use, hazar	dous deco	mposition products

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	7/13	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
diisocyanate, oligomers				
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
<i>y v c</i>	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract
Xylene	Category 5	-	irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

.. ...

Name	Result		
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure				-	
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
<u>Long term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>			
Not available.					
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe to very low levels.	allergic reaction ma	y occur when	subsequently exposed
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 9-12-2022	Version	: 1.01	
Date of previous issue		: 1-10-2022	9/13		AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris	48 hours
	Aguta I CEO 9 E par Marina water	subglobosa	10 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	i o nouro
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	subcapitata Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	no nouro
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours



Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 3.6		low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	111	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

UN

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	11/13	AkzoNobel

Section 14. Transport information		
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. <u>IMDG Code Segregation group</u> Not applicable	
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.	
Section 15. Regulatory information		
Not applicable.		

TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

Organic solvent poisoning : Fype 2 prevention rule

Priority management chemicals, Article 2

CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I))

: Applicable

List of chemicals for which : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene, toluene. manufacturing or handling is defined as "work specially hazardous to health"

Taiwan

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 9 December 2022		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 9 December 2022		
Version	: 1.01		
Unique ID	:		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Trans IBC = Intermediate Bulk Cont IMDG = International Maritim LogPow = logarithm of the oc MARPOL = International Con	or System of Classification and L sport Association tainer	t Pollution From Ships,
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022	12/13	AkzoNobel

Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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