

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

FRS-40/FLEX BASE BEIGE AFNOR 2280

## Section 1. Identification

#### **GHS** product identifier SDS code

: FRS-40/FLEX BASE BEIGE AFNOR 2280

: 40862280B

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Paint. Professional use Indu	strial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la R 09103 PAMIERS C France	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

### Section 2. Hazards identification

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Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof

revention	: Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof
	electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to
	prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapor.

Response : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-11-2022	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 21-10-2022	1/13	AkzoNobel

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage
Diamagal

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
xylene	<10	1330-20-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
methyl methacrylate	≤0.3	80-62-6
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	<0.25	7779-90-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-11-2022	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 21-10-2022	2/13	AkzoNobel

## Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	ptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, $CO_2$ ,	water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	<b>j</b> :	Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:		apor. Runoff to sewer may create fin ressure increase will occur and the explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products		Decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	s may include the following materials	5.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	; :	there is a fire. No action suitable training. Move	ne by removing all persons from the n shall be taken involving any persor containers from fire area if this can b fire-exposed containers cool.	nal risk or without
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters			r appropriate protective equipment a CBA) with a full face-piece operated	
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 1-11-2022	Version : 1.02	
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling				
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.			
Advice on general occupational hygiene		Eating, drinking and smoking should be handled, stored and processed. Worke eating, drinking and smoking. Remove equipment before entering eating areas information on hygiene measures.	ers should wash hands and f contaminated clothing and	face before protective
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.		
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
n-butyl acetate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
xylene		Minsitry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001).		
ethylbenzene		TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. Minsitry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001).		
methyl methacrylate		TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. <b>Minsitry of Labor and Employement</b> ( <b>Brazil, 11/2001).</b> TWA: 320 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineerin contaminants below any reco	lation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ng controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls r or dust concentrations below any lower explosive ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirer cases, fume scrubbers, filter	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection meas	sures			
Individual protection meas Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and f eating, smoking and using th Appropriate techniques shou	ace thoroughly after handling chemical products, before e lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and he workstation location.		
	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and f eating, smoking and using th Appropriate techniques shou Wash contaminated clothing safety showers are close to t</li> <li>Safety eyewear complying wi assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is</li> </ul>	e lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and		
Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and f eating, smoking and using th Appropriate techniques shou Wash contaminated clothing safety showers are close to t</li> <li>Safety eyewear complying win assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is unless the assessment indicates</li> </ul>	e lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and he workstation location. ith an approved standard should be used when a risk necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, possible, the following protection should be worn,		
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and f eating, smoking and using th Appropriate techniques shou Wash contaminated clothing safety showers are close to t</li> <li>Safety eyewear complying with assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is unless the assessment indicates the assessment indicates this is even at all times when ha this is necessary. Considering check during use that the glo should be noted that the time different for different glove m</li> </ul>	e lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and he workstation location. ith an approved standard should be used when a risk necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, possible, the following protection should be worn,		



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	White.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:	Not available.
boiling range		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.01 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.334 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 8.25 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data relate	d to reactivity available for this proc	luct or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions o	f storage and use, hazardous react	ons will not occur.
Conditions to avoid		of ignition (spark or flame). Do not r expose containers to heat or sourc	
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible v oxidizing materials	vith the following materials:	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions o should not be produced.	f storage and use, hazardous deco	nposition products
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-11-2022	Version : 1.02	
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## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse		2 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig		-
LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
			4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat		4 hours
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse		-
	Mouse		-
	Rat		_
	Mouse		-
	Rat		_
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat		-
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit		4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse		2 hours
	Rat		2 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse		2 hours
	Rat		4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig		-
	Mouse		-
	Rat		-
	Guinea pig		-
	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit		-
	Rat		_
			-
			-
	Rat		-
	Mouse		_
LD50 Intraperitoneal			-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Subcutaneous LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intraperitoneal	LC50 Inhalation VaporMouseLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 OralGuinea pigLD50 OralRabbitLD50 OralRabbitLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 OralRatLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 Inhalation VaporMouseLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 IntraperitonealMouseLD50 IntraperitonealGuinea pigLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRat <tr< td=""><td>LC50 Inhalation VaporMouse6 g/m³LD50 DermalRabbit&gt;17600 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1230 mg/kgLD50 OralGuinea pig4700 mg/kgLD50 OralRabbit3200 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10768 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10768 mg/kgLD50 OralRat6700 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat6670 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat6670 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat6670 ppmLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1548 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1548 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealRat2459 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgLD50 SubcutaneousRat1700 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rabbit4000 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rabbit4000 ppmLC50 Inhalation VaporMouse35500 mg/m³LD50 DermalRabbit75000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse18500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat7800 uL/kgLD50 OralRat3200 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse945 mg/kgLD50 OralRat7872 mg/kg<!--</td--></td></tr<>	LC50 Inhalation VaporMouse6 g/m³LD50 DermalRabbit>17600 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1230 mg/kgLD50 OralGuinea pig4700 mg/kgLD50 OralRabbit3200 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10768 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10768 mg/kgLD50 OralRat6700 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat6670 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat6670 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat6670 ppmLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1548 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse1548 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealRat2459 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgLD50 SubcutaneousRat1700 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rabbit4000 ppmLC50 Inhalation Gas.Rabbit4000 ppmLC50 Inhalation VaporMouse35500 mg/m³LD50 DermalRabbit75000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat3500 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse18500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat7800 uL/kgLD50 OralRat3200 mg/kgLD50 IntraperitonealMouse945 mg/kgLD50 OralRat7872 mg/kg </td

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-	
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-	
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## Section 11. Toxicological information

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Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering
	redness



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ct	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
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		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 5400 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 90 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.



## Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	tion	·	· · · ·
Brazil	: <u>Risk number</u>	30	
IMDG	Viscous liqui	<u>chedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>d exception</u> This class 3 viscou o to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.	s liquid is not subject to regulation i

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments



### Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: At least one component is not listed.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: 🕅 components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 1 November 2022
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1 November 2022
Date of previous issue	: 21 October 2022
Version	: 1.02
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-11-2022	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 21-10-2022	12/13	AkzoNobel

### Section 16. Other information

or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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