

SAFETY DATA SHEET

A1500-M GLOSS BASE YELLOW FS 13538

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

| Section 1. Chemic | cal product and company identification |
|---|--|
| A. Product name | : A1500-M GLOSS BASE YELLOW FS 13538 |
| SDS code | : 13943538B |
| B. <u>Relevant identified uses</u> | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| | Identified uses |
| Paint. Professional use Indus | strial use |
| | Uses advised against |
| All other uses | |
| Product use | : Solvent borne coating for exterior use. |
| C. Supplier's details | |
| MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rij 09103 PAMIERS Ce France | |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of | : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| A. Hazard classification | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
|--------------------------|---|
| | This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act. |

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements 2



Signal word

Symbol

operation)

: Warning



Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. |
| Response | : P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. |
| Storage | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| C. Other hazards which do | : None known. |

C. Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | Identifiers | % |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | CAS: 54839-24-6 | ≥10 - <20 |
| n-butyl acetate | CAS: 123-86-4 | ≥10 - <15 |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | CAS: 108-65-6 | <10 |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | - | ≥1 - <5 |
| xylene | CAS: 1330-20-7 | ≥1 - <5 |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | CAS: 7779-90-0 | <1 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | CAS: 108-10-1 | ≥0.1 - <5 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | CAS: 41556-26-7 | <10 |
| ethylbenzene | CAS: 100-41-4 | ≥0.1 - <5 |
| titanium dioxide | CAS: 13463-67-7 | ≥0.1 - <5 |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic | CAS: 85203-81-2 | <0.3 |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | CAS: 82919-37-7 | <10 |
| toluene | CAS: 108-88-3 | <0.3 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Α. | Eye contact | : | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. |
|----|--------------|---|--|
| B. | Skin contact | : | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |

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Section 4. First aid measures

| C. | Inhalation | : | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
|----|----------------------------|---|---|
| D. | Ingestion | : | Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Е. | Notes to physician | : | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| | Specific treatments | : | No specific treatment. |
| | Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| A. Extinguishing media | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO | ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. | | |
| B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical | In a fire or if heated, a the risk of a subseque lasting effects. Fire w | vapor. Runoff to sewer may create pressure increase will occur and the nt explosion. This material is harmf ater contaminated with this material discharged to any waterway, sewer | e container may burst, with ful to aquatic life with long must be contained and |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition produc carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides | ts may include the following materia | als: |
| C. Special protective equipment for fire- fighters | | ear appropriate protective equipmen SCBA) with a full face-piece operate | |
| Special precautions for fire-fighters | there is a fire. No acti suitable training. Mov | cene by removing all persons from t on shall be taken involving any pers e containers from fire area if this can ep fire-exposed containers cool. | onal risk or without |
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Α. | Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|----|--|----|--|
| B. | Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| С. | Methods and materials fo | rc | containment and cleaning up |
| | Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| | Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

| | Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|----|--|---|
| | Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| в. | Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. <u>Control parameters</u>

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|---|
| -butyl acetate | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. |
| athe dhannana | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| titanium dioxide | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust |
| | with less than 1% of free SiO2 |
| toluene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | |

| B. | Appropriate engineering controls | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----|------------------------------------|---|---|
| | Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| C. | Personal protective equip | m | ent |
| | Respiratory protection | : | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important |

Eye protection
 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | · · |
|------------------|---|
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Α. | <u>Appearance</u> | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|---|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Physical state | : | Liquid. | | | |
| | Color | : | Yellow. | | | |
| В. | Odor | : | Characteristic. | | | |
| С. | Odor threshold | : | Not available. | | | |
| D. | рН | : | Not available. | | | |
| Е. | Melting/freezing point | : | Not available. | | | |
| F. | Boiling point/boiling range | : | Not available. | | | |
| G. | Flash point | : | Closed cup: 28°C (82.4 | °F) | | |
| | Fire point | : | Not available. | | | |
| Н. | Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | | |
| I. | Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. | | | |
| J. | Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Greatest known range: | Lower: 1% Upper: 9. | 8% (2-ethoxy-1- | methylethyl acetate) |
| K. | Vapor pressure | : | Not available. | | | |
| L. | Solubility | : | Insoluble in the followin | g materials: cold wate | er. | |
| | Solubility in water | : | Not available. | | | |
| Μ. | Vapor density | : | Highest known value: 4 average: 2.73 (Air = 1) | .6 (Air = 1) (2-metho | xy-1-methylethy | /l acetate). Weighted |
| Ν. | Density | : | 1.191 g/cm³ | | | |
| 0. | Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not available. | | | |
| Ρ. | Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. | | | |
| Q. | Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | | | |
| R. | Viscosity | : | Kinematic (room tempe Kinematic (40°C (104°F | | | |
| | Flow time (ISO 2431) | : | Not available. | | | |
| S. | Molecular weight | : | Not applicable. | | | |
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Α. | Chemical stability | : | The product is stable. |
|----|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| | Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| В. | Conditions to avoid | : | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| C. | Incompatible materials | : | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| D. | Hazardous decomposition products | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Α. | Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. | | | |
|----|--|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Potential acute health effe | <u>effects</u> | | | | |
| | Inhalation | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | | | |
| | Ingestion | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | | | |
| | Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| | Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| | Over-exposure signs/sym | <u>ire signs/symptoms</u> | | | | |
| | Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | | | |
| | Ingestion | : | No specific data. | | | |
| | Skin contact | : | No specific data. | | | |
| | Eye contact | : | No specific data. | | | |

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| p -butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 390 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | 6 g/m ³ | 2 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1230 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 4700 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 6 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 3200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10768 mg/kg | - |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6700 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6670 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1548 mg/kg | - |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | bgical information | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1548 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 2459 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 2119 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Subcutaneous | Rat | 1700 mg/kg | - |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 552 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 551 mg/kg | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | 800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 268 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 1600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 1900 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 2850 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2080 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4600 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rabbit | 4000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | 35500 mg/m ³ | 2 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 55000 mg/m ³ | 2 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17800 uL/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 2624 uL/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Mouse | 400 ppm | 24 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | 30000 mg/m ³ | 2 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | 19900 mg/m ³ | 7 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 14100 uL/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | 500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 59 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 1332 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Intravenous | Rat | 1960 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 636 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Route of exposure | Mouse | 2 g/kg | - |
| | unreported | | | |
| | LD50 Route of exposure | Rat | 6900 mg/kg | - |
| | unreported | | | |
| | LD50 Subcutaneous | Mouse | 2250 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| <mark>দ</mark> -butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
| | | | | 500 mg | |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 UI | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
| | | | | 500 mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 UI | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
| | | | | 500 mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
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| | | | 100 UI | |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 mg | - |
| Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
| | | | 500 mg | |
| Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | mg | |
| Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes | - |
| | | | 100 mg | |
| Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 870 ug | - |
| Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | mg | |
| Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 435 mg | - |
| Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | mg | |
| Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant | Skin - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit | Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit- | Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritantRabbit Rabbit-40 mg 24 hours 500 mgEyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritantRabbit Rabbit-24 hours 500 mgEyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritantRabbit Rabbit-24 hours 15 mgEyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit Rabbit-0.5 minutes 100 mgEyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-24 hours 2 mgSkin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit Rabbit-24 hours 2 mgSkin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit Rabbit-435 mg |

Sensitization

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | Classification |
|---|---|---|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene titanium dioxide toluene | CAS: 100-41-4 CAS: 13463-67-7 CAS: 108-88-3 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP | ACGIH |
|--|------|------|-----|-------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | - | 3 | - | A4 |
| xylene | - | 3 | - | A4 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | - | 2B | - | A3 |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - | A3 |
| titanium dioxide | - | 2B | - | A4 |
| toluene | - | 3 | - | A4 |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------|---------------|
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Section 11. Toxicological information

| 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
|--|------------|---|-------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract |
| | | | irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| toluene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| | | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 2 | - | - |
| xylene | Category 1 | - | - |
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |
| toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--------------|--|
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

| : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|--|
| : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| |

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| <mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| xylene | Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Carassius auratus | 96 hours |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute LC50 90 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 505000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
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Section 12. Ecological information

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|---------------------------|--|---|--------------------|
| | water | | |
| | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine | Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hour 96 hour |
| | | Neonate | |
| | Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water | Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water | dubia - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water | dubia - Neonate Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water | dubia - Neonate Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hour |
| titanium dioxide | Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water | Weanling) Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water | Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, | 96 hour |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hour |
| | Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hour |
| | Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hour |
| | Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Marine water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Menidia menidia | 48 hour 96 hour |
| | | Neonate | |
| | Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water | Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water | - Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water | Nauplii Crustaceans - Cancer magister | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water | Nauplii Crustaceans - Artemia sp | 48 hour |
| | Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water | Neonate Crustaceans - Artemia sp | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water | Nauplii Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water | Nauplii Crustaceans - Artemia sp | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | subcapitata Crustaceans - Artemia sp | 48 hour |
| | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water | subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 96 hour |
| | Acute EC50 5400 μg/l Fresh water | subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 72 hour |
| | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 72 hour |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hour 96 hour |
| | | Embryo | |
| | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - | 21 days 33 days |
| | | Weanling) | 04 |
| | Acute EC50 557000 µg/l Fresh water | | 90 11001 |
| | Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, | 96 hour |

Section 12. Ecological information

| ection 12. Ecolog | Ical information | | |
|-------------------|---|--|----------------------|
| toluene | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 16500 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.88 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.56 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 19600 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6780 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 15.5 ppm Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 15500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 56.3 ppm Marine water | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 86.3 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6410 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha - Fry | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5800 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6780 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days 21 days |

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

C. Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------|
| -ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 0.76 | - | low |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |
| 2-meťhoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 1.2 | - | low |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | - | 60960 | high |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic | - | 60960 | high |
| toluene | 2.73 | 90 | low |

D. Mobility in soil

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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| A. UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| B. UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| C. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| D. Packing group | Ш | Ш | |
| E. Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

IMDG

: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_

F. Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments



Section 15. Regulatory information

| | jen i se se gene | |
|----|--|---|
| Α. | Regulation according to | ISHA |
| | ISHA article 117 | : None of the components are listed. |
| | (Harmful substances prohibited from | |
| | manufacture) | |
| | ISHA article 118 | : None of the components are listed. |
| | (Harmful substances | |
| | requiring permission) | |
| | Article 2 of Youth | : Not applicable. |
| | Protection Act on Substances Hazardous | |
| | to Youth | |
| | Exposure Limits of Chem | ical Substances and Physical Factors |
| | The following components | |
| | p -butyl acetate | |
| | Reaction mass of ethylber xylene | nzene and xylene |
| | 4-methylpentan-2-one | |
| | ethylbenzene | |
| | titanium dioxide toluene | |
| | | : The following components are listed: toluene |
| | Annex 19 (Exposure | |
| | standards established | |
| | for harmful factors) | |
| | | : The following components are listed: n-butyl acetate, Xylene, o,m,p-isomers |
| | Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work | |
| | Environment | |
| | Measurement) | |
| | - | : The following components are listed: Xylene |
| | Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to | |
| | Special Health Check- | |
| | up) | |
| | Standard of Industrial | : 🗚 following components are listed: n-butyl acetate, Xylene |
| | Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous | |
| | substances subject to | |
| | control) | |
| В. | Regulation according to | Chemicals Control Act |
| | CCA Article 11 (TRI) | : The following components are listed: Vanadium and its compounds, Xylene |
| | CCA Article 18 | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27) | |
| | CCA Article 19 Subject | : None of the components are listed. |
| | to authorization (K- | |
| | Reach Article 25) | |
| | CCA Article 20 Toxic | : Not applicable |
| | Chemicals (K-Reach | |
| | Article 20) CCA Article 20 | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Restricted (K-Reach | |
| | Article 27) | |
| | | |
| | | |



Section 15. Regulatory information

| CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) | : None of the components are listed. |
|--|---|
| Existing Chemical | : The following components are listed: Trizinc bis(orthophosphate, 3,3'-Dichloro-(1,1'- |
| Substances Subject to | biphenyl)-4,4'-diamine, Xylene; Dimethylbenzene, 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt, |
| Registration | basic |
| Dangerous Materials | : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid |
| Safety Management Act | Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid |

- Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, region
- **D. Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

E. <u>Regulation according to other foreign laws</u>

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

C.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| A. References | : Not available. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| B. Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1 November 2022 |
| C. Version | : 1.02 |
| Unique ID | : |
| Date of printing | : 1 November 2022 |
| D. Other | |
| _ | |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor |
|----------------------|---|
| | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals |
| | IATA = International Air Transport Association |
| | IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container |
| | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient |
| | MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, |
| | 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) |
| | N/A = Not available |
| | SGG = Segregation Group |
| | UN = United Nations |

Notice to reader

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1-11-2022 | Version : 1.02 | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
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Section 16. Other information

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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