

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE ORANGE YELLOW AFNOR 2310

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE ORANGE YELLOW AFNOR 2310

SDS code : 13862310B

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Paint. Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

Product use : Solvent borne coating for exterior use.

C. Supplier's details

MAPAERO SAS

10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098

09103 PAMIERS Cedex

France

e-mail address of

person responsible for

this SDS

Emergency telephone

number (with hours of

operation)

: PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act

and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Symbol** 







Signal word : Warning

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** 

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

: P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. Response

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

**Storage** : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Identifiers	%
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 54839-24-6	≥10 - <20
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - <15
n-butyl acetate (grade urethane)	-	≥10 - <15
silicon dioxide	CAS: 7631-86-9	<10
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6	<10
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	≥1 - <5
xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	≥1 - <5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	CAS: 41556-26-7	<10
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	≥0.1 - <5
4-methylpentan-2-one	CAS: 108-10-1	≥0.1 - <5
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	CAS: 82919-37-7	<10
toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	<0.3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

B. Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

#### C. Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## D. Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### E. Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical,  $CO_2$ , water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable

extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

# B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

 Special protective equipment for firefighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways. drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### A. Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

# controls

B. Appropriate engineering: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental** exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Orange. B. Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. C. Odor threshold : Not available. E. Melting/freezing point : Not available.

F. Boiling point/boiling

range

: Not available.

: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) G. Flash point

: Not available. Fire point : Not available. H. Evaporation rate : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas)

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)

: Not available. K. Vapor pressure

L. Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

: Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). M. Vapor density

Weighted average: 2.74 (Air = 1)

N. Relative density : Not available. O. Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

P. Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

Q. Decomposition

: Not available.

temperature R. Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): 8.93 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (893 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 1.01 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (101 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**A. Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**B.** Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**C.** Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

D. Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

**decomposition products** should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Eye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness : No specific data.

Ingestion: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Eye contact: No specific data.

#### B. Health hazards

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene				
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

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	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	400 ppm	24 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	30000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	19900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14100 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	59 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1332 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1960 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure	Mouse	2 g/kg	-
	unreported			
	LD50 Route of exposure	Rat	6900 mg/kg	-
	unreported			
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	2250 mg/kg	-

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
silicon dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25 mg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
j	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 UI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-

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	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

## **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Classification
ethylbenzene		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
4-methylpentan-2-one toluene		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION -
toluene		Category 2

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

## **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
silicon dioxide	-	3	-	-
Reaction mass of	-	3	-	A4
ethylbenzene and xylene				
xylene	-	3	-	A4
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-	A3
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-	A3
toluene	-	3	-	A4

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-
xylene	Category 1	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## Potential chronic health effects

## **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

**General**: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

## A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours

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	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
		Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water		
	Acute LC50 9090 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
		•	
	Acute LC50 537000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOTC 70 mg/l Freeh water		21 days
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
toluene	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
tolucile	7 toute 2000 12000 µg/11 real water		72 110013
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 16500 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
		pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
	Acute 2000 1 1000 µg/11 Testi Water	pseudolimnaeus - Adult	40 Hours
		·	40.1
	Acute EC50 6.88 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute EC50 6.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Acute 2000 0.50 mg/r r restr water		40 110013
		Neonate _	
	Acute EC50 19600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Larvae	
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	riodio 2000 0000 pg/11 roon water		10 110410
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute EC50 6780 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Aguto I CEO 15 5 nom Marine water		10 hours
	Acute LC50 15.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio - Adult	
	Acute LC50 15500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Aguto I CEO EG 2 nom Marina water		19 hours
	Acute LC50 56.3 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 86.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	, touto 2000 00.0 mg/m resin water		TO HOURS
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch -	96 hours
	1	Fry	
	Acute I C50 6410 ug/l Marina water		06 hours
	Acute LC50 6410 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus	96 hours
		gorbuscha - Fry	
	Acute LC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6780 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
	Acute LOGO OF OU HIGH FIESH WATER	i ion - Oncomynchus mykiss -	30 HOUIS
1	l	1	1

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## **Section 12. Ecological information**

	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,
	Weanling)
Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh w	ater Daphnia - Daphnia magna 21 days
Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fres	h water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 21 days

### B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.76	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
n-butyl acetate (grade urethane)	2.3	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
toluene	2.73	90	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

## A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### **B.** Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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## **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

UN : <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

IMDG : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E

<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

F. Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances

: None of the components are listed.

prohibited from manufacture)

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

Article 2 of Youth

Protection Act on Substances Hazardous

to Youth

: Not applicable.

### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

n-butyl acetate

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

xylene

ethylbenzene

4-methylpentan-2-one

toluene

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: toluene

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** Annex 21 (Harmful

factors subject to Work

**Environment** Measurement) : The following components are listed: n-Butyl acetate, silica, Xylene, o,m,p-isomers, n-butyl acetate

Annex 22 (Harmful **Factors Subject to** Special Health Check-

up)

control)

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: The following components are listed: Xylene

: The following components are listed: n-Butyl acetate, Xylene, n-butyl acetate

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

CCA Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Xylene

: Not applicable

**CCA Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach** 

Article 27)

: None of the components are listed.

**CCA Article 19 Subject** 

to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)

: None of the components are listed.

**CCA Article 20 Toxic** 

Chemicals (K-Reach

Article 20)

**CCA Article 20** 

Restricted (K-Reach

Article 27)

**CCA Article 39** 

(Accident Precaution

Chemicals)

**Existing Chemical Substances Subject to** 

Registration

: None of the components are listed. : None of the components are listed.

: The following components are listed: 3,3'-Dichloro-(1,1'-biphenyl)-4,4'-diamine,

Xylene; Dimethylbenzene, 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt, basic

C. Dangerous Materials

**Safety Management Act** 

: Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

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A1500-M SEMI-GLOSS BASE ORANGE YELLOW AFNOR 2310

## Section 15. Regulatory information

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

A. References : Not available.B. Date of issue/Date of : 1 October 2022

revision

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C. Version :

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D. Other

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

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