

SAFETY DATA SHEET

F14 MATT BASE CANIGOU RED 2584

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier: F14 MATT BASE CANIGOU RED 2584SDS code: 14722584B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Paint. Professional use Indu	ustrial use
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for exterior use.
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la R 09103 PAMIERS O France	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)
Section 2. Hazard	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4
xylene	≤6	1330-20-7
silicon dioxide	≤5	7631-86-9
4-methylpentan-2-one	≤3.5	108-10-1
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives	≤1	104810-48-2
methyl methacrylate	<1	80-62-6
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	≤0.3	4394-85-8
Polymeric Benzotriazole	≤0.3	104810-47-1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≤0.3	41556-26-7
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact		rith plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower emove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 rention.
Inhalation	is suspected that fumes a or self-contained breathin respiratory arrest occurs, may be dangerous to the Get medical attention. If place in recovery position	ir and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask and apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open hing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of
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Section 4. First aid measures

	inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe			
Eye contact	: No known significa	nt effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central dizziness.	nervous system (CNS) depression. Ma	ay cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	: May cause an aller	gic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central	nervous system (CNS) depression.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>ptoms</u>		
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weigh increase in fetal de skeletal malformati	nt aths	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms irritation redness reduced fetal weigh increase in fetal de skeletal malformati	aths	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms reduced fetal weigh increase in fetal de skeletal malformati	aths	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and spe	cial treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician		n of decomposition products in a fire, s on may need to be kept under medical	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatme	ent.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		
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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Evacuate surround entering. Do not to No flares, smoking adequate ventilatio	taken involving any personal risk or without ding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprote- buch or walk through spilled material. Shut g or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing on. Wear appropriate respirator when ventil sonal protective equipment.	cted personnel from off all ignition sources. vapor or mist. Provide
For emergency responders		ing is required to deal with the spillage, take ble and unsuitable materials. See also the i mel".	
Environmental precautions	and sewers. Infor	spilled material and runoff and contact with m the relevant authorities if the product has waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for con	ntainment and clear	ing up	
Small spill	explosion-proof ec or if water-insolubl	t risk. Move containers from spill area. Use upment. Dilute with water and mop up if w e, absorb with an inert dry material and plac . Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal o	ater-soluble. Alternatively, e in an appropriate waste
Large spill	explosion-proof ec water courses, bas plant or proceed a absorbent materia container for dispo licensed waste dis same hazard as th	t risk. Move containers from spill area. Use juipment. Approach release from upwind. F sements or confined areas. Wash spillages s follows. Contain and collect spillage with I e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaced sal according to local regulations (see Sect posal contractor. Contaminated absorbent is spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for e section 13 for waste disposal.	Prevent entry into sewers, into an effluent treatment non-combustible, bus earth and place in ion 13). Dispose of via a material may pose the
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
n-butyl acetate		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Notes: 1996 Adoption Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).	
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	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
silicon dioxide 4-methylpentan-2-one	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	 TWA: 205 mg/m² o hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivatives methyl methacrylate	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Skin sensitizer. Notes: Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. 2000 Adoption. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	None.
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Polymeric Benzotriazole	None.	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.	
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.	

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Red.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Melting point	: Not available.		
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Not available.
: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
: Not available.
: Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.94 (Air = 1)
: Not available.
: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1548 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2459 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
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	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	35500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	2624 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m ³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	LD50 Oral	Rat	6500 uL/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
silicon dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-
				mg	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity



Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-
silicon dioxide	-	3	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
methyl methacrylate	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

<u>Polential acute nearth enects</u>		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.



Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobos	a 48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
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	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 537000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hours
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.97 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.78 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9090 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	-	<1.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	-	Listed	U239
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	Listed	U161

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		111	111
Date of issue/Date of revisi	ion : 10/6/2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2022	13/15	AkzoNobel

Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.
Additional informatio	<u>n</u>			
DOT Classification		shipped in quantities le	1907.2 lbs / 865.85 kg [230.11 ga ess than the product reportable q ansportation requirements.	
IMDG			es F-E, _S-E_ <u>tion</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is L according to 2.3.2.5.	not subject to regulation in
Special precautions fo	or user	-	er's premises: always transport ir nsure that persons transporting th r spillage.	
Transport in bulk acc	ording	: Not available.		

to IMO instruments

tion 45. Demulater rinformation

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: I nited States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.	
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State regulations

Massachusetts	The following components are listed: BUTYL ACETATE; N-BUTYL ACETATE; BUTYL ACETATE; N-BUTYL ACETATE; XYLENE; DIMETHYLBENZENE; DIATOMACEOUS EARTH; AMORPHOUS SILICA; METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE; 4-METHYL- 2-PENTANONE
New York	 The following components are listed: Butyl acetate; Butyl acetate; Xylene mixed; Methyl isobutyl ketone; Hexone
New Jersey	The following components are listed: n-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; n-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE; 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-
Pennsylvania	The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER: BENZENE. DIMETHYL-: SILICA: 2-PENTANONE. 4-METHYL-

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
✓-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene toluene cumene	- Yes. -	- - Yes. -

Inventory list

Canada

: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.



Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
Category 3	tegory 1 gory 2	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History		
Date of printing	: 6 October 2022	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 6 October 2022	
Date of previous issue	: 1 October 2022	
Version	: 1.01	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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