

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001

## **Section 1. Identification**

# GHS product identifier: F69 BASE GREY BAC 707 - M9001SDS code: 21069000B

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses			
Paint. Professional use Ind	Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against		
All other uses			
Product use	: Two component coating for interior use.		
Supplier's details			
MAPAERO SAS			
10, Avenue de la 09103 PAMIERS	•		
France	Cedex		
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com		
Emergency telephone	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01		
number (with hours of	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30		

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

GHS label elements

operation)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

: Warning

:



## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

# **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Chinese name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
butan-2-ol	≥10 - ≤25	78-92-2	[1] [2]
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	≤5	61788-32-7	[1]
zinc oxide	≤3	1314-13-2	[1]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	<3	90640-67-8	[1]
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.3	77-99-6	[1]
Nama Cina	% (w/w)	Nombor CAS	Jenis
₿ek-Butanol	≥10 - ≤25	78-92-2	[1] [2]
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	≤5	61788-32-7	[1]
Zink oksida	≤3	1314-13-2	[1]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	<3	90640-67-8	[1]
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.3	77-99-6	[1]

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs. the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness



## Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: <b>F</b> case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. from the chemical In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide decomposition products carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Special protective actions : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without for fire-fighters suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained equipment for fire-fighters breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective history of skin sensitization problems which this product is used. Do not ge Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate Do not enter storage areas and confil Keep in the original container or an a material, kept tightly closed when not open flame or any other ignition source lighting and material handling) equipre precautionary measures against elect product residue and can be hazardout	should not be employed i et in eyes or on skin or clo release to the environme ate respirator when ventila ned spaces unless adequ pproved alternative made in use. Store and use av ce. Use explosion-proof e nent. Use only non-spark trostatic discharges. Emp	in any process in thing. Do not ingest. nt. Use only with ation is inadequate. ately ventilated. from a compatible vay from heat, sparks, electrical (ventilating, king tools. Take oty containers retain
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should handled, stored and processed. Wor eating, drinking and smoking. Remo equipment before entering eating are information on hygiene measures.	kers should wash hands ve contaminated clothing	and face before and protective
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.		
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
butan-2-ol		TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 567.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 187.5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 454 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering con contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or dus limits. Use explosion-proof ventilati	Use process enclosures, local exhaust trols to keep worker exposure to airborne ided or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive on equipment.
Individual protection measu		
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or certification	for exposure, select a respirator that meets the Respirators must be used according to a nsure proper fitting, training, and other important
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves an should be noted that the time to bre different for different glove manufac	ves complying with an approved standard should chemical products if a risk assessment indicates parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, e still retaining their protective properties. It eakthrough for any glove material may be sturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of time of the gloves cannot be accurately
Eye protection	assessment indicates this is necess gases or dusts. If contact is possib	approved standard should be used when a risk sary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, le, the following protection should be worn, higher degree of protection: chemical splash
Body protection	being performed and the risks invol before handling this product. Wher wear anti-static protective clothing.	he body should be selected based on the task ved and should be approved by a specialist n there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, For the greatest protection from static anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavat Appropriate techniques should be u Contaminated work clothing should	broughly after handling chemical products, before ory and at the end of the working period. sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ng. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Gray.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
	Not available.		
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Odor threshold	:
рН	: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: 🖉losed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.

2

#### Vapor pressure

	N	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		Vapor pressure at 50°C		sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
butan-2-ol	12.75	1.7				
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	0.99	0.13				
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	0.25	0.033				
propane-1,2-diol	0.15	0.02	EU A.4			
aluminium hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01				
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.056	0.0075	EU A.4			
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	0.0026	0.00035	OECD 104			
triphenyl phosphite	0.00052	0.000069	EU A.4			
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	0	0	EPA OPPTS 830.7950			
Volatile, harmless liquid, n.o.s.	0	0				
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)- N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	0	0	EU A.4			

Density

Not available.

: 🕅 511 g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

#### Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Partition coefficient: n-	Not applicable.

### octanol/water

MOL	appi	icap

:

#### Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	C°	°	F	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurize	ed heavy 280 t	o 470 53	36 to 878	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aro	m. 280 t	o 470 53	36 to 878	
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N copper	30,N31,N32 356	67	72.8	EU A.16
propane-1,2-diol	371	69	99.8	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	372	70	01.6	ASTM E 659-78
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	374	70	05.2	
butan-2-ol	377	71	10.6	
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phen	382	719.6	EU A.15		
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane		723.2 to 728.6	ASTM E 659	
triphenyl phosphite	triphenyl phosphite		>752	EU A.15	
Decomposition temperature	: Not availab	le.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 364 mm²/s (364 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 101 mm²/s (101 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]				
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	: Not applicable.				
Section 10. Stabilit	ty and re	activity			
Chemical stability	: The produ	ct is stable.			

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Mouse	12500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	240 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	7950 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Mouse	13700 mg/kg	-
<b>-</b>	LD50 Oral	Mouse	14000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain or irritation watering redness	clude the following:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may inc respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	clude the following:	
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours	
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours	
F F. J. a. J. 10 and 10 and 10 a	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours	

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	-	5200	high
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	-2.65	-	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT		
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3		
Packing group	III	Ш			
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Marine Pollutant(s): Terphenyl, hydrogenated, zinc oxide	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.		
Additional information					
<ul> <li><b>WN</b> : <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.</li> <li><b>IMDG</b> : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_</li> </ul>					
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## **Section 14. Transport information**

		<b>Viscous liquid exception</b> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5. <b>IMDG Code Segregation group</b> Not applicable
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Trenenent in bulk coording		Natavallahla

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Not applicable.

#### **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals**

Not applicable.

# **Organic solvent poisoning** : Type 2 prevention rule

Priority management chemicals, Article 2

#### Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

•	01 5		
Ingredient name		Name on list	Concentration
butan-2-ol		2-butanol	≥10 - ≤25
List of chemicals for which manufacturing or handling	: This product conta monoxide.	ains substances "Specially hazardous to health":	butan-2-ol, lead

is defined as "work specially hazardous to health"

: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUĂTÍC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method

#### <u>History</u>

Taiwan

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## Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
Indicatos information t	hat has changed from proviously issued version

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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