

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

F80 TUK

## **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/** undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: F80 TUK
SDS code	: 21080000K

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional us	se Industrial use	
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: High solid coating for interior use.	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

responsible for this SDS

National a	advisory	body/Poison	<u>Center</u>
	-	-	

Telephone number	: +358 (0)9 471977
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
Hours of operation	:

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Danger		
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes severe skin burns and eye dar May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting	C C	
Precautionary statements				
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clot from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open smoking. Avoid release to the environ	flames and other ignition sou	urces. No
Response	:	IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISO Immediately call a POISON CENTER of vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take of Rinse skin with water. Immediately ca contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical a cautiously with water for several minute easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immedia	or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do off immediately all contamina II a POISON CENTER or do F ON SKIN: Wash with plent dvice or attention. IF IN EYE es. Remove contact lenses,	NOT induce ated clothing. ctor. Wash y of water. If skin ES: Rinse if present and
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep of	ontainer tightly closed. Kee	p cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in a and international regulations.	ccordance with all local, reg	ional, national
Hazardous ingredients	:	1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane n-butyl acetate reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m-phenylenebis(methylamine) 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction		
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains epoxy constituents. May proc	luce an allergic reaction.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.		
Special packaging requirem	nen	<u>s</u>		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.		
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.		
2.3 Other hazards				
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any subs vPvB.	stances that are assessed to	be a PBT or a
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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

The mixture may be a skin sensitizer. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : M	ixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane	CAS: 30499-70-8	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6 Index: 603-074-00-8	≥10 - ≤15	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m- phenylenebis(methylamine)	REACH #: 01-2119965162-39 EC: 500-302-7 CAS: 113930-69-1	≤8.5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
butan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5 CAS: 78-92-2 Index: 603-127-00-5	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	REACH #: 01-2119514687-32 EC: 220-666-8 CAS: 2855-13-2 Index: 612-067-00-9	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
benzyl alcohol	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119456620-43 EC: 926-141-6	≤0.3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed



F80 TUK

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low-molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray, mist and vapors should be avoided.

Contains 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight  $\leq$  700), 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m-phenylenebis(methylamine), 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture						
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.					
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides					
5.3 Advice for firefighters						
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.					
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.					

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and materials for	r c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

• •	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. Industrial sector specific : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits



<b>SECTION 8: Exposur</b>	e controls/personal protection
n-butyl acetate	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 12/2019). STEL: 960 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 720 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
butan-2-ol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 12/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 230 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
benzyl alcohol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 12/2019). TWA: 45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
cyclohexanone	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 12/2019). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 82 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient na	me Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	102.34 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
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required.

reaction product: bisphenol-A-	DNEL	Short term	0.75 mg/	General	Systemic
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)		Inhalation	kg bw/day	population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.25 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12.25 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.167 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
()	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.167 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.47 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.493 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.14 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.0074 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.05 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.05 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
butan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		Long term Inhalation	52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg bw/day 212 mg/m³	General population Workers	Systemic
		Long term Inhalation	212 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
3 aminomethy		Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	DNEL DNEL	Short term Inhalation Long term	0.073 mg/ m³ 0.073 mg/	Workers Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	0.073 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.526 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Oral	0.526 mg/ kg bw/day	population	Systemic

benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		-	
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/	General	Systemic
triethylenetetramine fraction			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		<b>a</b> .	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1600 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Short term	5380 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	0	
cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Questionalis
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Chartter D.	bw/day	population	Overteend's
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	\A/orl/ara	Quata mai-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Long torm	bw/day	Goneral	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL		20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	20 mg/m	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	20 mg/m	population	Gysternic
	DNEL	Short term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	-to mg/m	population	LUCA
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	+o mg/m	WUINEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL		$10 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Workers	Systemia
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WUINEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	$80 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Workers	Local
	DINEL		80 mg/m³	VVUIKEIS	LUCAI
		Inhalation			

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation



# DNEL Short term 80 mg/m³ Workers Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Fresh water	3 µg/l	-
с с <i>,</i>	Marine water	0.3 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sediment	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m- phenylenebis(methylamine)	Fresh water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.889 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	4610000 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment Soil		Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	3.33 mg/kg dwt	Assessment Factors

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower
	explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.



## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	12/21	AkzoNobe			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1				
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following	materials: cold water.				
Density	: 1.039 g/cm <sup>3</sup>					
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 4( (Air = 1)	Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate).	Weighted average: 2.57			
Vapor pressure	: Not available.					
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.					
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.					
Evaporation rate	: Not available.					
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C					
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.					
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.					
рН	: Not available.					
Odor threshold	: Not available.					
Odor	: Characteristic.					
Color	: Colorless.					
Physical state	: Liquid.					
<u>Appearance</u>						

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 19.25 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 2.01 cm²/s

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intra-arterial	Rat	441 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	650 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	324 mg/kg	-
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e of previous issue	: No previous validation	13/21		AkzoNob

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.5 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	930 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	2170 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
<b>.</b> , ,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 Ul	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
-				mg	
cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		•	•	•

<u>Sensitization</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	:	Not available.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	:	Not available.
Reproductive toxicity		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	:	Not available.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	:	Not available.
Specific target organ toxicit	<b>y (</b> :	<u>single exposure)</u>



## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate butan-2-ol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
<u>Long term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>		
Not available.				
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Date of previous issue		: No previous validation	15/21	AkzoNobel

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
3-aminomethyl-	Acute EC50 17.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 460000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas	72 hours
		reinhardtii - Exponential growth	
		phase	
	Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 732000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	2.3 2.64 to 3.78	- 31	low low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m- phenylenebis(methylamine)	-	4.77	low
Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue	: 1-10-2022 : No previous validation	<b>Version</b> : 1 16/21	AkzoNobel

SECTION 12: Ecological information			
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	low
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low
triethylenetetramine fraction			
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low

12.4 Mobility in se	oil
Soil/water partit	ion

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

: Not available.

Mobility

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.</li> <li>If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.</li> <li>For further information, contact your local waste authority.</li> </ul>

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation		
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Disposal considerations	: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.		



## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- **Special precautions**
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

ADR/RID	: <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	
IMDG	: Emergency schedules F-E, S	S-C

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	:	Not applicable.
according to IMO		
instruments		

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### <u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### **Other EU regulations**



## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

		5
VOC	:	The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	:	Not applicable.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Not listed
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)		
Not listed.		

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

<u>Danger criteria</u>
------------------------

Category	
P5c	
Industrial use	The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.
NACE	: Not available.
UC62	: Not available.
International regulation	<u>s</u>
Chemical Weapon Conv	vention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention Not listed.	on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention Not listed.	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protoco Not listed.	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Inventory list	
Europe	: Not determined.
5.2 Chemical Safety ssessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.



## **SECTION 16: Other information**

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
	Category 3
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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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