

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

FR2-55 SEMI-GLOSS TUK GREY 7797 AIC 2.48

### **Section 1. Identification**

# GHS product identifier SDS code

: FR2-55 SEMI-GLOSS TUK GREY 7797 AIC 2.48 : 55980248K

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Waterborne coating for interior use.	
Supplier's details		
MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la 09103 PAMIERS France	•	
e-mail address	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the<br/>substance or mixture: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> </ul>

P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	<ul> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> </ul>
	P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	54839-24-6
Polyisocyanate, aliphatic	≤3	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	≤0.3	4083-64-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

enonioai iorinaia	Chemical	formula
-------------------	----------	---------

: Not applicable.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30-9-2022	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	2/10	AkzoNobel

### Section 4. First aid measures

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>otoms</u>
: No specific data.
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
: No specific data.
dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
<ul> <li>dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</li> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involv Evacuate surrounding areas. entering. Do not touch or walk No flares, smoking or flames in Provide adequate ventilation. inadequate. Put on appropriat	Keep unnecessary and unpro through spilled material. Sh n hazard area. Avoid breathi Wear appropriate respirator	otected personnel from out off all ignition sources. ng vapor or mist. when ventilation is
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30-9-2022	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	3/10	AkzoNobel

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	5/10	AkzoNobel
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30-9-2022	Version : 1	
рН	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Color	: Gray.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point	ot available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	ot available.	
Flash point	osed cup: 59°C	
Evaporation rate	ot available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	ot available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	reatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 9.8% (2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl	acetate)
Vapor pressure	ot available.	
Vapor density	ghest known value: >1 (Air = 1) (Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxi onobutyl ether). Weighted average: 1.17 (Air = 1)	rane,
Density	34 g/cm³	
Solubility(ies)	soluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	ot available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	ot available.	
Decomposition temperature	ot available.	
Viscosity	nematic (room temperature): 0.67 cm²/s nematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
SADT	: Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient n	ame	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4-isocyanatosulphonyl	toluene	LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	775 mg/kg 2234 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	100 UI 24 hours 500	-
				UI	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30-9-2022	Version :1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	6/10	AkzoNobel

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely		Not available.	
routes of exposure	•		
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological charac	<u>cteristics</u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.	
Inhalation	:	No specific data.	
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the fol irritation redness	llowing:
Ingestion	:	No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effec	<u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short a	ind long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 30-9-2022	Version :1
Date of previous issue		: No previous validation	7/10



## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Potential chronic health effects

#### Not available.

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

Not available.

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.76	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E, \_S-E\_

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and<br/>environmental regulations<br/>specific for the product: SS586: Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and<br/>dangerous goods.

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 31 October 2022
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 30 September 2022
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
Procedure used to derive t	ha classification

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30-9-2022	Version :1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	9/10	AkzoNobel

## Section 16. Other information

Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 Justification

On basis of test data Calculation method

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

