

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE BLUE METAL 338E2/5104

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product name SDS code : FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE BLUE METAL 338E2/5104 : 40925104B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Paint. Professional us	e Industrial use	
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior use.	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098 09103 PAMIERS Cedex France e-mail address of person : PSRA PAMIERS@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

responsible for this SDS

National advisory body/Po	<u>oison Center</u>
Telephone number	: +33 (0)1 40 05 48 48
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30
Hours of operation	:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	1/21	AkzoNobel

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2

2.2 Lab	el elements
---------	-------------

Hazard pictograms



		• • •
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	n-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene 4-methylpentan-2-one
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains methyl methacrylate and 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.
Date of issue/Date of revision		• 1-10-2022 Version • 1



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

				-
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-588-0	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
4-methylpentan-2-one	EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119486659-16 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	EC: 224-518-3 CAS: 4394-85-8	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
cumene	REACH #: 01-2119473983-24 EC: 202-704-5 CAS: 98-82-8 Index: 601-024-00-X	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version :		•
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	3/21	Akzo	Nobe

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

See Section 16 for the full text of the H
statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	4/21



SECTION 4: First aid measures

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains methyl methacrylate, 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

	5
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures					
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.				

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pr	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	 If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materials for	or containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	obtain special instructions have been read and under breathe vapor or mist. Do appropriate respirator whe and confined spaces unles an approved alternative ma not in use. Store and use source. Use explosion-pro equipment. Use only non-	al protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions stood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear n ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas as adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or ade from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition bof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against impty containers retain product residue and can be container.
Date of issue/Date of revision	• 1-10-2022	Version 1



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient r	iame	Exposure limit value	S			
n-butyl acetate	valı ST ST TV	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Indicative limit values (circular) STEL: 940 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		 Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Labour Act , Art 4412-149 (Regulatory binding exposure limits) STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. 				
						4-methylpentan-2-one
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version :1				
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	7/21	AkzoNobel			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 83 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom	•
	values (circular)
	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour
methyl methacrylate	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory
	limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
	STEL: 410 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
cyclohexanone	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Notes: Binding regulatory
-,	limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
	STEL: 81.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 40.8 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
cumene	Ministry of Labor (France, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	STEL: 250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA. 20 ppm o hours. Form. Risk for sensitisation
procedures atmosp of the v protect the follo the ass limit va atmosp	broduct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace observe or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ive equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as owing: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for sessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with lues and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace observes - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment osure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482
(Workp for the	place atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance ents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient nar	ne Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
te of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022		Version	:1	
te of previous issue	: No previous va	alidation	8/21		AkzoNobe

DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	bw/day 4.2 mg/kg bw/day 11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	population General population Workers General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	4.2 mg/kg bw/day 11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Local Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Oral Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	289 mg/m ³ 4.2 mg/kg bw/day 4.2 mg/kg bw/day 11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	Workers General population General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	4.2 mg/kg bw/day 4.2 mg/kg bw/day 11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	General population General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	bw/day 4.2 mg/kg bw/day 11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	population General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	4.2 mg/kg bw/day 11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	General population Workers General population General population	Systemic Local Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	11.8 mg/ kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	Workers General population General population	Local Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	14.7 mg/m ³ 14.7 mg/m ³ 83 mg/m ³	population General population	Systemic
DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	83 mg/m ³	General population	
DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term	-		
	Long term			
DNEL		83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
1	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m³ 155.2 mg/	population General	Systemic
DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m ³ 208 mg/m ³	population Workers	Local
DNEL	Inhalation Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL		8.2 ma/ka	General	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 13.67 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	Long term	kg bw/day 74.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	_	population	
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	104 mg/m³	General population	Local
DNEL	Long term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Oral	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	14 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term	bw/day 29 mg/m³	General	Systemic
DNEL		98 ma/m³		Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	DNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELLong term DermalDNELLong term DermalDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term OralDNELLong term DermalDNELLong term DermalDNELLong term DermalDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term Inhalation	DNELShort term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELShort term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELShort term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELLong term Dermal8.2 mg/kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal13.67 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal13.67 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Inhalation74.3 mg/m³DNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³DNELLong term Oral8 mg/kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal8 mg/kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal14 mg/kg bw/dayDNELLong term Inhalation29 mg/m³DNELLong term Inhalation98 mg/m³	DNELShort term Inhalation208 mg/m³WorkersDNELShort term Inhalation208 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Dermal8.2 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Dermal13.67 mg/ kg bw/dayWorkersDNELLong term Dermal13.67 mg/ kg bw/dayWorkersDNELLong term Inhalation74.3 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Inhalation104 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation208 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation8 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Dermal8 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Dermal14 mg/kg bw/dayWorkersDNELLong term Inhalation29 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Inhalation98 mg/m³Workers

cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Charttern Darmal	bw/day	population	Curata maia
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	20 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	20 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	10 ma ar/ma 3	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	40 mg/m		Local
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	1.0		0
cumene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 5 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DINEL		bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	15.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		Cystoniio
	DNEL	Long term	16.6 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<u></u>	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation			-
	DNEL	Short term	250 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



SECTION 8: Exposu	re controls/personal protection
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness \geq 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness \geq 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Blue.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version :1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	11/21	AkzoNobe

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.01 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.006 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 9.94 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 1.01 cm²/s

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene				
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
e of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Versior	n :1	
e of previous issue	: No previous validation	12/21		AkzoNobe

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE BLUE METAL 338E2/5104

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
petroleum), light arom.				
nethyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	18500 mg/m ³	2 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	945 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1328 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3625 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	5954 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	5954 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7088 mg/kg	-
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	LD50 Oral	Rat	6500 uL/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	930 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1540 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1130 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 uL/kg	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	2170 mg/kg	
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	15300 mg/m ³	2 hours
Jumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	10 g/m ³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	10000 mg/m ³	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
			12300 uL/kg	4 110015
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit		-
		Mouse	12750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat	2.9 g/kg	-
	ILDOU UIAI	Rat	1400 mg/kg	1-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Vers	sion :1		
ate of previous issue	: No previous validation	13/2	1		AkzoNobel

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 FRS-40 SEMI-GLOSS BASE BLUE METAL 338E2/5104

SECTION 11: Toxicological information					
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 UI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 UI	-
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-
cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 86 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent näphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Teratogenicity



Product/ingredient name Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		Result
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irr	itation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central ner dizziness.	vous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central ner	vous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the ph	iysical, chemical and toxic	cological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness	ay include the following:
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms ma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	ay include the following:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness	ay include the following:
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic effec	cts from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure	: Not available.	
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential immediate		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health ef</u> Not available.	: Not available. ffects	
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health ef</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary	: Not available. ffects : Not available.	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health ef</u> Not available.	 Not available. <u>ifects</u> Not available. May cause damage to Suspected of causing 	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health ef</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary General	 Not available. Iffects Not available. May cause damage to Suspected of causing exposure. 	
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health ef</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity	 Not available. Ifects Not available. May cause damage to Suspected of causing exposure. No known significant e 	cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of



SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 159100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales prometas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 732000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales prometas	96 hours
cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 7.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 11.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 20.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 20.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6320 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5100 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours 96 hours
te of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version :1	<u> </u>
to of provious issue	No previous validation		kzoNob

: No previous validation

Date of previous issue



SECTION 12: Ecological information Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene and xylene			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
Naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
hydrotreated heavy			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light arom.			
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	-	<1.9	low
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>		
Methods of disposal	Disposal of with the re and any re recyclable disposed of	ration of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply equirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation egional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of ties with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	The classi	fication of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	Dispose o If this proc longer app	by to enter drains or watercourses. f according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. duct is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no oly and the appropriate code should be assigned. r information, contact your local waste authority.
E		

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	17/21	AkzoNobel

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

		ADR/RID	IMDG		ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT		PAINT	PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3	
14.4 Packing group			111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	
Additional informati	<u>on</u>				
ADR/RID IMDG		packagings up to 4 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E : <u>Emergency scheo</u> <u>Viscous liquid ex</u>	,	.5.1.	
14.6 Special precauti user	ions for		user's premises: always e. Ensure that persons tra cident or spillage.		
14.7 Transport in bul according to IMO instruments	lk	: Not applicable.			
	ion	. 1 10 0000			
Date of issue/Date of revisi	ion	: 1-10-2022	Versi	i on : 1	AkzoNobel

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

EU Regulation (EC) No. 190 Annex XIV - List of substa	inces subject to authorization
Annex XIV	
None of the components a	ire listed.
Substances of very high	
None of the components a	ire listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Ozone depleting substand	<u>ces (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (F	PIC) (649/2012/FU)
Not listed.	
Seveso Directive This product is controlled ur	ader the Severa Directive
Danger criteria	
Category	
P5c	

Industrial use	own assessment of workplace	his safety data sheet does not co risks, as required by other health he national health and safety at w ork.	h and safety
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: n-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzen 4-methylpentan-2-one Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotre Solvent naphtha (petroleum), methyl methacrylate cyclohexanone cumene	RG 84 eated heavy 84	s, RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Decree n ° 2012-135 of Janua occupational medicine: not ap	ary 30, 2012 relating to the organi plicable	zation of
International regulations			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	19/21	AkzoNobel

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Chemical Weapon Conve Not listed.	ention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention of Not listed.	on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention o Not listed.	n Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol Not listed.	on POPs and Heavy Metals
<u>Inventory list</u> Europe	: Not determined.
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	······································

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225 H226		flammable liquid and vapor. able liquid and vapor.	
H304		e fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H312		ul in contact with skin.	
H315	Cause	s skin irritation.	
H317	May ca	ause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Cause	s serious eye irritation.	
H332		ul if inhaled.	
H335		ause respiratory irritation.	
H336	,	ause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H351		cted of causing cancer.	
H373	exposi	ause damage to organs through prolongoure.	ed or repeated
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1-10-2022	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	20/21	AkzoNobel

SECTION 16: Other information				
H411 H412 EUH066		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]				
Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3		
Date of printing	: 3 October 2022			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1 October 2022			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation			
Version	: 1			
Unique ID	:			
Notice to reader				

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

