

SAFETY DATA SHEET

P60-A BASE PALE GREEN RAL 6021

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code : P60-A BASE PALE GREEN RAL 6021 : 21060500B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
✔rofessional use Industrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Two component coating for interior use.	
Supplier's details MAPAERO SAS 10, Avenue de la F 09103 PAMIERS (France		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30	
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification	
OSHA/HCS status Classification of the substance or mixture	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 	

GHS label elements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name		%	CAS number
<mark>b∕</mark> utan-2-ol		≥25 - ≤50	78-92-2
strontium chromate		≥10 - ≤20	7789-06-2
titanium dioxide		≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	≤10	14807-96-6
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, tri	ethylenetetramine fraction	<3	90640-67-8
Chlorite-group minerals		≤3	1318-59-8
barium chromate		<1	10294-40-3
carbon black, respirable powe	ler	≤0.3	1333-86-4
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10 μ m		≤0.3	14808-60-7
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	<u>5</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	oms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment

Specific treatments	. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is
	suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or
	self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to
	give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water
	before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ ,	water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		apor. Runoff to sewer may create fire c ure increase will occur and the contain on.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	may include the following materials:	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action	ne by removing all persons from the vie a shall be taken involving any personal rs from fire area if this can be done wit ed containers cool.	risk or without suitable
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
øutan-2-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 303 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). STEL: 455 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 305 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 450 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 305 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
strontium chromate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes measured as Cr TWA: 0.0005 mg/m ³ , (measured as Cr) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO3)] Notes: as CrO3 CEIL: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as CrO3) OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). [Chromic acid and chromates] CEIL: 1 mg/10m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Chromium (VI) compounds] TWA: 0.005 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [chromic acid and chromates] TWA: 0.0002 mg/m ³ , () 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction Chlorite-group minerals barium chromate	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [inorganic chromium VI compounds] TWA: 0.0002 mg/m ³ , (measured as Cr) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

carbon black, respirable powder		minutes. Form: In OSHA PEL Z2 (([Chromic acid a CEIL: 1 mg/10m OSHA PEL (Unit [Chromium (VI)) TWA: 0.005 mg NIOSH REL (Unit [chromic acid a TWA: 0.0002 mt OSHA PEL 1989 [Chromic acid a Notes: as CrO3 CEIL: 0.1 mg/mt ACGIH TLV (Unit Substance iden suspected or co 1996 Adoption If Carcinogens. TWA: 3 mg/m ³ fraction NIOSH REL (Unit Notes: See App Occupational C Supplemental E TWA: 3.5 mg/mt NIOSH REL (Unit Notes: Carbon I polycyclic aromt See Appendix A Occupational C Supplemental E TWA: 0.1 mg of OSHA PEL 1989	Jnited States, 2/2013). Ind chromates] n ³ ted States, 5/2018). compounds] j/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. ited States, 10/2020). Ind chromates] ng/m ³ , () 8 hours. 0 (United States, 3/1989). Ind chromates (as CrO3)] n ³ , (as CrO3) ited States, 1/2022). Notes: tified by other sources as a onfirmed human carcinogen. Refers to Appendix A 8 hours. Form: Inhalable ited States, 10/2020). endix A - NIOSH Potential arcinogen See Appendix C - ixposure Limits 1 ³ 10 hours. ited States, 10/2020). olack in presence of hatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) A - NIOSH Potential arcinogen See Appendix C - ixposure Limits f PAHs/cm ³ 10 hours. ted States, 5/2018). 1 ³ 8 hours. 0 (United States, 3/1989).
Crystalline Silica, respirable part	in whole product, <10µm	TWA: 250 mpp Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m Respirable OSHA PEL (Unit crystalline] TWA: 50 µg/m ³ dust OSHA PEL 1989 Notes: as quart TWA: 0.1 mg/m Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (Un crystalline] Not Appendix C, par TWA: 0.025 mg Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (Un	Jnited States, 6/2016). cf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: a / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: ted States, 5/2018). [Silica, 8 hours. Form: Respirable 9 (United States, 3/1989). z a, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: ited States, 1/2022). [Silica, res: Respirable fraction; see ragraph C. g/m ³ 8 hours. Form: on ited States, 10/2020). CALLINE] Notes: See OSH Potential
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering cont	e ventilation. Use process enclosures rols to keep worker exposure to airbo itory limits. The engineering controls	orne contaminants below any
		ations below any lower explosive limi	
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the re cases, fume scrubbers	ation or work process equipment shou equirements of environmental protecti s, filters or engineering modifications to duce emissions to acceptable levels.	ion legislation. In some
Individual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing	s and face thoroughly after handling c sing the lavatory and at the end of the s should be used to remove potentiall othing should not be allowed out of the before reusing. Ensure that eyewash he workstation location.	working period. y contaminated clothing. e workplace. Wash
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con	ying with an approved standard shoul this is necessary to avoid exposure to tact is possible, the following protectio tes a higher degree of protection: ch	o liquid splashes, mists, on should be worn, unless
Skin protection			
Hand protection	worn at all times when necessary. Considerir during use that the glo noted that the time to b glove manufacturers.	pervious gloves complying with an ap handling chemical products if a risk a ng the parameters specified by the glo ves are still retaining their protective p preakthrough for any glove material m In the case of mixtures, consisting of gloves cannot be accurately estimated	assessment indicates this is bye manufacturer, check properties. It should be hay be different for different several substances, the
Body protection	performed and the risk handling this product. static protective clothir	uipment for the body should be selects involved and should be approved b When there is a risk of ignition from s ng. For the greatest protection from s tic overalls, boots and gloves.	y a specialist before static electricity, wear anti-
Other skin protection		and any additional skin protection mea ng performed and the risks involved a ing this product.	
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard o	and potential for exposure, select a re- pr certification. Respirators must be u program to ensure proper fitting, traini	ised according to a
		ask and the minimum required protect re described in the paragraph "Exposi	
Exposure Scenario	: Relevant Information f	rom Exposure Scenario:	
information	The following Operation respected:	nal Conditions and Risk Managemen	t Measures are to be
		d/or mixing of the product, loading of , cleaning and/or maintenance of app	
	Wear chemical resist	ant gloves with a minimum protection	a factor of 90%
	During manual sprayin	g of the product:	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Duration of treatment/exposure : maximum 6h/shift
- Use of a walk-in spray booth with negative pressure

• A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 1000 or higher must be used, the Work Related Protection factor (WPF) has to be verified to exceed 1000 for each worker whichever RPD is used.

• Use Chemical Resistant Gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with intensive management supervision controls and training (efficacy 99%)

During manual stripping of coatings with abrasive techniques (e.g. sanding, deburring) and dust removal (cleaning of sanding/deburring area):

- Duration of treatment/exposure maximum 0.25h/shift
- Integrated LEV, humidity used to reduce dust (efficacy assumed to be 70%)
- A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 40 or higher is used

During waste management of stripped paint or sealant:

- Duration of treatment/exposure max 1 hour/shift
- LEV with an efficiency of 78% or higher plus vacuum cleaner (efficiency 80% or higher)
- A Respiratory Protection Device (RPD) with APF 40 or higher is used

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Green.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:

	Vapor Pressu		ure at 20°C	۱	Vapor pressure at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
butan-2-ol	12.75	1.7				
butan-1-ol	<7.5	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
aluminium hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01				
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	0.0026	0.00035	OECD 104			
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)- N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	0	0	EU A.4			

Relative vapor density Density

: Not available.

: 1.534 g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

2

2

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
8,18-dichloro-5,15-diethyl-5,15-dihydrodiindolo[3,2-b: 3',2'-m]triphenodioxazine	250	482	
butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	356	672.8	EU A.16
butan-2-ol	377	710.6	

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 101 mm²/s (101 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Particle characteristics Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1067 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	771 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	277 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	764 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4893 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4890 mg/kg	-
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	LD50 Oral	Rat	2193 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
strontium chromate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.27 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Intratracheal	Rat	16.6 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3118 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
powder				

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
strontium chromate	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
Talc , not containing	-	3	-
asbestiform fibres			
barium chromate	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
carbon black, respirable	-	2B	-
powder			
Crystalline Silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
part in whole product, <10µm			

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-2-ol strontium chromate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract
			irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Farium chromate	Category 1		kidneys, respiratory tract
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10 μ m	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health effect	<u>IS</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious ey	e irritation.	
Inhalation	drowsiness or dizz	Can cause central nervous system (CNS iness. May cause respiratory irritation. M thing difficulties if inhaled.	· · ·
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritati	on. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowe	ed. Can cause central nervous system (C	NS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	ysical, chemical and te	oxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms pain or irritation watering redness	s may include the following:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms respiratory tract irri coughing wheezing and brea asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weigl increase in fetal de skeletal malformat	athing difficulties	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms irritation redness reduced fetal weigl increase in fetal de skeletal malformat	eaths	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms reduced fetal weigl increase in fetal de skeletal malformat	eaths	
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	<u>cts and also chronic e</u>	ffects from short and long term exposu	<u>ıre</u>
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Potential chronic health eff Not available.	<u>iects</u>		
General	: Once sensitized, a very low levels.	severe allergic reaction may occur when	subsequently exposed to
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer	. Risk of cancer depends on duration and	level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic	·	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
2/21060500B-GRN_SBPR_P60 strontium chromate Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine	1762.4 500 500	30926.4 N/A 1100	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	1 0.27 N/A
fraction barium chromate	100	300	N/A	N/A	0.05

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity		1	
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-2-ol Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	0.61 -2.65	-	low low

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Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3
Packing group Environmental hazards	Ш Мо.	III Marine Pollutant(s): strontium chromate	III Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

DOT Classification	: Reportable quantity 47.07 lbs / 21.37 kg [3.6801 gal / 13.931 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
IMDG	 Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5. <u>IMDG Code Segregation group</u> Not applicable
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b):	All components are active or exempted.	
	(

State	regu	lations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: SEC-BUTYL ALCOHOL; STRONTIUM CHROMATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TALC
New York	: The following components are listed: Strontium chromate
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: sec-BUTYL ALCOHOL; STRONTIUM CHROMATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TALC (NOT CONTAINING ASBESTOS FIBERS); BARIUM CHROMATE; CARBON BLACK; SILICA, QUARTZ
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: 2-BUTANOL; CHROMIC ACID (H2CRO4), STRONTIUM SALT (1:1); TITANIUM OXIDE; TALC

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
strontium chromate	Yes.	Yes.	Cancer, Developmental, Reproductive female, Reproductive male
titanium dioxide	-	-	Cancer
barium chromate	Yes.	Yes.	Cancer, Developmental, Reproductive female, Reproductive male
carbon black, respirable powder	-	-	Cancer
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10µm	-	-	Cancer

Inventory list

Canada

: At least one component is not listed.



Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	

<u>History</u>

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Date of printing	: 8 March 2023
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 8 March 2023
Date of previous issue	: 7 December 2022
Version	: 5
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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Date of previous issue	: 12/7/2022	16/16	AkzoNobel